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USER MANUAL

Development Kit EFM32-G2XX-DK

A large, stylized circular graphic on the right side of the page. It consists of five concentric rings. The outermost ring is dark blue, followed by light blue, lime green, medium green, and a thin innermost ring. The numbers "0", "1", "2", "3", and "4" are positioned at regular intervals along the outer edge of the lime green ring.

0 1 2 3 4

Feature rich development platform for evaluation, prototyping and application development for the EFM32 Gecko MCU family with the ARM Cortex-M3 CPU core.

Main features:

- Advanced Energy Monitoring provides real-time visibility into the energy consumption of an application or prototype design.
- Exchangeable prototyping board for custom application development
- On-board emulator with debug out functionality

1 Introduction

1.1 Features

- Advanced Energy Monitoring system for precise current tracking.
- Special hardware configuration for isolation of the MCU power domain.
- Replaceable prototyping board for quick custom application development.
- Full feature USB debugger / emulator with debug out functionality.
- 3.5-inch TFT-LCD 320x240 pixel RGB color display.
- Board Controller for board configuration / signal routing.
- Single ended and differential ADC inputs.
- Line-in stereo audio input amplifier.
- Line-out stereo audio output amplifier.
- 2 RS232 connectors.
- 3-axis accelerometer.
- SPI Flash and microSD card reader (SPI mode).
- EEPROM.
- Temperature sensor.
- IrDA transceiver.
- 256Kx16bit / 512KB parallel bus SRAM.
- 2Mx16 / 4MB parallel bus NOR Flash.
- Ambient light sensor and potmeter.
- 5 way joystick.
- 4 User buttons, 8-bit DIP switch and 16 user LEDs.

1.2 Board Configuration

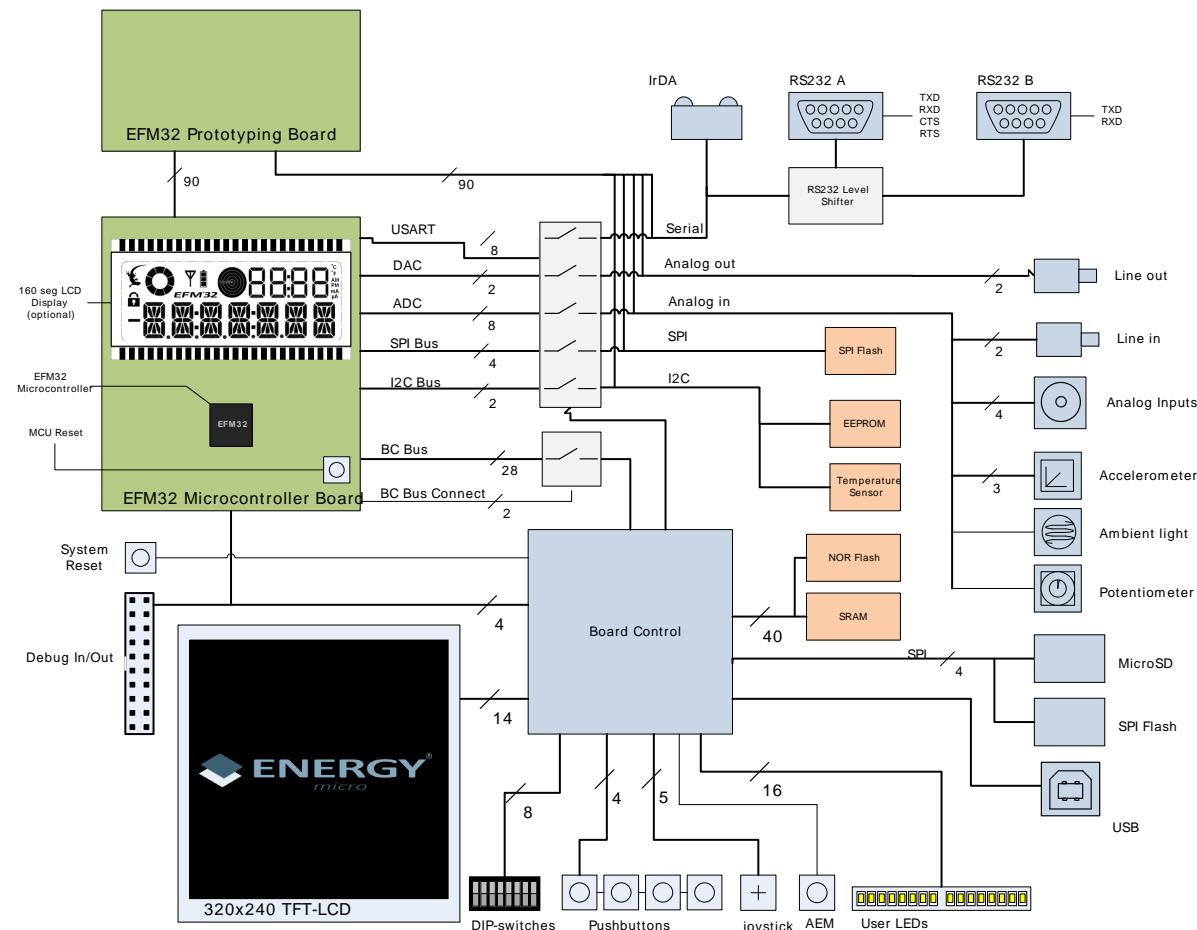
The EFM32-G2XX-DK is a highly flexible development kit. It offers many features and peripherals to the EFM32 through jumperless configuration. The different features on the kit are available as configured in the motherboard's Board Controller. Configuration is easily done by a simple API in the kit Board Support Package.

If none of the motherboard features are needed, configuration of the Board Controller is not necessary. All EFM32 GPIO pins are available on the prototyping board.

2 Kit Block Diagram

An overview of the Kit is shown in the block diagram below.

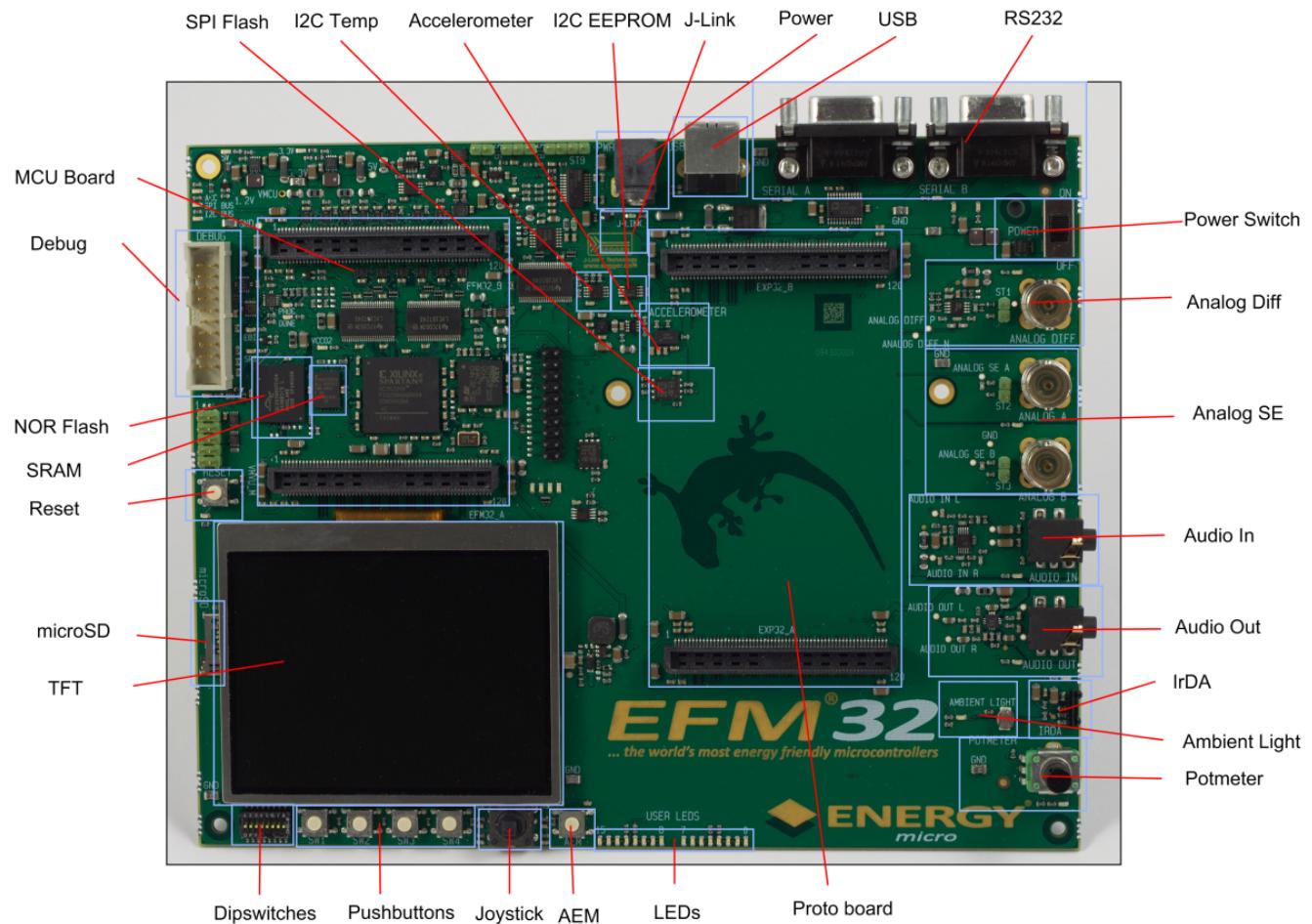
Figure 2.1. EFM32-G2XX-DK Block Diagram



3 Mainboard hardware layout

The layout of the EFM32-G2XX-DK mainboard is shown below.

Figure 3.1. EFM32-G2XX-DK hardware layout



4 Power supply

4.1 USB

The EFM32-G2XX-DK can get it's power from the standard USB 2.0 Type B port located on the motherboard. The USB hub the kit is connected to needs to be able to deliver 500 mA (5 unit loads).

4.2 External power supply

By using the DC jack plug located on the motherboard, the EFM32-G2XX-DK can be powered by an external power supply. The voltage must be 5V and the supply must be able to deliver 500mA.

The power jack dimensions should be a standard 5.5 mm outer diameter and 2.1 mm inner diameter. The tip is 5V and the sleeve is GND.

5 Reset infrastructure

5.1 MCU

The primary user reset for the MCU is the reset button on the MCU board. This will only reset the MCU. It can also be reset using the board controller, by writing to the RESET_MCU bit in the RESET register. Finally, it can be reset by debuggers.

5.2 Board controller

The board controller can be reset by pushing the reset button on the main board.

6 Peripherals

The development kit has a rich set of user programmable peripherals that allows most of the EFM32G on-chip peripherals to be evaluated and tested.

The registers referred to in this chapter are accessible using the kit Board Support Package. Refer to the BSP chapter in this manual to learn how to enable the motherboard peripherals. A reference to all the registers and their function is in the Board Controller chapter.

6.1 Pushbuttons

The state of the pushbuttons marked SW1 to SW4 can be read from the board controller, using the PUSHBUTTON register. The buttons are debounced by RC filters with a time constant of 1ms.

6.2 DIP switches

The dipswitch positions can be read from the board controller, using the DIPSWITCH register. The switches are not debounced.

6.3 Joystick

The joystick position can be read from the board controller, using the JOYSTICK register. The positions are debounced by RC filters with a time constant of 1ms.

6.4 LEDs

The user LEDs can be set by the board controller by writing to the LED register. The state of the LEDs can also be read back.

6.5 Differential analog input

This BNC input signal is converted to a differential signal by a differential operational amplifier using ground as reference. The op amp output common mode voltage is 1.65V, and also implements a low-pass active filter with a 3dB cutoff frequency of 4MHz.

The common mode voltage can be changed by adjusting the R5 and R12 resistors. It can also be controlled by the VCM pin on the EFM if a shunt resistor is soldered in place of R252 and R5 and R12 are removed.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the ANALOG_DIFF bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.6 Single ended analog inputs

This peripheral connects the two BNCs to the ADC on the EFM, and can be used as a single ended analog interface. It can also be used for digital I/O.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the ANALOG_SE bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.7 Line in / Audio in

This is an audio input amplifier with filter, and the output connects to the ADC of the EFM. The gain of the amplifier is 0 dB and the bias point is 1.65 V. The filter is a 3-pole linear phase MFB filter with a cutoff frequency of 20 kHz. In addition to the input amplifier and filter, the line in is equipped with a voltage divider resulting in 6dB attenuation.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the AUDIO_IN bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.8 Line Out / Audio out

This is an audio output amplifier with filter, and the input connects to the DAC of the EFM. The gain of the amplifier is 6 dB and is referenced to ground. The filter is a 3-pole linear phase MFB filter with a cutoff frequency (at -3 dB) is at 27 kHz.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the AUDIO_OUT bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.9 RS232

There are two RS232 connectors on the board which connects to the USART and LEUART of the EFM. The RS232 driver runs at 3.3 V and it is recommended that the MCU voltage is 3.3 V as well. Unpredicted behavior can occur if the MCU voltage is much lower than 3.3V and the RS232 driver is enabled.

The two RS232 drivers can be connected to the EFM individually by setting the RS232_A and RS232_B bits in the PERCTRL register in the board controller. The RS232_SHUTDOWN bit must also be cleared.

Note

When none of the RS232 drivers are in use, it is highly recommended that the driver is shut down by setting the RS232_SHUTDOWN bit in the PERCTRL register.

6.10 Accelerometer

This is a 3-axis accelerometer that connects to the ADC of the EFM. It outputs voltages proportional to the g-forces for each axis. There are two settings for the range. If ACCEL_GSEL in the PERCTRL register is cleared, the range is from 0 to 1.5 g, and when the bit is set the range is from 0 to 6 g.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the ACCEL bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.11 IrDA

This is a 115.2 kBit/s (SIR) IrDA transceiver with a range of up to 70 cm, and connects to the USART of the EFM.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the IRDA bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.12 Potmeter

This is a potmeter pulled to 3.3 V by a 10k resistor, and it is connected to the ADC of the EFM. Using the potmeter the output of this peripheral can be adjusted from 0 V to 3 V.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the POTMETER bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.13 Ambient light sensor

This is an LDR in series with a 10k resistor, and it is connected to the ADC of the EFM. The output voltage of the sensor ranges from 0.1 V to 2 V, increasing with the amount of light.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the AMBIENT bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.14 I²C EEPROM

The 2 KB I²C EEPROM is connected to the I²C module of the EFM. The maximum bus speed is 400 kHz and the address is 0xA0.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the I2C bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.15 I²C Temperature sensor

The I²C temperature sensor is connected to the I²C module of the EFM. Temperature range of the sensor is -55 °C to +125 °C. The maximum bus speed is 400 kHz and the address is 0x90.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the I2C bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set.

6.16 SPI Flash

A 16 MBit SPI flash is connected to the SPI module of the EFM.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the SPI bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set. To route the chip select correctly, the FLASH bit in the BC_SPI_CFG register in the board controller must also be set.

6.17 microSD

A microSD slot is connected to the SPI module of the EFM.

The peripheral is connected directly to the EFM when the SPI bit in the PERCTRL register in the board controller has been set. To route the chip select correctly, the MICROSD bit in the BC_SPI_CFG register in the board controller must also be set.

6.18 TFT LCD

The TFT LCD can be accessed from the EFM through the board controller. The interface can be configured to be either 9 bit or 16 bit. This selection is done by setting the 16BIT bit in the DISPLAY_CTRL register in the board controller. It is also possible to use the SPI interface, but then the R112 resistor must be moved over to the position of R112.

Note

16 bit or SPI interface options are currently not supported by the board controller.

6.19 SRAM

The 512 KB SRAM can be accessed from the EFM through the board controller. The data width is either 8 or 16 bit, depending on the access method.

6.20 NOR Flash

The 4 MB NOR Flash can be accessed from the EFM through the board controller. The data width is either 8 or 16 bit, depending on the access method.

7 Board Support Package

The Board Support Package (BSP) is a set of C source and header files that enables easy access to, and control over board specific features and peripherals.

The package defines an API for direct access to the board controller registers, as well as regular function calls for the most frequently used features.

7.1 Installation location

When installing the complete software package for the kit, the BSP will be installed under the main installation directory, typically in a location such as

C:\Program Files\Energy Micro\boards\EFM32_Gxxx_DK\bsp\

or something similar. All files in the board support package is prefixed by dvk.

7.2 Resource usage

The BSP can be configured to use 1 of 2 access methods

- SPI - USART2 Serial Peripheral Interface
- EBI - External Bus Interface

SPI and EBI have different requirements regarding pin usage, see table below:

Table 7.1. GPIO Usage

GPIO Port	SPI Pins	EBI Pins
A		0-6, 15
B		
C	2-5,13	12
D		
E		8-15
F		2-5

The advantage of EBI over SPI, is that EBI access is a fast, directly memory mapped register access, while SPI will add a synchronous two way transfer over a slower SPI interface. The disadvantage of EBI is that it will consume a lot more I/O pins than SPI. The DVK will by default be configured to use SPI, to enable EBI a small SPI initialization routine needs to be called once (per restart of the entire kit, not per restart of the EFM32).

For DK part number EFM32_G8xx_DK with LCD controller, SPI is the only option as EBI and LCD cannot be combined.

You must take care in not using these pins for other purposes after initialization of the BSP, as conflicts and unpredictable behavior will result. You can disable the DVK interfaces after you have set your configuration.

7.3 Application Programming Interface

To use the BSP, include the Development Kit header file, like this:

```
#include "dvk.h"
```

Depending on the part number defined in your project as a build option, the DVK will default to the most common access method for your MCU module according to part number. If you need to override the default board control access method, you can define the access method by overriding the default with DVK_SPI_CONTROL or DVK_EBI_CONTROL defines, such as

```
#define DVK_SPI_CONTROL  
#include "dvk.h"
```

All functions in the BSP are prefixed with DVK_. The main initialization routine is defined as

```
void DVK_init(void);
```

and must be called before any access to the DVK-functions. To disable the BSP, call

```
void DVK_disable(void);
```

You can access all registers with the generic functions

```
void DVK_writeRegister(volatile uint16_t *addr, uint16_t data);  
uint16_t DVK_readRegister(volatile uint16_t *addr);
```

Usable addresses for these functions, including bit fields are defined in the header file

```
dvk_bcregisters.h
```

The functions

```
void DVK_enablePeripheral( DVKPeripheral peri );  
void DVK_disablePeripheral( DVKPeripheral peri );
```

can be used to toggle access/peripheral switches to all peripherals on the DVK. See the "peripheral" example application for usage.

In addition to these main functions, full documentation of the complete API is included in the Doxygen/HTML documentation of the installed package.

7.4 Example Applications

There are a number of example applications to illustrate the usage of the DVK API. You will find these with their corresponding IAR Embedded Workbench and Keil MDK-ARM project files under

```
C:\Program Files\Energy Micro\boards\EFM32_Gxxx_DK\examples\
```

The examples include, among others

- blink - Simple application using the DVK and its LED control API
- peripherals - Toggles peripherals on and off, indicated by LEDs on the board
- joystick - Use DVK LED, joystick and interrupt APIs for indicating DVK joystick movement

The example files above have been configured to be built for both the EFM32_G2xx_DK and EFM32_G8xx_DK kits, with the EFM32G290F128 and EFM32G890F128 part numbers. Select the project that matches your setup to ensure correct operation.

7.5 How to include in your own applications

The easiest way to include the BSP in your application is to base your work on one of the example applications, for instance the easy "blink" demonstration. The following items are recommended for correct configuration:

1. Make sure you define the correct part number (e.g. EFM32G290F128) as a preprocessor defined symbol
2. Make sure you define the correct part number (e.g. EFM32G290F128) for your IAR EWARM / Keil MDK-ARM project
3. Add and include the EFM32_CMSIS-files (startup_efm32.s, system_efm32.c, core_cm3.c) to your project
4. Add and include _all_ BSP package .c-files, with the dvk-prefix to your project
5. Configure include paths to point at the CMSIS/CM3/CoreSupport and CMSIS/CM3/DeviceSupport/ EnergyMicro/EFM32 directories
6. Configure include paths to point to the dvk/bsp directory

Make sure you call "DVK_init()" early at startup, and you should be all set.

7.6 Chip errata

Early versions of the development kit are shipped with EFM32 Engineering Samples on the MCU modules. There has been updates to configuration and reset values that needs to be configured correctly on these early parts. We recommend always starting your application with a call to

```
#include "efm32_chip.h"  
CHIP_Init();
```

to ensure correct and stable behavior. This function is found in EFM32_CMSIS (version 1.3.0 or later). See the BSP examples for details. We recommend also to download and read the latest errata from the Energy Micro website for your part number.

8 Configuration

Some parameters can be configured using the GUI. The other parameters, such as peripheral control, can be controlled by software. See the Board Controller chapter for details.

8.1 MCU voltage

The MCU voltage can be set by entering the CFG page from the main page. Use the joystick to navigate to VMCU and set your desired voltage by moving the joystick sideways. The measured VMCU can be read at the bottom of this screen. Push Save to store your settings.

8.2 Debug settings

The debug routing can be set by entering the CFG page from the main page. Use the joystick to navigate to Debug Control and set your desired mode by moving the joystick sideways. Push Save to store your settings.

See the debug chapter to read more about the different modes.

8.3 Peripheral configuration

The peripheral configuration can be set by entering the CFG page from the main page and then entering the Peri page. All peripherals connected to the EFM can be en- or disabled individually using the list displayed in the GUI.

8.4 Program MCU

To program the MCU with files uploaded to the flash, enter the Flash page from the main page. The list of available binaries are shown, and one of them can be selected by using the joystick. When the desired binary has been selected, push Flash to program the MCU. While programming, a new page shows with a progress bar. A status message appears when the programming is finished.

Note

The debug mode has to be set to MCU for this to work.

8.5 Upload files

To upload files, Gecko Commander must be used. This is an executable that can be found in the install location, typically:

```
C:\Program Files\Energy Micro\EFM32 Kit Package\GeckoCmd\Gecko.exe
```

After launching the program, execute this command in Gecko Commander:

```
put your_binary_file.bin \flash\your_binary_file.bin
```

To see the commands available, execute this command for help:

h

9 Advanced Energy Monitor

9.1 AEM Display

To enter AEM from the main page, press the pushbutton under the display labeled AEM. If the EFM is using the display, press the AEM button at the right side of the display, and the board controller will take control of the display and show the AEM. To return to EFM control, simply press the AEM button once more.

When the AEM is entered, you will get a real-time graphical display of the current consumption of the EFM and other circuits powered by the VMCU power rail. The AEM display mainly features a plot of current consumption over time. It also displays the latest sampled current consumption and voltage.

9.2 AEM configuration

There are several parameters that can be configured on the AEM. To configure AEM, first enter the AEM page. Then push the button labeled CFG. In the CFG page, you can adjust the scale of the time axis of the current plot.

9.3 AEM theory of operation

In order to be able to measure currents ranging from 0.1uA to 50mA (114dB dynamic range), two current sense amplifiers are utilized. The amplifiers measure voltage drop over a small series resistor and translates this into a current. Each amplifier is adjusted for current measurement in a specific range. The ranges for the amplifiers overlap and a change between the two occurs when the current is 200uA. To reduce noise, averaging of the samples is performed before the current measurement is presented in the AEM GUI.

During startup of the kit and when VMCU is changed, a calibration of the AEM is performed. This calibration compensates for the offset error in the sense amplifiers. In order for the calibration to be correct, no load should be connected between the pins of ST6 during calibration.

9.4 AEM accuracy and performance

The Advanced Energy Monitor is capable of measuring currents in the range of 0.1uA to 50mA. For currents above 200uA, the AEM is accurate within 0.1mA. When measuring currents below 200uA, the accuracy increases to 1uA. Even though the absolute accuracy is 1uA in the sub 200uA range, the AEM is able to detect changes in the current consumption as small as 100nA. The measurement bandwidth of the AEM is 60Hz when measuring currents below 200uA and 120Hz when measuring currents above 200uA. The table below summarizes accuracy of the two current sense amplifiers in different ranges.

Table 9.1. AEM accuracy

Current range	Low gain amplifier accuracy	High gain amplifier accuracy
50mA	0.1mA	-
1mA	0.1mA	-
200uA	0.01mA	1uA
10uA	-	0.1uA
1uA	-	0.1uA

Note

In order for the AEM to work correctly, VMCU should be 3.0V or higher.

10 Board controller

The board controller (BC) consists of the control MCU and an FPGA. The FPGA is essentially a programmable multiplexer that allows the resources on the board to be shared between the EFM and the control MCU. It also enables jumperless peripheral configuration. The control MCU implements the built-in debugger, the AEM and performs housekeeping tasks.

To use the board controller for your application, the Board Support Package (BSP) must be installed. See the BSP chapter to find out how.

10.1 Register Map

The offset register address is relative to the registers base address.

Offset	Name	Type	Description
0x000	BC_BC_CFG	RW	Board Controller Config register
0x002	BC_EM	RW	Energy Mode register
0x004	BC_MAGIC	R	Magic number
0x006	BC_LED	RW	User LEDs register
0x008	BC_PUSHBUTTON	R	User pushbutton status register
0x00A	BC_DIPSWITCH	R	User dipswitch status register
0x00C	BC_JOYSTICK	R	Joystick state register
0x00E	BC_AEM	R	AEM button status register
0x010	BC_DISPLAY_CTRL	RW	Display control register
0x012	BC_EBI_CFG	RW	EBI configuration register
0x014	BC_BUS_CFG	RW	BUS configuration register
0x018	BC_PERCTRL	RW	Peripheral control register
0x01A	BC_AEMSTATE	R	AEM button status register
0x01C	BC_SPI_CFG	RW	SPI configuration register
0x01E	BC_RESET	RW	Reset register
0x020	BC_ADC_START	RW	ADC start byte register
0x022	BC_ADC_STATUS	R	ADC status register
0x024	BC_ADC_DATA	R	ADC data register
0x028	BC_HW_VERSION	R	Hardware version register
0x02A	BC_FW_BUILDNO	R	Firmware build number
0x02C	BC_FW_VERSION	R	Firmware version register
0x02E	BC_SCRATCH_COMMON	RW	Common scratch register
0x030	BC_SCRATCH_EFM0	RW	EFM scratch register 0
0x032	BC_SCRATCH_EFM1	RW	EFM scratch register 1
0x034	BC_SCRATCH_EFM2	RW	EFM scratch register 2
0x036	BC_SCRATCH_EFM3	RW	EFM scratch register 3
0x038	BC_SCRATCH_BC0	RW	BC scratch register 0
0x03A	BC_SCRATCH_BC1	RW	BC scratch register 1
0x03C	BC_SCRATCH_BC2	RW	BC scratch register 2
0x03E	BC_SCRATCH_BC3	RW	BC scratch register 3
0x040	BC_INFLAG	RW	Interrupt flags
0x042	BC_INTEN	RW	Interrupt enables

10.2 Register Description

10.2.1 BC_BC_CFG - Board Controller Config register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x000	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset															RW	0
Access																
Name															BC_CFG	

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description	
15:1	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???	
0	BC_CFG	0	RW	Board controller configuration	
		Use this bit to change between SPI and EBI interface on the board controller			
	Value	Mode	Description		
	0	SPI	The BC is configured to use the SPI interface.		
	1	EBI	The BC is configured to use the EBI interface.		

10.2.2 BC_EM - Energy Mode register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x002	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset															0x0	
Access															RW	
Name															EM	

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:3	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
2:0	EM	0x0	RW	Energy Mode register
		This register is used to store the Energy Mode the EFM is running in.		

10.2.3 BC_MAGIC - Magic number

Offset	Bit Position															
0x004	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset															0xEF32	
Access															R	
Name															MAGIC	

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	MAGIC	0xEF32	R	Magic number
This register can be used to test the interface.				

10.2.4 BC_LED - User LEDs register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x006	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	LED															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	LED	0x0000	RW	User LED register
Write to this register to change the DVK user leds				

10.2.5 BC_PUSHBUTTON - User pushbutton status register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x008	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0															
Access	R															
Name	PUSHBUTTON															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:4	Reserved	To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???		
3:0	PUSHBUTTON	0x0	R	User pushbutton status register
Read this register to determine the state of the pushbuttons				

10.2.6 BC_DIPSWITCH - User dipswitch status register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x00A	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x00															
Access	R															
Name	DIPSWITCH															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:8	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
7:0	DIPSWITCH	0x00	R	User dipswitch status register Read this register to determine the state of the dipswitch

10.2.7 BC_JOYSTICK - Joystick state register

Offset	Bit Position											
0x00C	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	
Reset												R 0 4
Access												R 0 3
Name												UP 0 2
												RIGHT 0 1
												DOWN R 0 0
CENTER												
LEFT												
UP												
RIGHT												
DOWN												

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:5	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
4	CENTER	0	R	Joystick CENTER switch state register Read this register to get the status of the center switch of the joystick.
3	LEFT	0	R	Joystick LEFT switch state register Read this register to get the status of the left switch of the joystick.
2	UP	0	R	Joystick UP switch state register Read this register to get the status of the up switch of the joystick.
1	RIGHT	0	R	Joystick RIGHT switch state register Read this register to get the status of the right switch of the joystick.
0	DOWN	0	R	Joystick DOWN switch state register Read this register to get the status of the down switch of the joystick.

10.2.8 BC_AEM - AEM button status register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x00E	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	O 0 0
Reset																R 0
Access																R
Name																AEM

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:1	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
0	AEM	0	R	AEM button status register Read this register to determine the state of the AEM button

10.2.9 BC_DISPLAY_CTRL - Display control register

Offset	Bit Position														
0x010	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Reset															0
Access															RW
Name															RESET
															POWER_ENABLE

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:2	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
1	POWER_ENABLE	0	RW	Display power enable Set this bit to enable power to the TFT display
0	RESET	0	RW	Display reset Set this bit to put the TFT display into reset mode

10.2.10 BC_EBI_CFG - EBI configuration register

Offset	Bit Position														
0x012	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Reset															0x0
Access															RW
Name															EBI_CFG

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:2	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
1:0	EBI_CFG	0x0	RW	EBI configuration register Set this register to configure the BC EBI interface to match the configuration in your application

Value	Mode	Description
0	EBI_16_16	The BC EBI is in a 16 address bits and 16 data bits configuration
1	EBI_8_8	The BC EBI is in a 8 address bits and 8 data bits configuration
2	EBI_24_8	The BC EBI is in a 24 address bits and 8 data bits configuration

10.2.11 BC_BUS_CFG - BUS configuration register

Offset	Bit Position														
0x014	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Reset															0x0
Access															RW
Name															BUS_CFG

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:2	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
1:0	BUS_CFG	0x0	RW	BUS configuration register
Set this register to configure which bus has access to the SRAM, Nor Flash and TFT display.				
Value		Mode		Description
0		FSMC		The FSMC has access
1		EBI		The EBI interface has access
2		SPI		The SPI interface has access

10.2.12 BC_PERCTRL - Peripheral control register

Offset	Bit Position																															
Reset	15	0	14	0	13	0	12	0	11	0	10	0	9	0	8	0	7	0	6	0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	
Access	IRDA_SHUTDOWN	RW	0	RS232_SHUTDOWN	RW	0	ACCEL_SELFTEST	RW	ACCEL_GSEL	RW	AUDIO_IN	RW	AUDIO_OUT	RW	ANALOG_DIFF	RW	ANALOG_SE	RW	IRDA	RW	I2C	SPI	RS232B	POTMETER	AMBIENT	ACCEL	RW	0	0			
Name	IRDA_SHUTDOWN			RS232_SHUTDOWN			ACCEL_SELFTEST		ACCEL_GSEL		AUDIO_IN		AUDIO_OUT		ANALOG_DIFF		ANALOG_SE		IRDA		I2C		SPI		RS232A		POTMETER		AMBIENT		ACCEL	

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description									
15	IRDA_SHUTDOWN	0	RW	Shut down IrDA transceiver									
Set this bit to shut down the IrDA transceiver													
14	RS232_SHUTDOWN	0	RW	Shut down RS232 driver									
Set this bit to shut down the RS232 driver. It is strongly recommended that this is done when the application does not use RS232.													
13	ACCEL_SELFTEST	0	RW	Accelerometer selftest mode									
Set this bit to put the accelerometer into selftest mode													
12	ACCEL_GSEL	0	RW	Accelerometer g-select									
Use this bit to configure the g-range of the accelerometer													
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Value</td> <td>Mode</td> <td>Description</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>LOW</td> <td>The g-range is up to 1.5g</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>HIGH</td> <td>The g-range is up to 6g</td> </tr> </table>					Value	Mode	Description	0	LOW	The g-range is up to 1.5g	1	HIGH	The g-range is up to 6g
Value	Mode	Description											
0	LOW	The g-range is up to 1.5g											
1	HIGH	The g-range is up to 6g											
11	AUDIO_IN	0	RW	Audio in connect									
Set this bit to connect the audio in amplifier to the EFM													
10	AUDIO_OUT	0	RW	Audio out connect									
Set this bit to connect the audio out amplifier to the EFM													
9	ANALOG_DIFF	0	RW	Analog differential input connect									
Set this bit to connect the analog differential inputs to the EFM													
8	ANALOG_SE	0	RW	Analog single ended input connect									
Set this bit to connect the analog single ended inputs to the EFM													
7	IRDA	0	RW	IrDA connect									
Set this bit to connect the IrDA transceiver to the EFM													
6	I2C	0	RW	I²C bus connect									
Set this bit to connect the I ² C devices to the EFM													
5	SPI	0	RW	SPI bus connect									

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
Set this bit to connect the SPI devices to the EFM				
4	RS232B	0	RW	RS232B connect
Set this bit to connect the RS232 B to the EFM				
3	RS232A	0	RW	RS232A connect
Set this bit to connect the RS232 A to the EFM				
2	POTMETER	0	RW	Potmeter connect
Set this bit to connect the potmeter to the EFM				
1	AMBIENT	0	RW	Ambient light sensor connect
Set this bit to connect the ambient light sensor to the EFM				
0	ACCEL	0	RW	Accelerometer connect
Set this bit to connect the accelerometer chip to the EFM				

10.2.13 BC_AEMSTATE - AEM button status register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x01A	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset																0
Access																R
Name																AEM

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description	
15:1	Reserved	To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???			
0	AEM	0	R	AEM state register	
When this bit is 0, the BC can take control of the TFT display, and when 1 the EFM can take control. This bit is toggled by the AEM button push					

10.2.14 BC_SPI_CFG - SPI configuration register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x01C	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset																0
Access																RW
Name																SPI_CFG

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description						
15:1	Reserved	To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???								
0	SPI_CFG	0	RW	SPI configuration register						
This register selects which SPI module will receive the CS signal										
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Value</td> <td>Mode</td> <td>Description</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>FLASH</td> <td>The SPI CS is routed to the SPI Flash</td> </tr> </table>					Value	Mode	Description	0	FLASH	The SPI CS is routed to the SPI Flash
Value	Mode	Description								
0	FLASH	The SPI CS is routed to the SPI Flash								

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
	Value	Mode		Description
	1	MICROSD		The SPI CS is routed to the microSD

10.2.15 BC_RESET - Reset register

Offset	Bit Position														
0x01E	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Reset															
Access															
Name															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:2	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
1	EFM	0	RW	EFM reset signal
				Set this bit to put the EFM into a reset state
0	FLASH	0	RW	Flash reset signal
				Set this bit to put the Nor flash into a reset state

10.2.16 BC_ADC_START - ADC start byte register

Offset	Bit Position														
0x020	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Reset															0x00
Access															RW
Name															ADC_START

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:8	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
7:0	ADC_START	0x00	RW	ADC start byte
				Write this byte to start a conversion on the voltage monitor ADC. The content of the byte is equal to the start byte for the ADC itself.

10.2.17 BC_ADC_STATUS - ADC status register

Offset	Bit Position														
0x022	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Reset															0
Access															R
Name															BUSY

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description									
15:1	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???									
0	BUSY	0	R	ADC status byte									
				Read this bit to determine the state of the ADC conversion									
				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Value</td> <td>Mode</td> <td>Description</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>DONE</td> <td>The ADC is not doing a conversion</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>BUSY</td> <td>The ADC is busy doing a conversion</td> </tr> </table>	Value	Mode	Description	0	DONE	The ADC is not doing a conversion	1	BUSY	The ADC is busy doing a conversion
Value	Mode	Description											
0	DONE	The ADC is not doing a conversion											
1	BUSY	The ADC is busy doing a conversion											

10.2.18 BC_ADC_DATA - ADC data register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x024	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	R															
Name	ADC_START															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	ADC_START	0x0000	R	ADC data register
				This register contains the result of the latest conversion

10.2.19 BC_HW_VERSION - Hardware version register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x028	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0															
Access	R															
Name	PCB															
	BOARD															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:11	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
10:8	PCB	0x0	R	PCB revision
				Read these bits to determine the PCB revision
7:4	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???
3:0	BOARD	0x0	R	Board revision
				Read these bits to determine the board revision

10.2.20 BC_FW_BUILDNO - Firmware build number

Offset	Bit Position															
0x02A	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	R															
Name	BUILDNO															
Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description												
15:0	BUILDNO	0x0000	R	Board revision												
	Read this register to determine the firmware build number															

10.2.21 BC_FW_VERSION - Firmware version register

Offset	Bit Position																											
0x02C	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0												
Reset	0x0				0x0				0x00																			
Access	R				R				R																			
Name	MAJOR				MINOR				PATCHLEVEL																			
Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description																								
15:12	MAJOR	0x0	R	Firmware major revision																								
	Read these bits to determine the major revision																											
11:8	MINOR	0x0	R	Firmware minor revision																								
	Read these bits to determine the minor revision																											
7:0	PATCHLEVEL	0x00	R	Firmware patch level																								
	Read these bits to determine the patch level																											

10.2.22 BC_SCRATCH_COMMON - Common scratch register

Offset	Bit Position															
0x02E	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_COMMON															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	SCRATCH_COMMON	0x0000	RW	Common scratch register
This register can be used as a scratch register for both the EFM and the board controller.				

10.2.23 BC_SCRATCH_EFM0 - EFM scratch register 0

Offset	Bit Position															
0x030	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_EFM0															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	SCRATCH_EFM0	0x0000	RW	EFM scratch register 0
This register can be used as a scratch register for the EFM. The board controller has read only access.				

10.2.24 BC_SCRATCH_EFM1 - EFM scratch register 1

Offset	Bit Position															
0x032	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_EFM1															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	SCRATCH_EFM1	0x0000	RW	EFM scratch register 1
This register can be used as a scratch register for the EFM. The board controller has read only access.				

10.2.25 BC_SCRATCH_EFM2 - EFM scratch register 2

Offset	Bit Position															
0x034	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_EFM2															
Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description												
15:0	SCRATCH_EFM2	0x0000	RW	EFM scratch register 2												
This register can be used as a scratch register for the EFM. The board controller has read only access.																

10.2.26 BC_SCRATCH_EFM3 - EFM scratch register 3

Offset	Bit Position															
0x036	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_EFM3															
Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description												
15:0	SCRATCH_EFM3	0x0000	RW	EFM scratch register 3												
This register can be used as a scratch register for the EFM. The board controller has read only access.																

10.2.27 BC_SCRATCH_BC0 - BC scratch register 0

Offset	Bit Position															
0x038	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_BC0															
Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description												
15:0	SCRATCH_BC0	0x0000	RW	BC scratch register 0												
This register can be used as a scratch register for the BC. The board controller has read only access.																

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	SCRATCH_BC0	0x0000	RW	BC scratch register 0
This register can be used as a scratch register for the BC. The EFM has read only access.				

10.2.28 BC_SCRATCH_BC1 - BC scratch register 1

Offset	Bit Position															
0x03A	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_BC1															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	SCRATCH_BC1	0x0000	RW	BC scratch register 1
This register can be used as a scratch register for the BC. The EFM has read only access.				

10.2.29 BC_SCRATCH_BC2 - BC scratch register 2

Offset	Bit Position															
0x03C	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_BC2															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	SCRATCH_BC2	0x0000	RW	BC scratch register 2
This register can be used as a scratch register for the BC. The EFM has read only access.				

10.2.30 BC_SCRATCH_BC3 - BC scratch register 3

Offset	Bit Position															
0x03E	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset	0x0000															
Access	RW															
Name	SCRATCH_BC3															

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:0	SCRATCH_BC3	0x0000	RW	BC scratch register 3
This register can be used as a scratch register for the BC. The EFM has read only access.				

10.2.31 BC_INTFLAG - Interrupt flags

Offset	Bit Position															
0x040	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset																
Access																
Name																

Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description
15:4	Reserved	To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???		
3	AEM	0	RW	AEM interrupt flag
	This bit is set when the AEM button is pushed or released. It will assert an interrupt to the EFM if the interrupt has been enabled. This bit is cleared by writing a 1 to it.			
2	JOYSTICK	0	RW	Joystick interrupt flag
	This bit is set when the joystick changes position, or is pushed or released. It will assert an interrupt to the EFM if the interrupt has been enabled. This bit is cleared by writing a 1 to it.			
1	DIP	0	RW	Dipswitch interrupt flag
	This bit is set when any of the dipswitch positions are changed. It will assert an interrupt to the EFM if the interrupt has been enabled. This bit is cleared by writing a 1 to it.			
0	PB	0	RW	Pushbuttons interrupt flag
	This bit is set when any of the 4 pushbutton are pushed or released. It will assert an interrupt to the EFM if the interrupt has been enabled. This bit is cleared by writing a 1 to it.			

10.2.32 BC_INTEN - Interrupt enables

Offset	Bit Position												
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	
Reset													RW 0 3 2 1 0 0
Access													RW 0 1 0 0 0 0
Name													AEM JOYSTICK DIP PB
Bit	Name	Reset	Access	Description									
15:4	Reserved			To ensure compatibility with future devices, always write bits to 0. More information on ???									
3	AEM	0	RW	AEM interrupt enable									If this bit is set, an interrupt is asserted when the corresponding interrupt flag is set.
2	JOYSTICK	0	RW	Joystick interrupt enable									If this bit is set, an interrupt is asserted when the corresponding interrupt flag is set.
1	DIP	0	RW	Dipswitch interrupt enable									If this bit is set, an interrupt is asserted when the corresponding interrupt flag is set.
0	PB	0	RW	Pushbuttons interrupt enable									If this bit is set, an interrupt is asserted when the corresponding interrupt flag is set.

11 Connectivity

11.1 Resource connections

In general, all ports are routed from the BRD3300B to the prototyping board. That means that Port A on the EFM is replicated on Port A on the prototyping board. In addition to that, a lot of EFM pins has been connected to other resources on the board, some using switches and some permanent.

The following table describes the connections between the EFM on the BRD3300B and the kit resources.

Table 11.1. Connections

MCU	MCU function	EFM32_	Connection	EXP32_A	Proto port	Function
A0	EBI_AD9	B25	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B25	G12	BC_BUS9
A1	EBI_AD10	B26	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B26	G13	BC_BUS10
A2	EBI_AD11	B27	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B27	G14	BC_BUS11
A3	EBI_AD12	B28	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B28	G15	BC_BUS12
A4	EBI_AD13	B29	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B29	G16	BC_BUS13
A5	EBI_AD14	B3	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B30	G17	BC_BUS14
A6	EBI_AD15	B31	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B31	G18	BC_BUS15
A15	EBI_AD8	B24	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B24	G11	BC_BUS8
B7	US1_CLK #0	B53	RS232_A	B53	J4	RS232_A_#CTS
B8	US1_CS #0	B54	RS232_A	B54	J5	RS232_A_#RTS
B11	DAC0_OUT0	B48	AUDIO_OUT	B48	I7	AUDIO_OUT_RIGHT
B12	DAC0_OUT1	B49	AUDIO_OUT	B49	I8	AUDIO_OUT_LEFT
C0	US1_TX #0	B55	RS232_A	B55	J6	RS232_A_TX
C1	US1_RX #0	B52	RS232_A	B52	J3	RS232_A_RX
C2	US2_TX #0	B42	BC_BUS_CONNECT_SPI	B42	H13	BC_BUS26
C3	US2_RX #0	B43	BC_BUS_CONNECT_SPI	B43	H14	BC_BUS27
C4	US2_CLK #0	B40	BC_BUS_CONNECT_SPI	B40	H11	BC_BUS24
C5	US2_CS #0	B41	BC_BUS_CONNECT_SPI	B41	H12	BC_BUS25
C6	LEU1_TX #0	B62	RS232_B	B62	J9	RS232_B_TX
C7	LEU1_RX #0	B63	RS232_B	B63	J10	RS232_B_RX
C8	US0_CS #2	B65	SPI	B65	J12	SPI_BUS_CS
C9	US0_CLK #2	B64	SPI	B64	J11	SPI_BUS_SCLK
C10	US0_RX #2	B67	SPI	B67	J14	SPI_BUS_MISO
C11	US0_TX #2	B66	SPI	B66	J13	SPI_BUS_MOSI
C12		B72	Connected	B72	H15	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI
C13			Connected			FPGA_INT
C15		B79	Connected	B79	J18	MCUDBG_TDO_SWO

MCU	MCU function	EFM32_	Connection	EXP32_	Proto port	Function
D0	ADC_CH0	B50	AUDIO_IN	B50	I9	AUDIO_IN_RIGHT
D1	ADC_CH1	B51	AUDIO_IN	B51	I10	AUDIO_IN_LEFT
D2	ADC_CH2	B56	ACCEL	B56	I11	ACCEL_XOUT
D3	ADC_CH3	B57	ACCEL	B57	I12	ACCEL_YOUT
D4	ADC_CH4	B58	ACCEL	B58	I13	ACCEL_ZOUT
D5	ADC_CH5	B70	POTMETER	B70	I15	SENSOR_POTMETER
D5	ADC_CH5	B71	AMBIENT	B71	I16	SENSOR_LIGHT
D6	ADC_CH6	B46	ANALOG_DIFF	B46	I5	ANALOG_DIFF_N
D7	ADC_CH7	B47	ANALOG_DIFF	B47	I6	ANALOG_DIFF_P
D9	EBI_CS0	B36	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B36	H7	BC_BUS20
D10	EBI_CS1	B37	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B37	H8	BC_BUS21
D11	EBI_CS2	B38	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B38	H9	BC_BUS22
D12	EBI_CS3	B39	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B39	H10	BC_BUS23
D14	I2C0_SDA #3	B68	I2C	B68	J15	I2C_BUS_SDA
D15	I2C0_SCL #3	B69	I2C	B69	J16	I2C_BUS_SCL
E6	US0_RX #1	B61	IRDA	B61	J8	IRDA_RXD
E7	US0_TX #1	B60	IRDA	B60	J7	IRDA_TXD
E8	EBI_AD0	B16	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B16	G3	BC_BUS0
E9	EBI_AD1	B17	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B17	G4	BC_BUS1
E10	EBI_AD2	B18	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B18	G5	BC_BUS2
E11	EBI_AD3	B19	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B19	G6	BC_BUS3
E12	EBI_AD4	B20	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B20	G7	BC_BUS4
E13	EBI_AD5	B21	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B21	G8	BC_BUS5
E14	EBI_AD6	B22	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B22	G9	BC_BUS6
E15	EBI_AD7	B23	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B23	G10	BC_BUS7
F0	DGB_SWCLK	B77	Connected	B77	I18	MCUDBG_TCK_SWCLK
F1	DGB_SWDIO	B78	Connected	B78	J17	MCUDBG_TCK_SWDIO
F2	EBI_ARDY	B32	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B32	H3	BC_BUS16
F3	EBI_ALE	B33	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B33	H4	BC_BUS17
F4	EBI_WEn	B34	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B34	H5	BC_BUS18
F5	EBI_REn	B35	BC_BUS_CONNECT_EBI	B35	H6	BC_BUS19

Table 11.2. Nomenclature

Name	Description
MCU	The pin name of the MCU
MCU function	The I/O function on that pin that is used for this resource
EFM32_B	The corresponding pin number on the EFM32_B connector. If this is empty, the signal is not routed out from the BRD3300B
Connection	Which API function is used to make the connection.
EXP32_B	The corresponding pin number on the EXP32_B connector. If this is empty, the signal is not routed out from the BRD3300B
Proto port	The corresponding pin on the proto board
Function	The name of the kit resource

12 Connectors

12.1 EFM32 and EXP32 connectors

The EFM32 connector is used to connect the MCU plugin board to the main board, and the EXP32 connector is used to connect the prototype card to the main board. The EFM32_A connector and the first 16 pins of the EFM32_B connector is directly connected to the corresponding pins on the EXP32_A and EXP32_B connectors. These signals duplicate the MCU ports to the port headers on the prototype board.

Some care must be taken when fitting and removing the plugin cards. Make sure that the plugin boards sits properly in place to ensure good connections. The connectors are rated for 100 plugin cycles.

For pinout check the schematics.

12.2 Debug connector

This connector is used for Debug In and Debug Out (see Debug chapter). The pinout is described in the table.

Table 12.1. Debug connector pinout

Pin number	Function	Note
1	VTARGET	Target voltage on the debugged application.
2	NC	
3	/TRST	JTAG tap reset
4	GND	
5	TDI	JTAG data in
6	GND	
7	TMS/SWDIO	JTAG TMS or Serial Wire data I/O
8	GND	
9	TCK	JTAG TCK or Serial Wire clock
10	GND	
11	RTCK	JTAG RTCK
12	GND	
13	TDO/SWO	JTAG TDO or Serial Wire Output
14	GND	
15	/RESET	Target MCU reset
16	GND	
17	PD	This pin has a 100k pulldown.
18	Cable detect	This signal must be pulled to ground by the external debugger or application for cable insertion detection.
19	PD	This pin has a 100k pulldown.
20	GND	

13 Debugging

The EFM32-G2XX-DK has an on-board debugger, and it can be used in different ways to debug the EFM, both on and off kit. Below are descriptions on the different modes. Check the configuration chapter to find out how to change the debug setting.

Table 13.1. Debug modes

Mode	Description
Debug MCU	In this mode the built-in debugger is connected to EFM on the BRD3300B.
Debug IN	In this mode the built-in debugger is disconnected, and an external debugger can be connected to debug the EFM on the BRD3300B.
Debug OUT	In this mode the built-in debugger can be used to debug an EFM mounted in your own application.

14 Integrated Development Environments

The Energy Micro software packages contains various examples in source form to use with the Starter Kit. The following IDEs are supported.

14.1 IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM

An evaluation version of IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM is included on a CD in the EFM32-G2XX-DK package. Check the quick start guide for where to find updates, and IAR's own documentation on how to use it. You will find the IAR project file in the

`iar`

subfolder of each project

14.2 Rowley Associates - CrossWorks for ARM

See the quick start guide for download details for CrossWorks for ARM. You will find CrossWorks project files in the

`rowley`

subfolder of each project.

14.3 CodeSourcery - Sourcery G++

See the quick start guide for download details for Sourcery G++. The

`codesourcery`

subfolder contains Makefiles for use with the Sourcery G++ development environment.

14.4 Keil - MDK-ARM

See the quick start guide for download details for evaluation versions of Keil MDK-ARM. The

`arm`

subfolder in each project contains project files for MDK-ARM. Please see the MDK-ARM documentation for usage details.

15 energyAware Commander and Upgrades

energyAware Commander is a program that comes with the Gecko DK Installer package. It can perform various kit and EFM32 specific tasks. The program has two modes of operation, either *command line* or *GUI mode*. The command line is not backwards compatible with the earlier "Gecko Commander" shell utility, but support all features of that package.

15.1 GUI Operation

The primary use of *energyAware Commander* is in the GUI mode. This utility gives the ability to program the EFM32, upgrade the kit, lock and unlock devices and more. Some of the features will only work with Energy Micro kits, while other will work with a J-Link debugger connected. Press the "F1" button, or select the "Help->Help" menu item for a full description.

15.2 Command Line operation

Using the command line involves running the binary in a command shell, with an appropriate argument, e.g.

```
eACommander.exe --help
```

All command line options will be parsed in the order they are given, so multiple commands can be run.

Table 15.1. energyAware Commander command line options

Option	Description
--version	Prints version and exits
--help (-h)	Prints this help information
--flash image.bin (-f)	Flash binary file to EFM32
--install package.emz (-i)	Install kit firmware
--mcuinfo	Print MCU information
--kitinfo	Print Kit information
--usb 0-3 (-u)	Specify USB address
--speed wanted speed (-s)	Set SWD speed (in kHz)
--verify (-v)	Verify flash after upload
--mode in out mcu off (-m)	Set debug mode
--unlock	Unlock a locked chip
--lock (-l)	Lock a chip
--reset (-r)	Reset the EFM32
--unprotect	Unprotect pages
--protect start stop	Protect pages
--upload file	Upload files to DVK
The mode option argument	Sets the mode of the on-board debugger. Available modes: mcu - Debug the EFM32 using the on-board debugger in - Debug the EFM32 using an external debugger out - Use the DK as an external debugger off - Disable the debugger

15.3 Upgrades

Upgrading the kit can be done by using the "Upgrade Kit" script in the start menu. New versions can be downloaded from <http://www.energymicro.com/downloads/>. The script will use *energyAware Commander* to install the latest available Kit SW package. It is important to upgrade the kit when installing a new SW package, as new *energyAware Commander* functionality might require kit controller software upgrades.

You can also use the *energyAware Commander* for upgrades. Select the "Kit" icon, use the "Browse" button to select the correct file ending in ".emz", and press the "Install package button".

Finally, there is an option at the command line,

```
eACommander.exe --install dvkappl.emz
```

to explicitly install new packages by hand (or within a script).

16 Version information

The current version information can be read from the EFM32-G2XX-DK by entering the About page from the main page in the GUI, and then pushing Info.

Table 16.1. Current versions

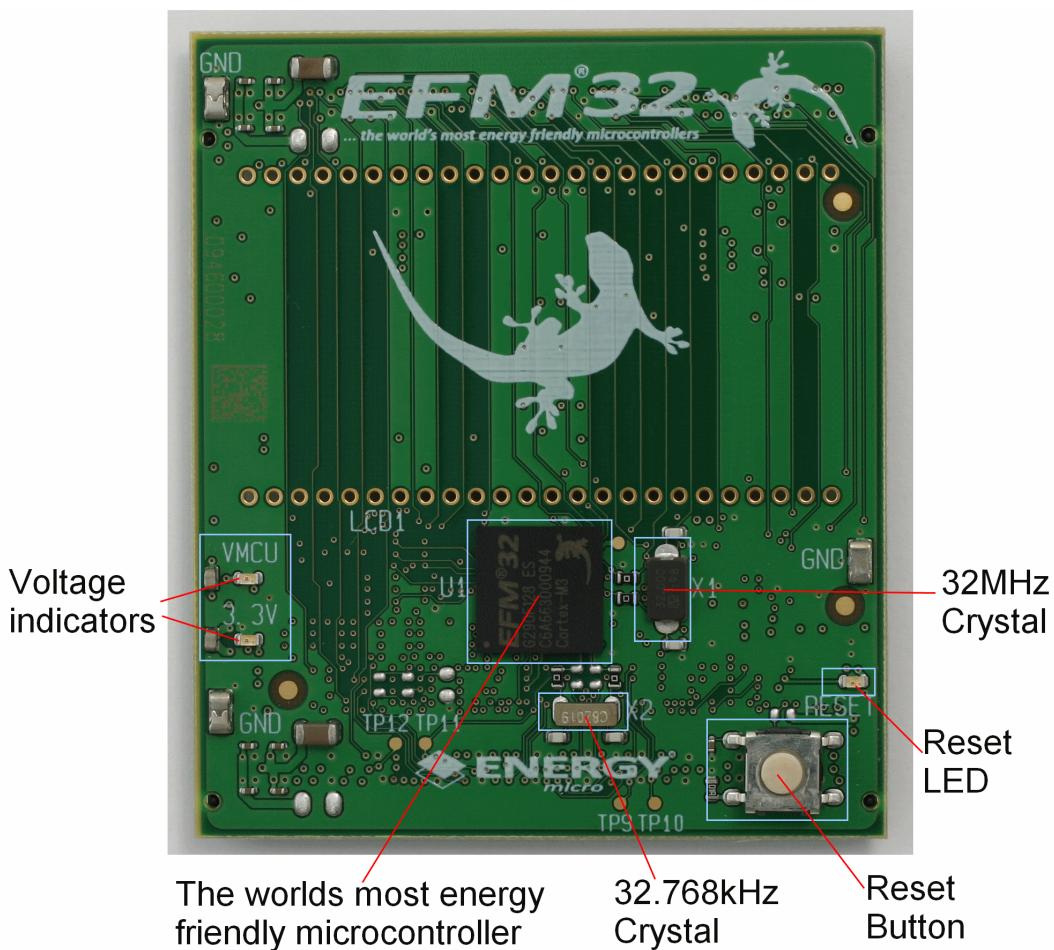
Type	Version	Released
Firmware revision	1v6p0	2010-11-15
FPGA version	1v1	2009-11-13
Motherboard	BRD3200C Rev.A01	2009-11-13

17 MCU board

The EFM32-G2XX-DK is equipped with the BRD3300B. The main features are listed here, but for a complete overview, check the BRD3300B user manual.

Features:

- The worlds most energy friendly microcontroller
- Compatible with the Advanced Energy Monitoring (AEM) system of the EFM32 Gecko Development Kit
- Leds indicating power and reset
- 32 MHz crystal
- 32.768 kHz crystal
- Reset button and ground-hooks for easy debugging



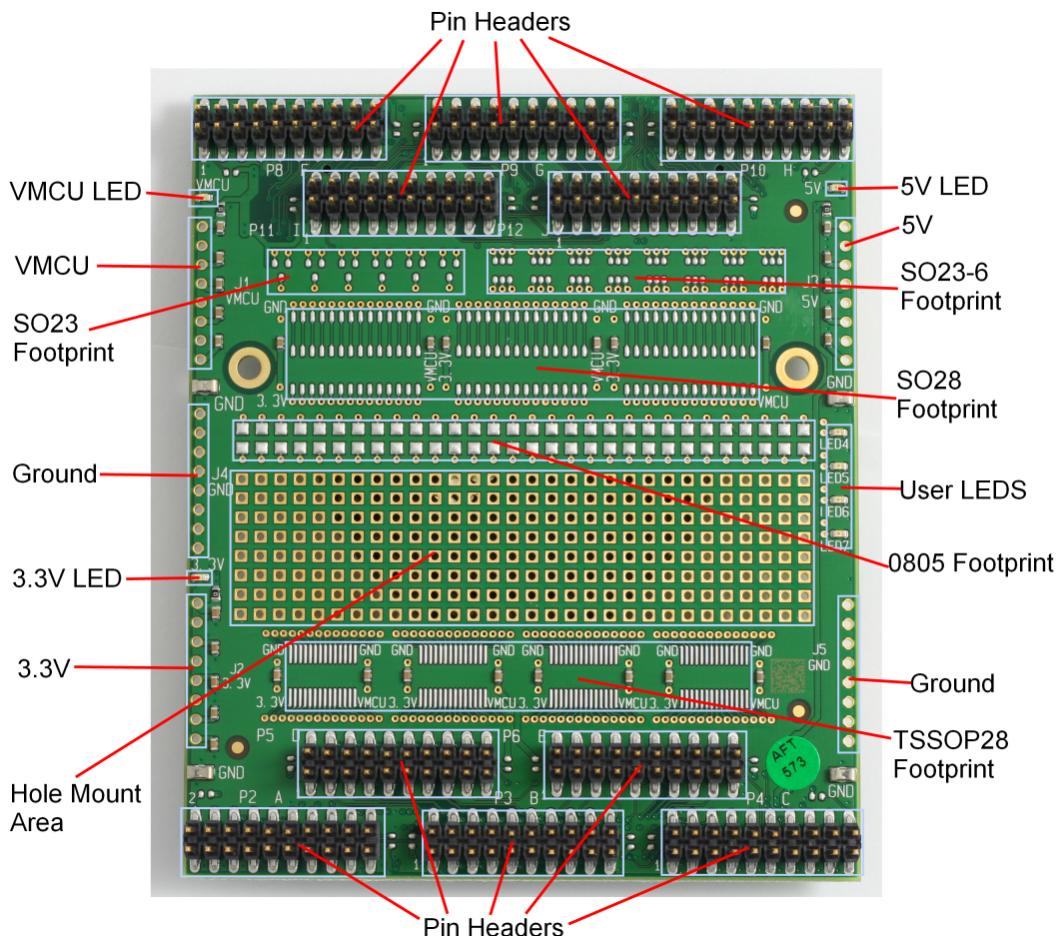
18 Prototyping Board

The EFM32-G2XX-DK is equipped with a prototyping board. The main features are listed here, but for a complete overview, check the prototyping board user manual.

18.1 Overview

Features:

- Ready-to-use prototyping area for hole-mount, TSSOP, SO, SOT23-6, SOT23 and 0805 SMD components.
- VMCU power domain tracked by the Advanced Energy Monitor (AEM).
- 3.3V and 5V power domains available.
- All EFM32 IO lines directly accessible through pin headers.
- User LEDS ready for use.
- LEDS indicating power.



19 Errata

19.1 DVK hardware errata

19.1.1 Port E0 on EFM32 MCU board disconnected

Kit Revisions

Rev A

Description

Revision A kits are shipped with engineering samples of the EFM32. On MCU boards containing these engineering samples, port E0 on the EFM32 is disconnected. The MCU boards in question are shipped with a sticker indicating that port E0 is disconnected.

19.2 DVK firmware errata

19.2.1 VMCU regulator

Firmware Revisions

1.0.1

Description

Firmware version 1.0.1 contains an I2C driver that on some occasions hangs. When this happens, VMCU freezes and can no longer be changed. The same issue may also result in wrong VMCU setting after startup. A power cycle of the DVK fixes the problem. This errata is fixed in firmware version 1.1.1 or newer.

19.2.2 Storing user configuration

Firmware Revisions

1.0.1

Description

Firmware version 1.0.1 contains an I2C driver that on some occasions hangs. When this happens, user configuration may no longer be stored. A power cycle of the DVK fixes the problem. This errata is fixed in firmware version 1.1.1 or newer.

19.2.3 Debug mode setting

Firmware Revisions

1.0.1

Description

When changing debug mode using the GUI, the actual configuration of the debug interface is not always the same as the debug mode set by the GUI. An upgrade to firmware version 1.1.1 or newer fixes this errata.

19.2.4 Serial Wire Output

Firmware Revisions

1.0.1

Description

Enabling Serial Wire Output (SWO) would cause onboard firmware to fail. An upgrade to firmware version 1.1.1 or newer fixes this errata.



EFM32 Development Kit

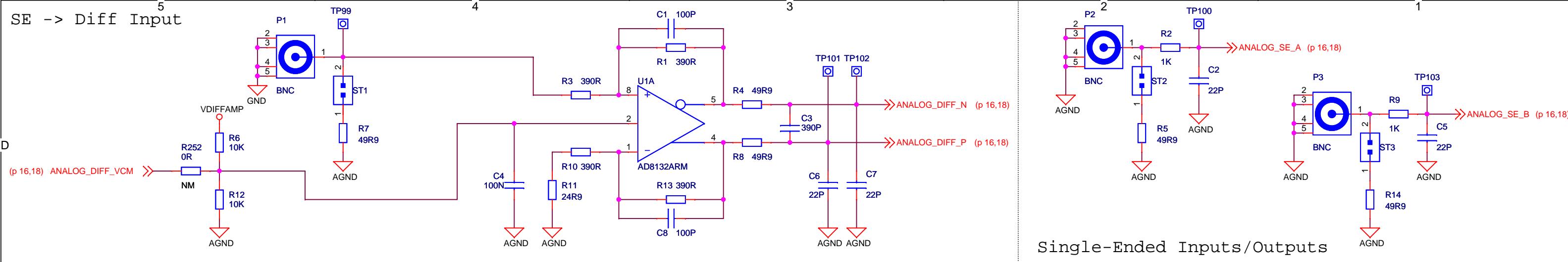
Board Function	Page
Analog Interfaces	2
Sensors, SPI bus and I2C bus	3
User Interface	4
Display Interface	5
Flash and SRAM	6
Board Control - Control MCU	7
Board Control - Buses	8
Board Control - Misc	9
Board Control - JTAG	10
Control MCU	11
Control MCU - BC Interface	12
Debug Interface	13
Board Control - Level shift	14
EXP32 Assignments #1	15
EXP32 Assignments #2	16
EFM32 Board Connectors	17
EXP32 Board Connectors	18
Main Power Regulators	19
EFM Power Regulators and AEM	20
Power monitoring	21

Revision History

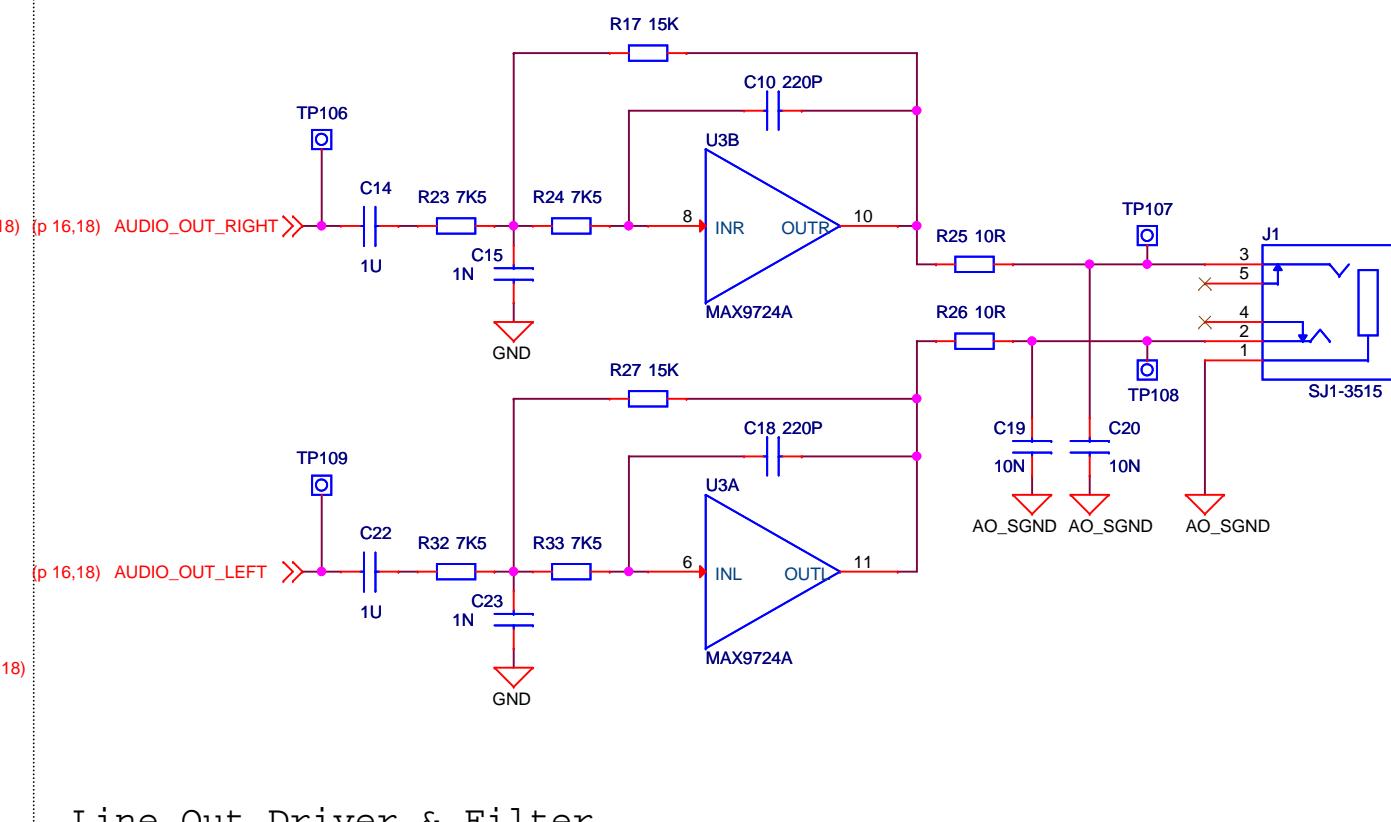
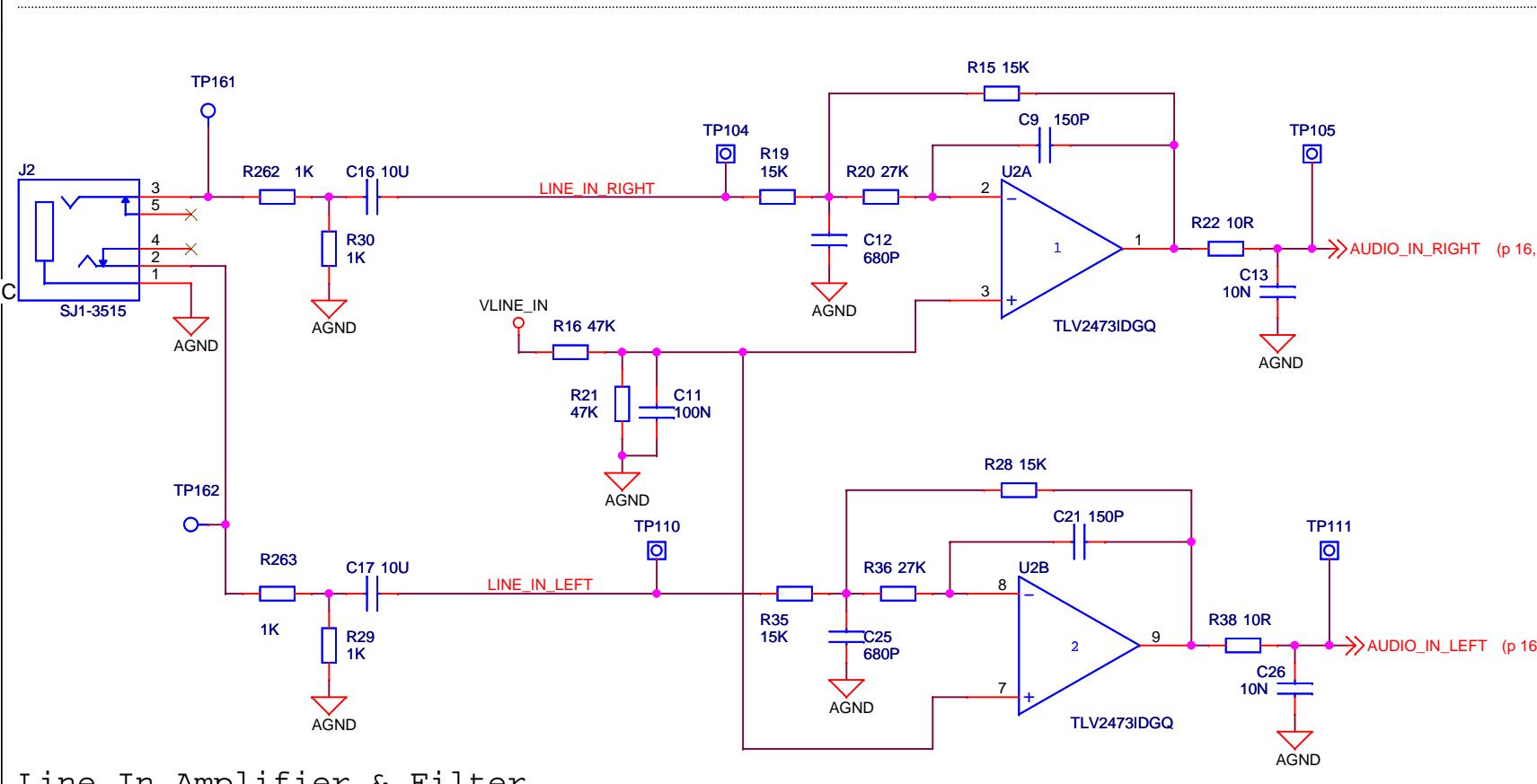
Rev.	Description
A00	Initial release
A01	Minor update.

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Size A3	BOM Doc No: < Cage Code >	Document number BRD3200C
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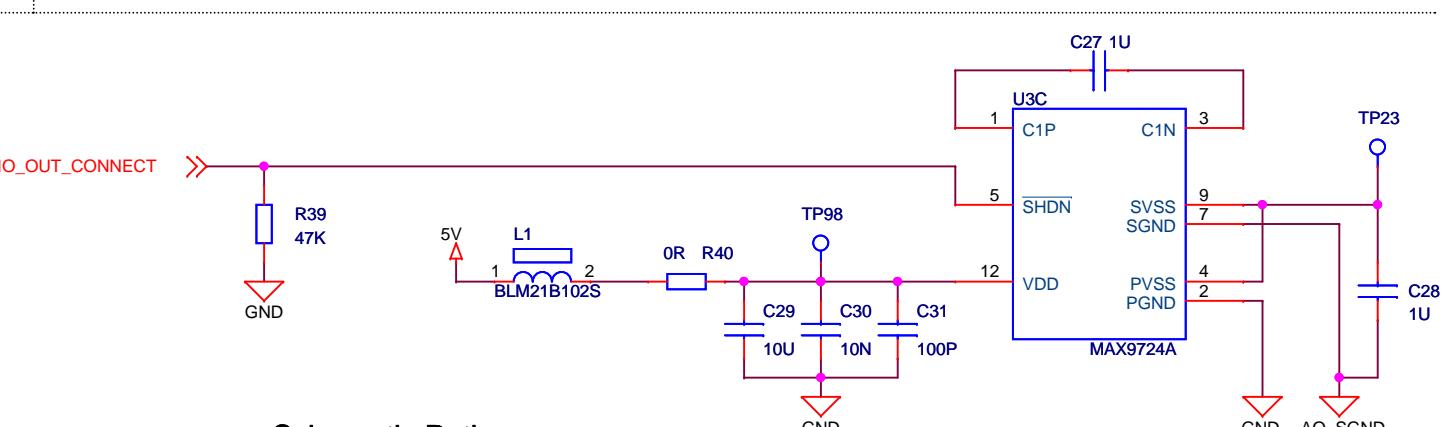
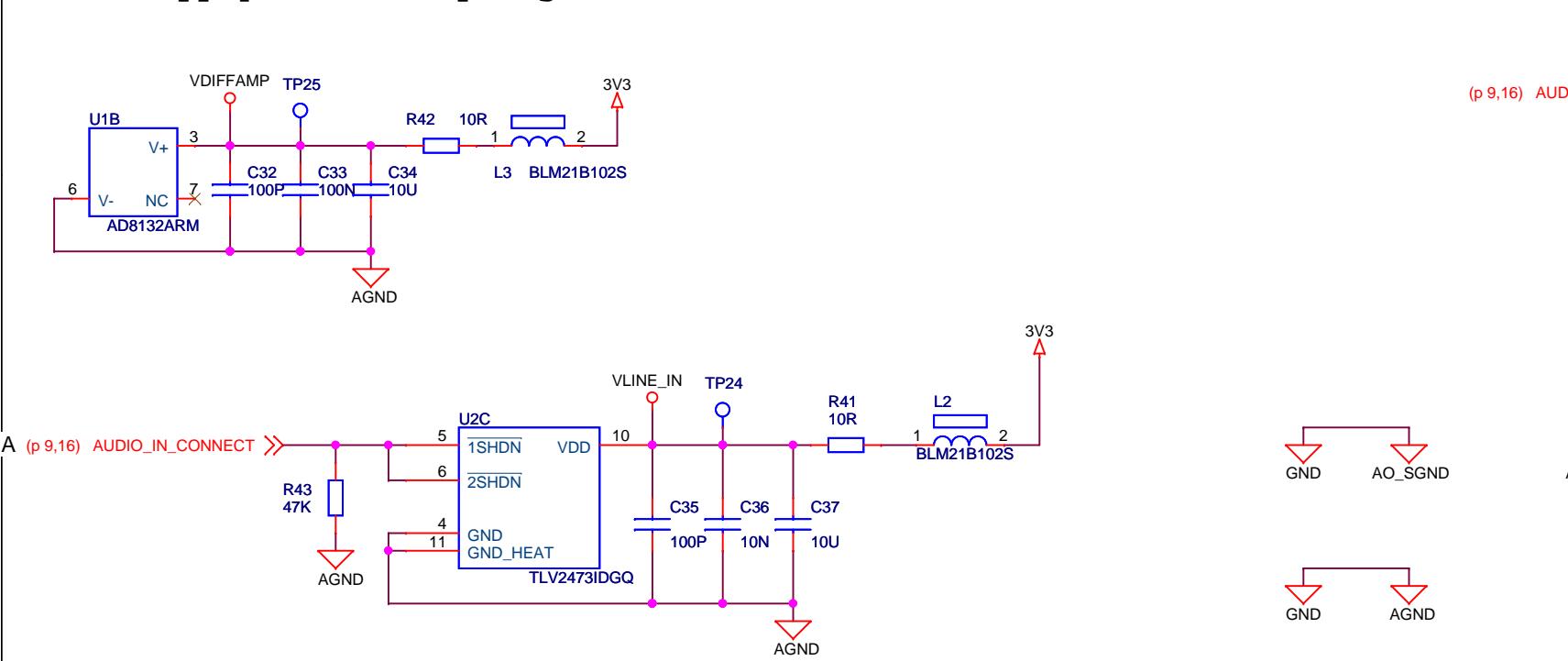
Single-Ended Inputs/Outputs



Line In Amplifier & Filter

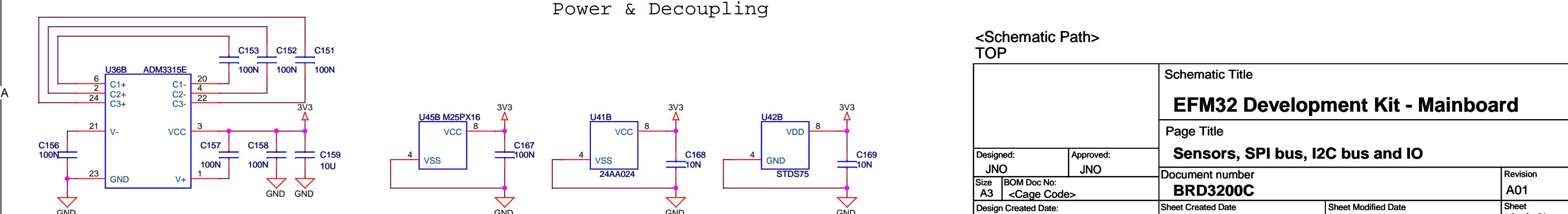
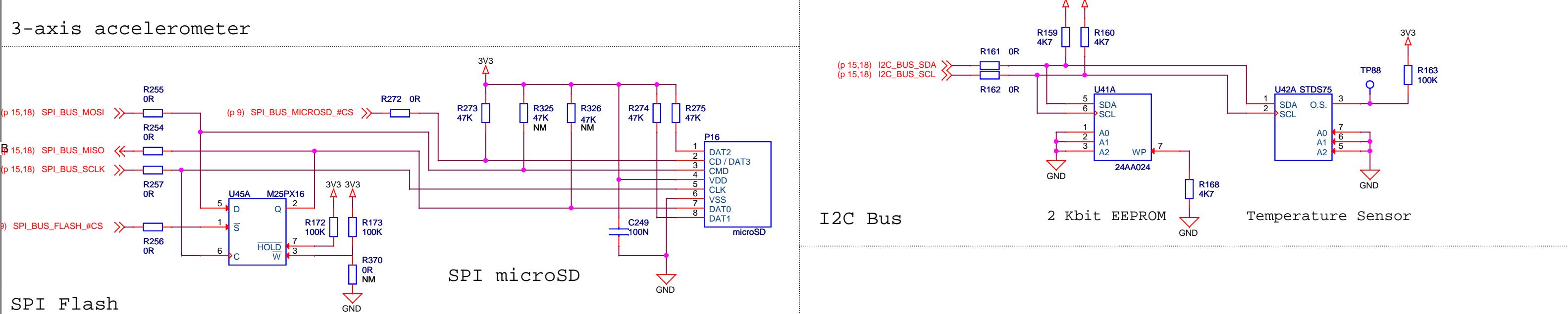
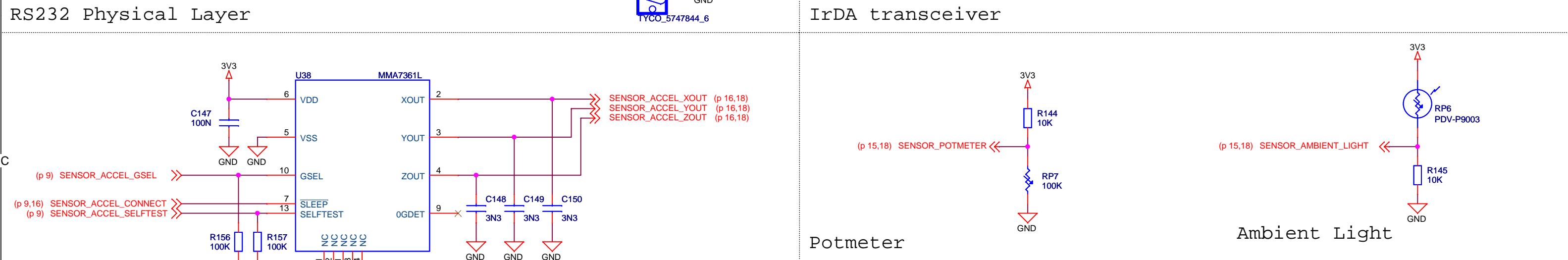
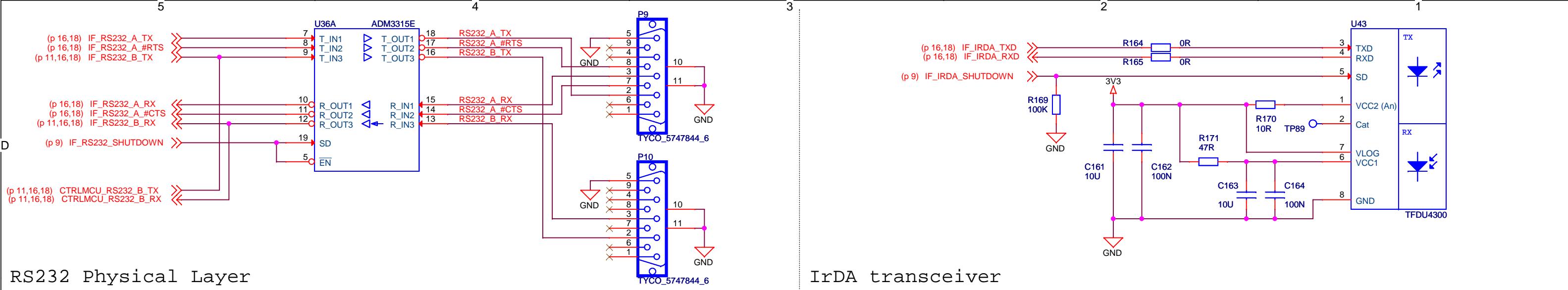
Line Out Driver & Filter

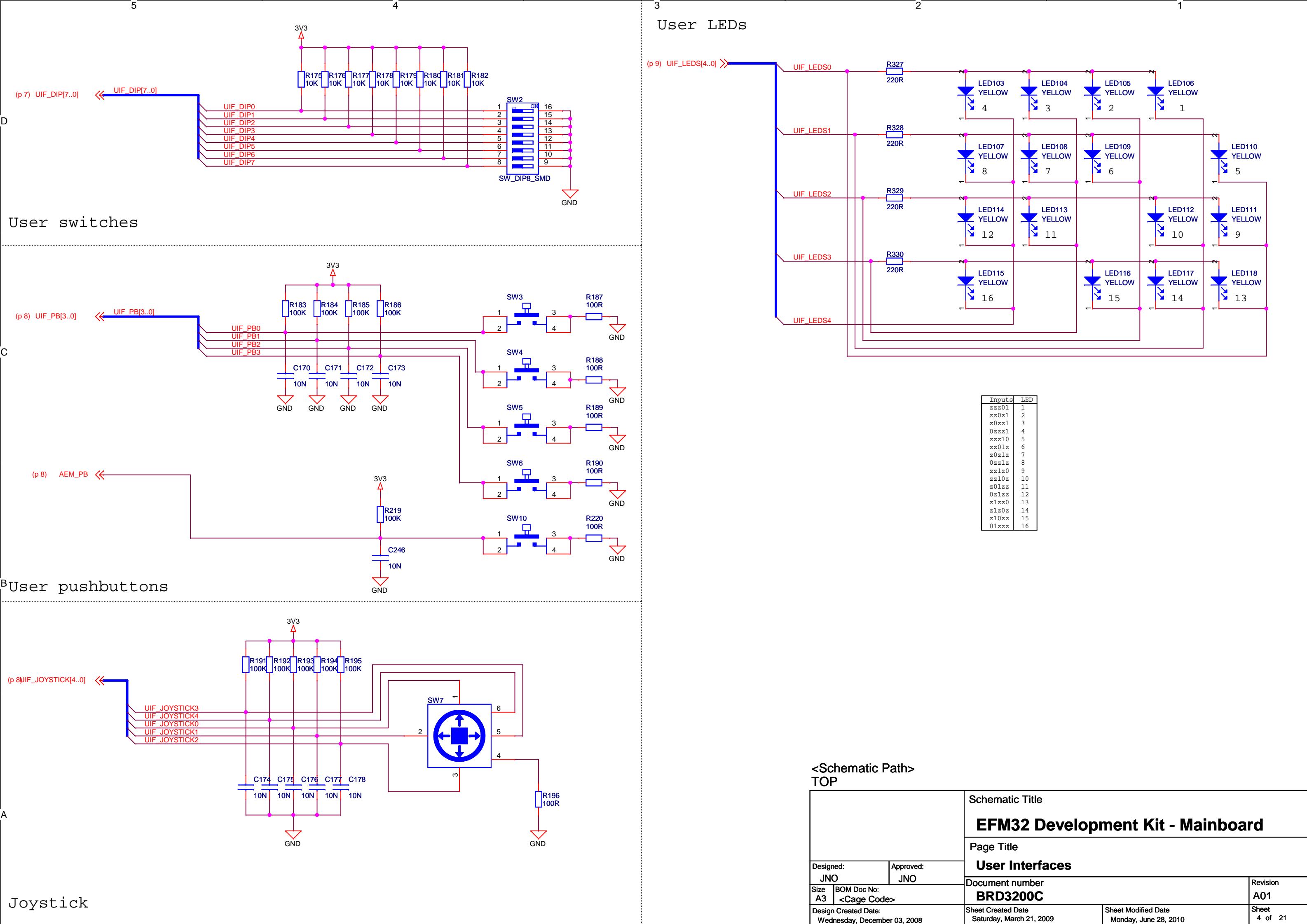
Power Supply and Decoupling

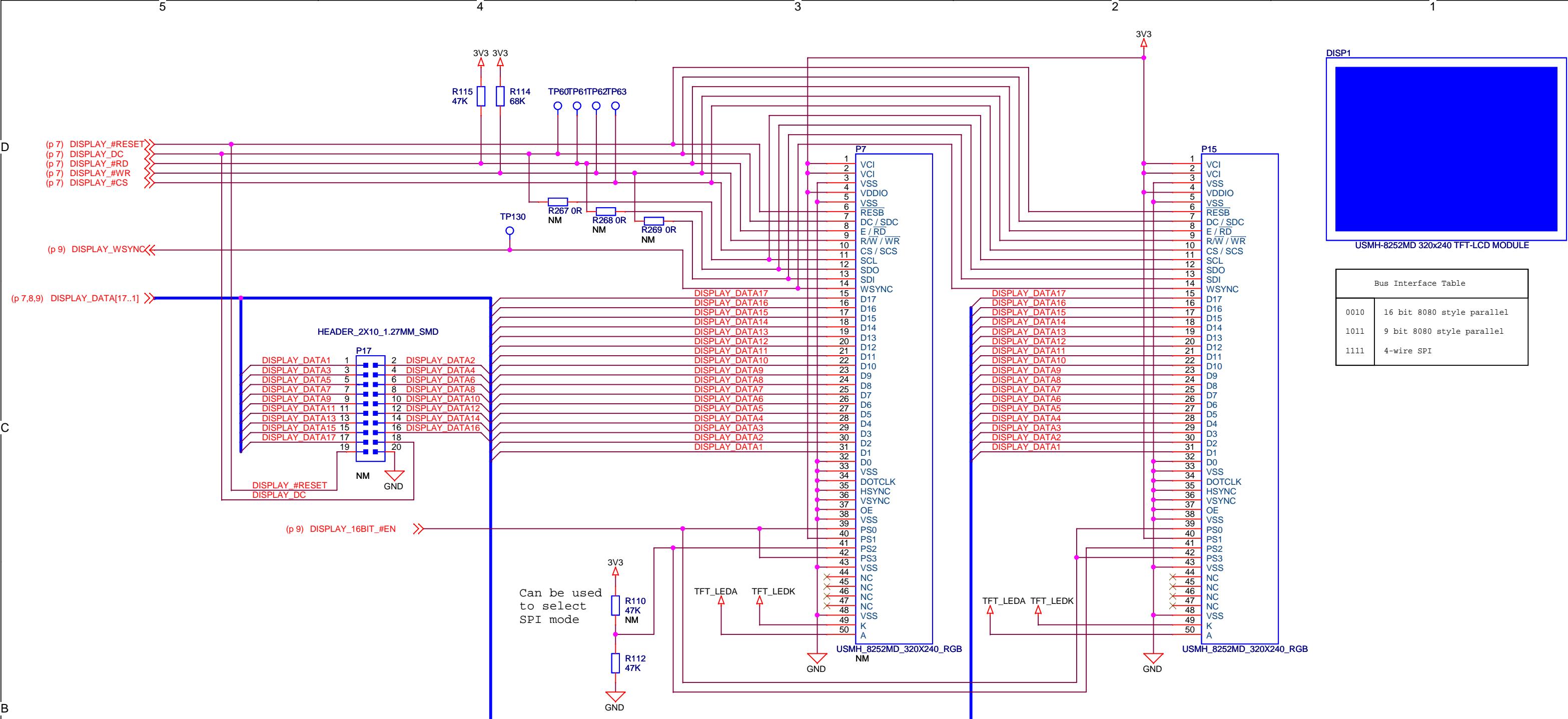


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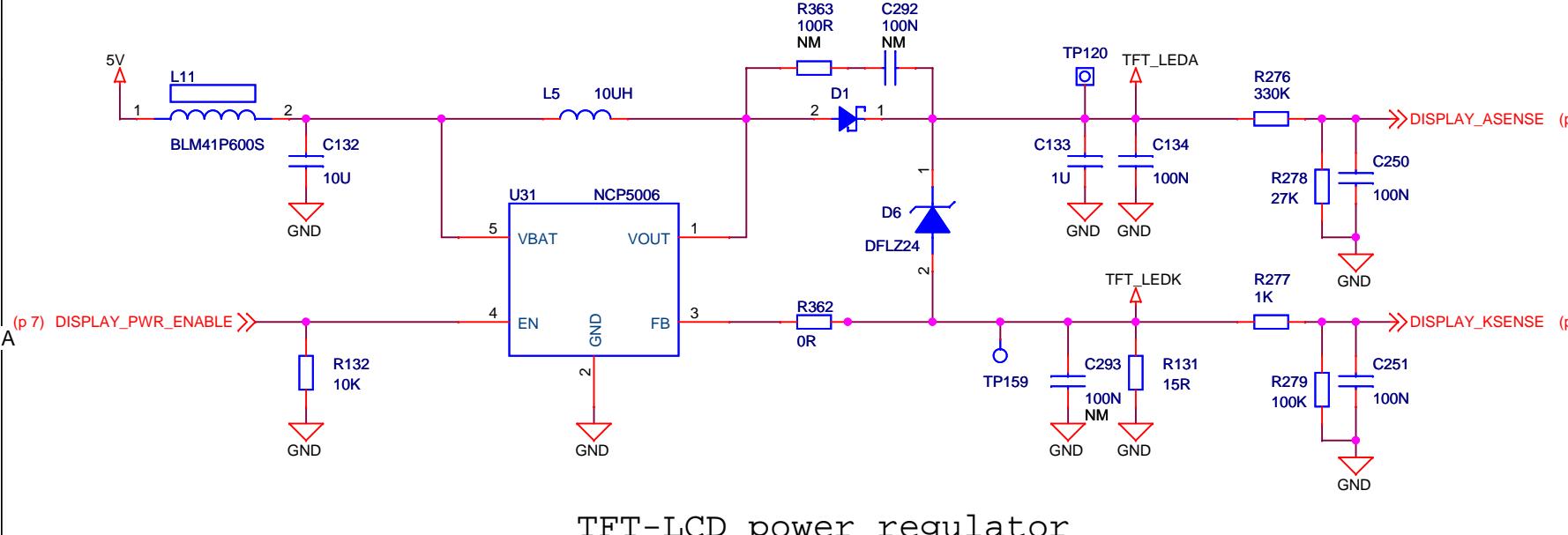
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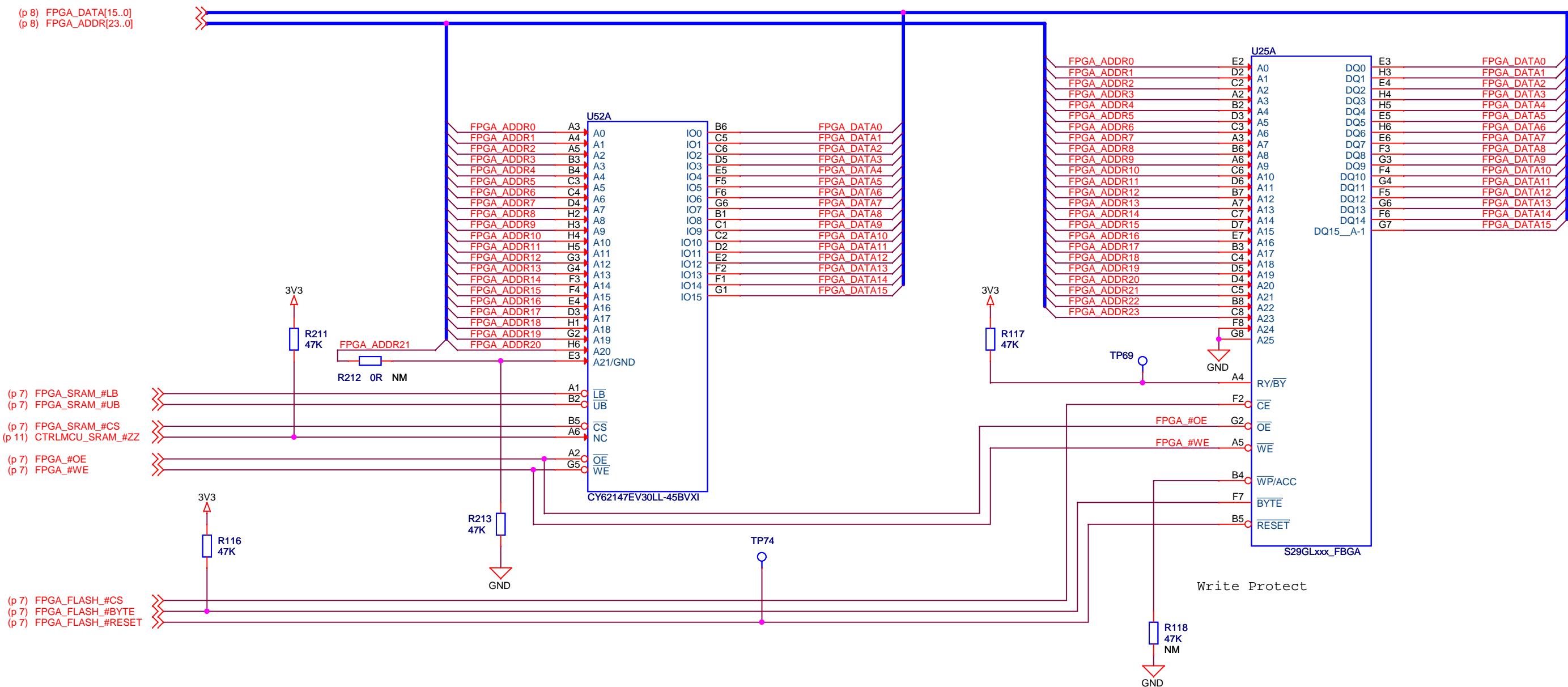




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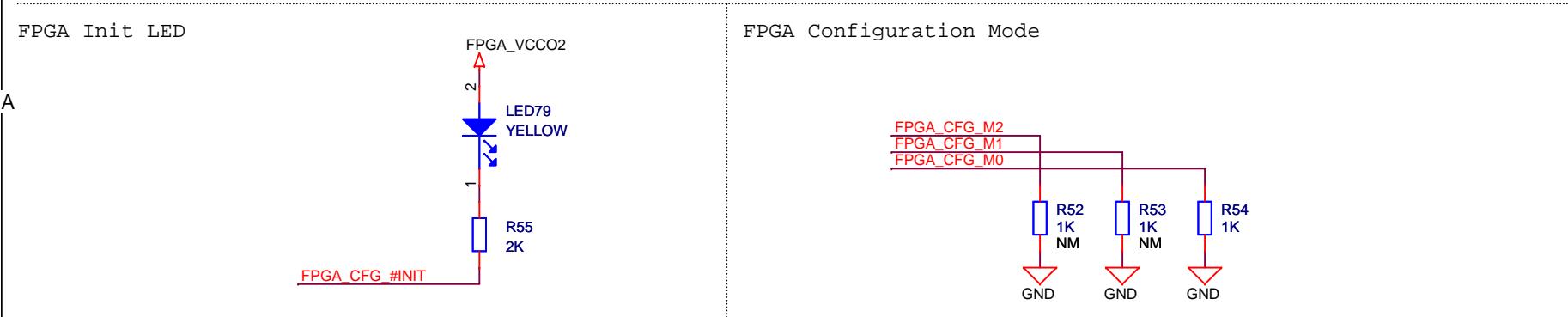
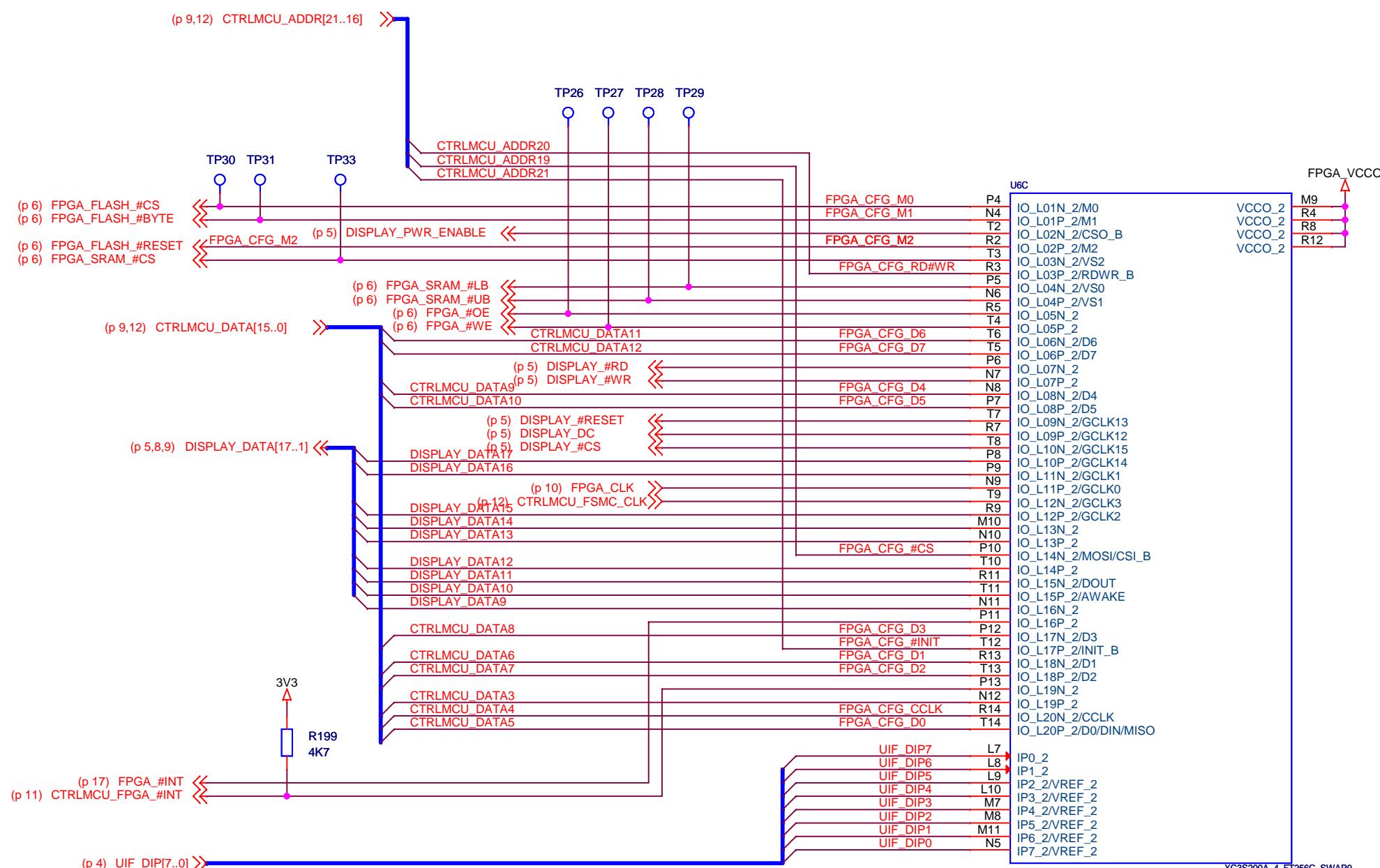
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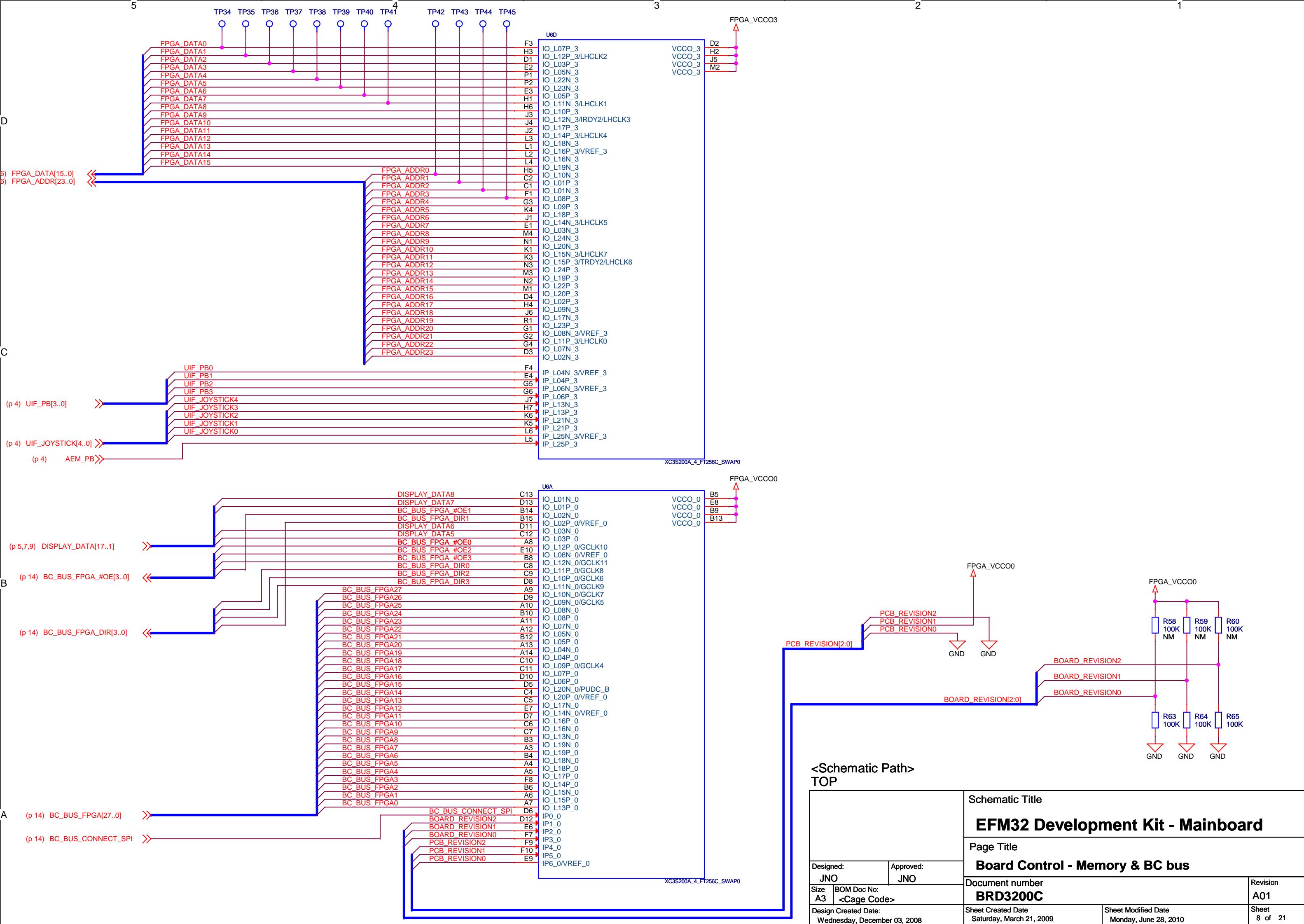


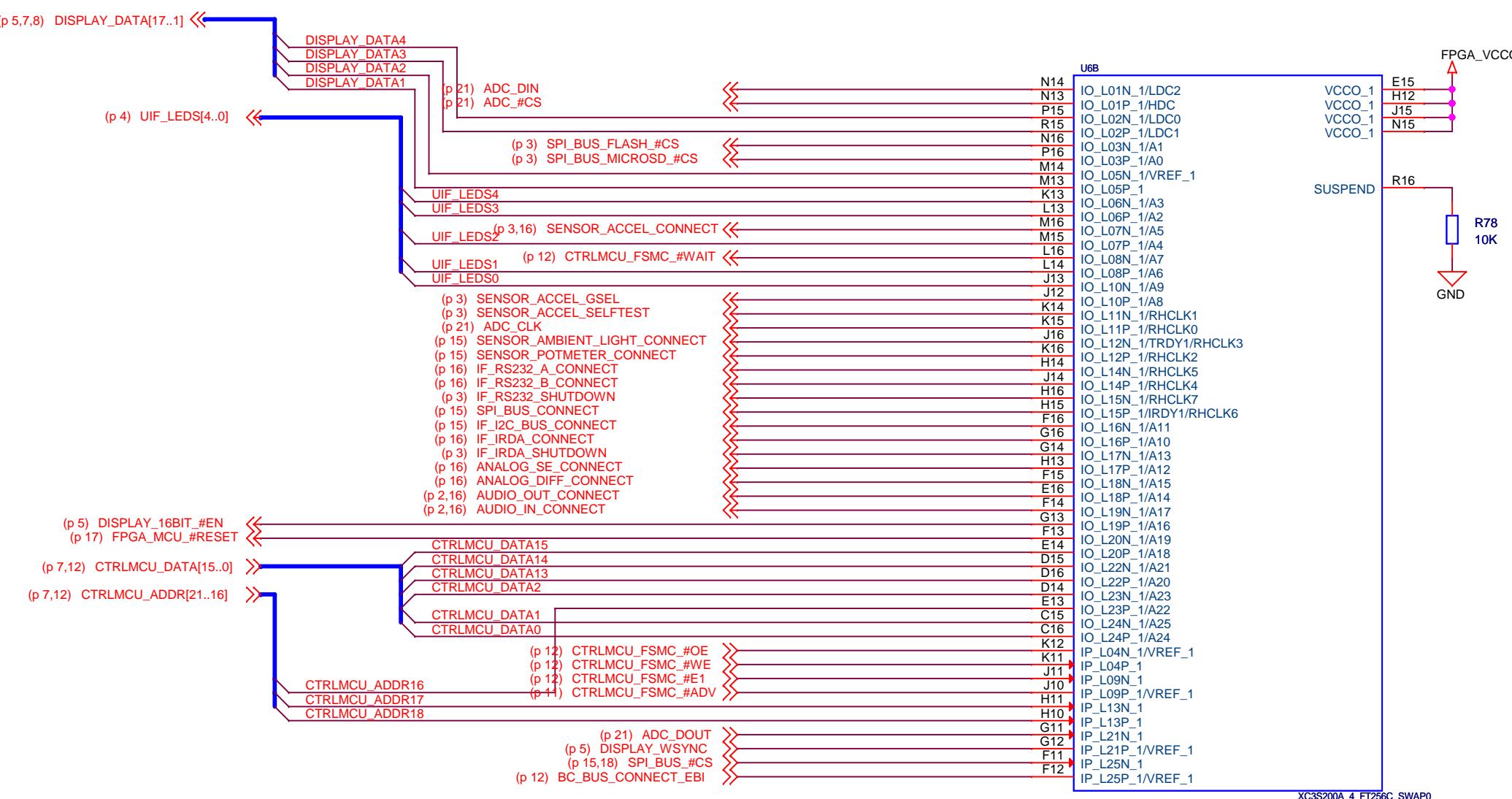
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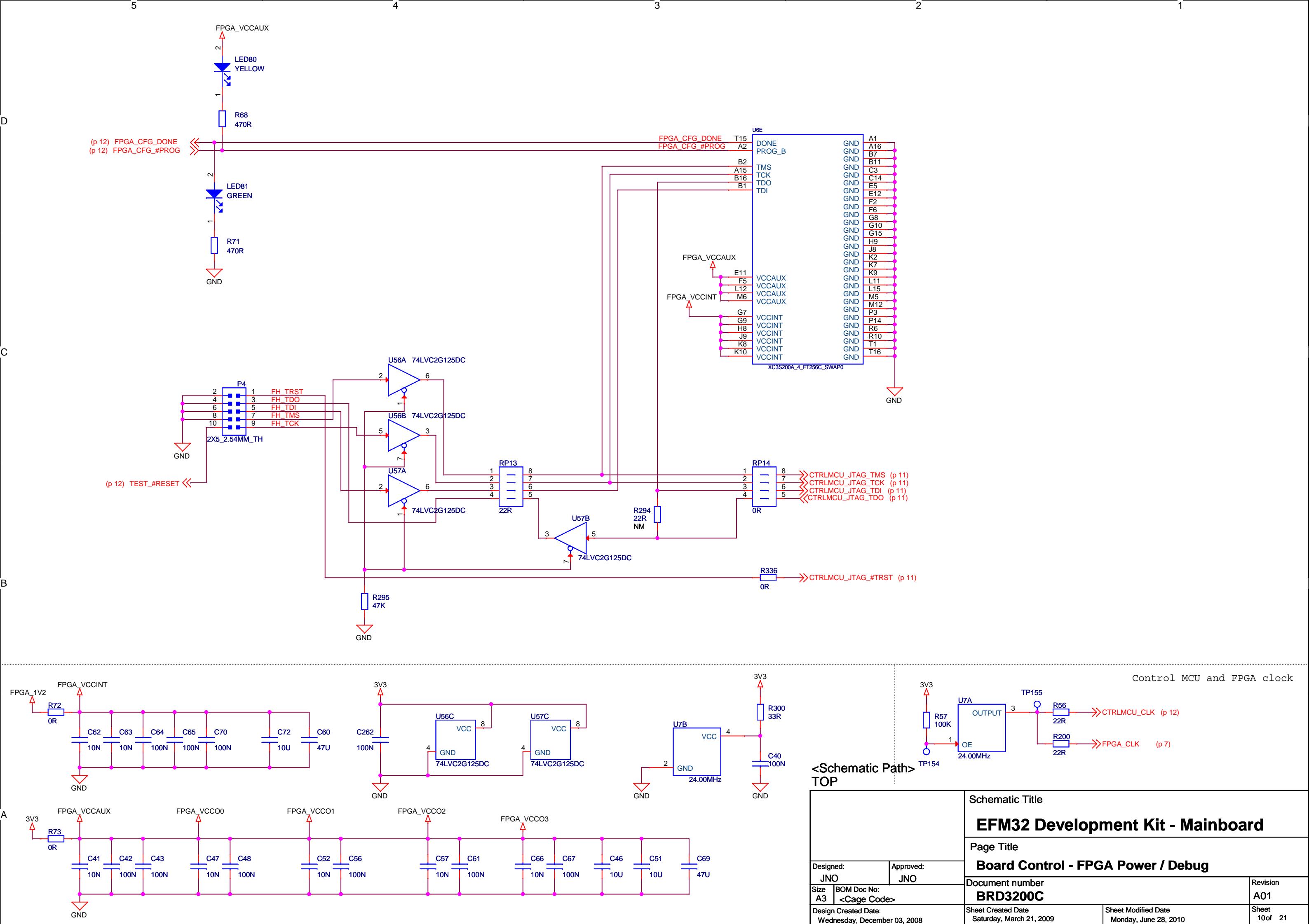
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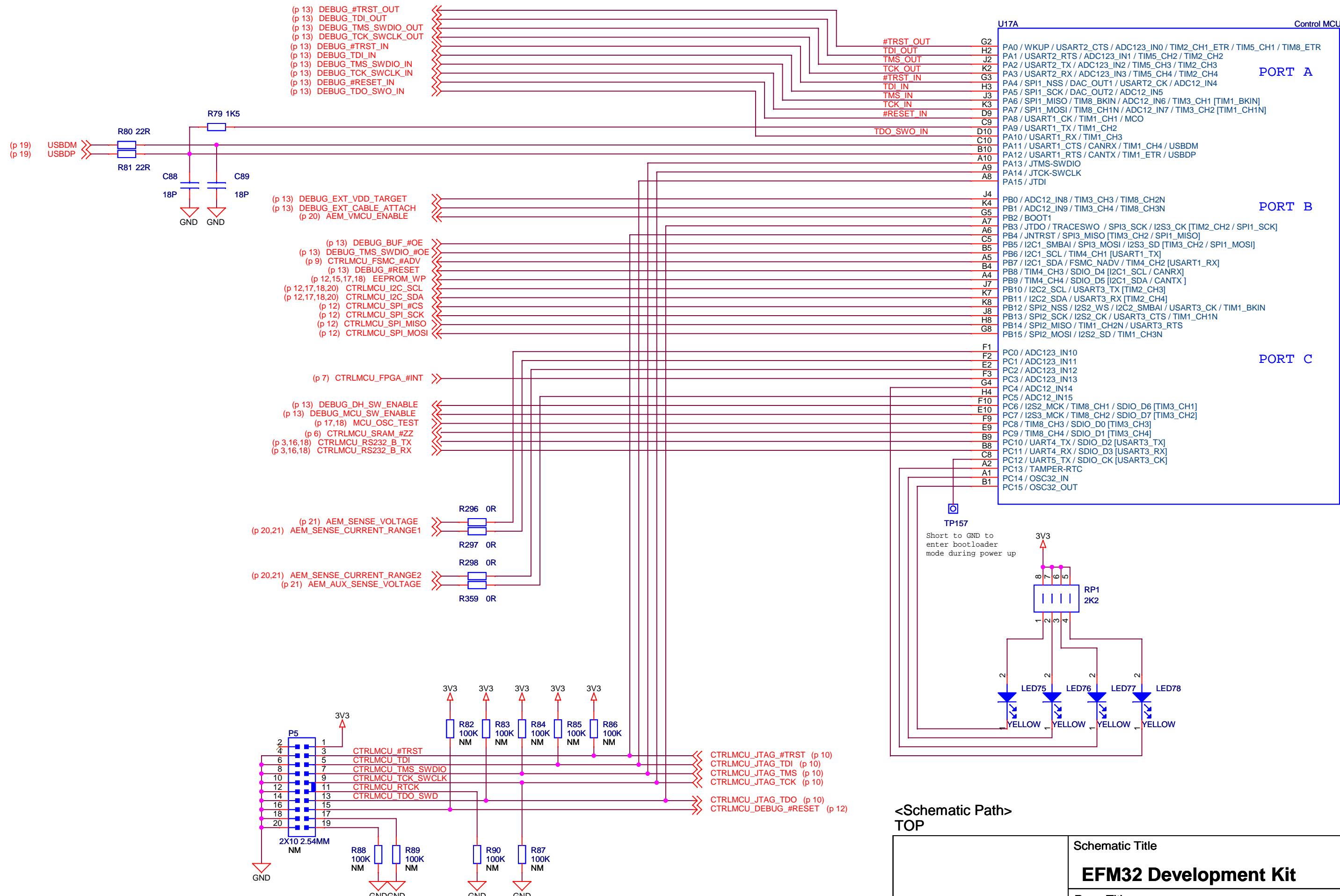




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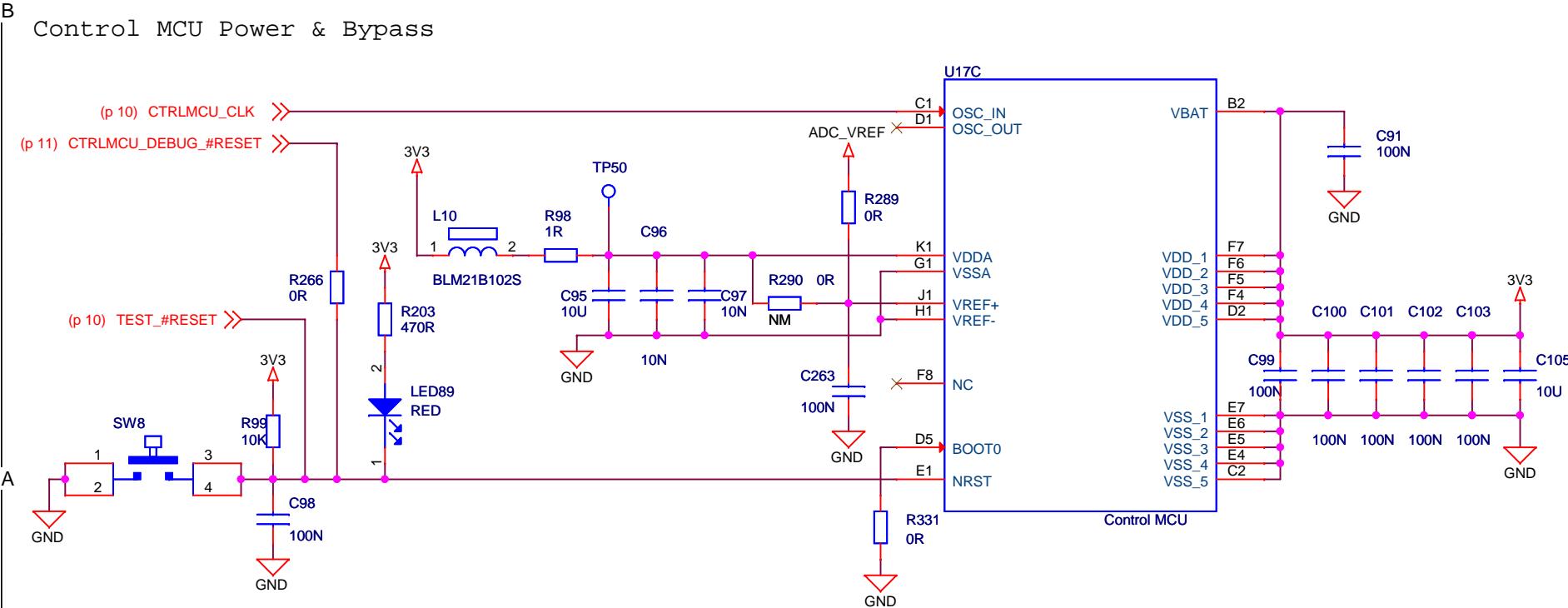
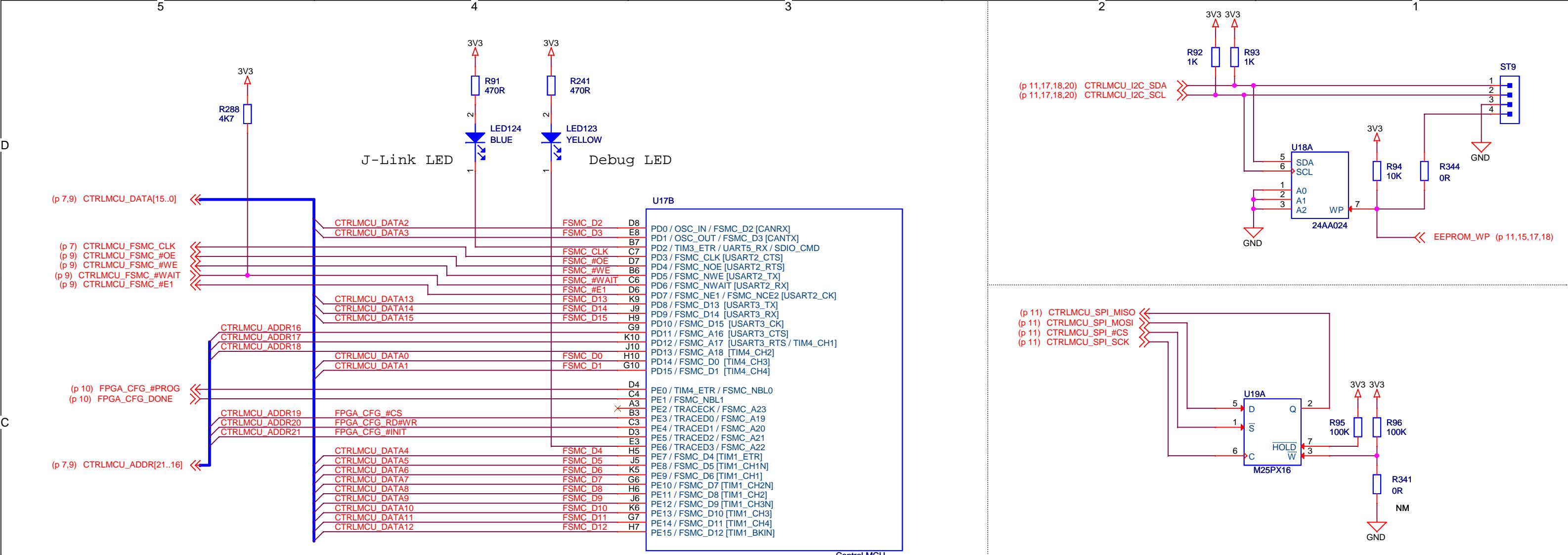
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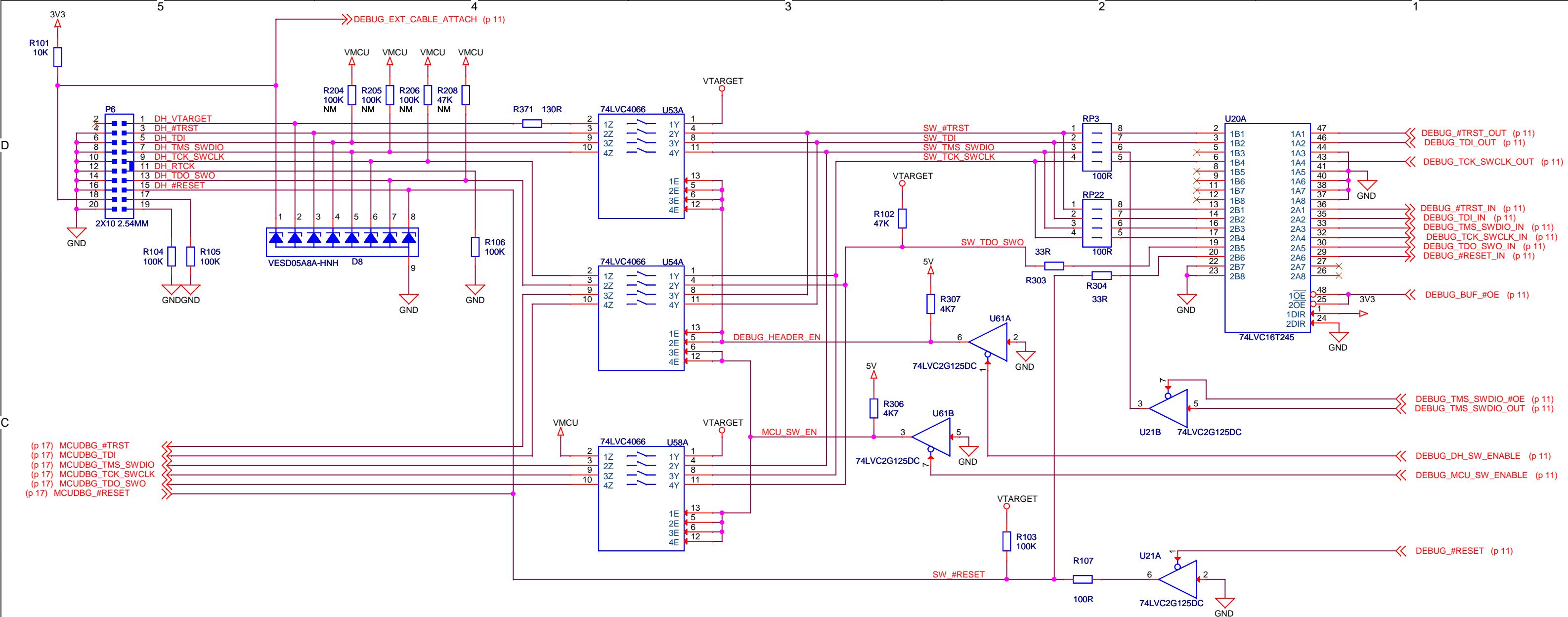
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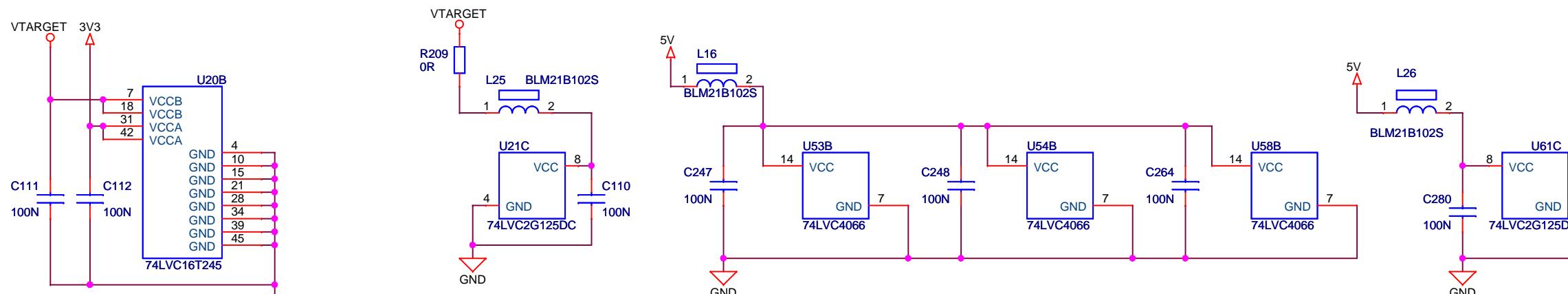


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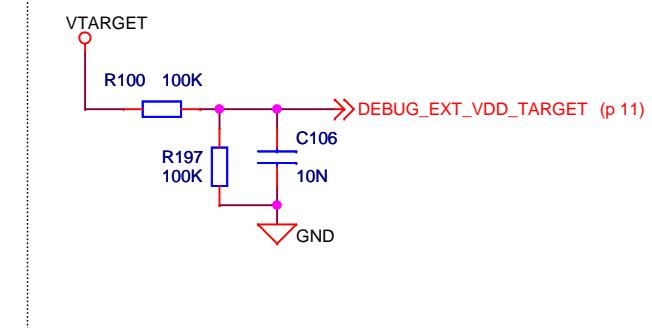
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Power & Decoupling



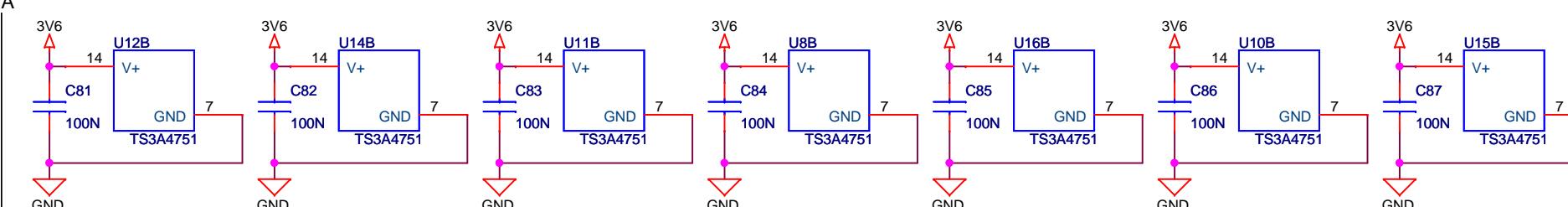
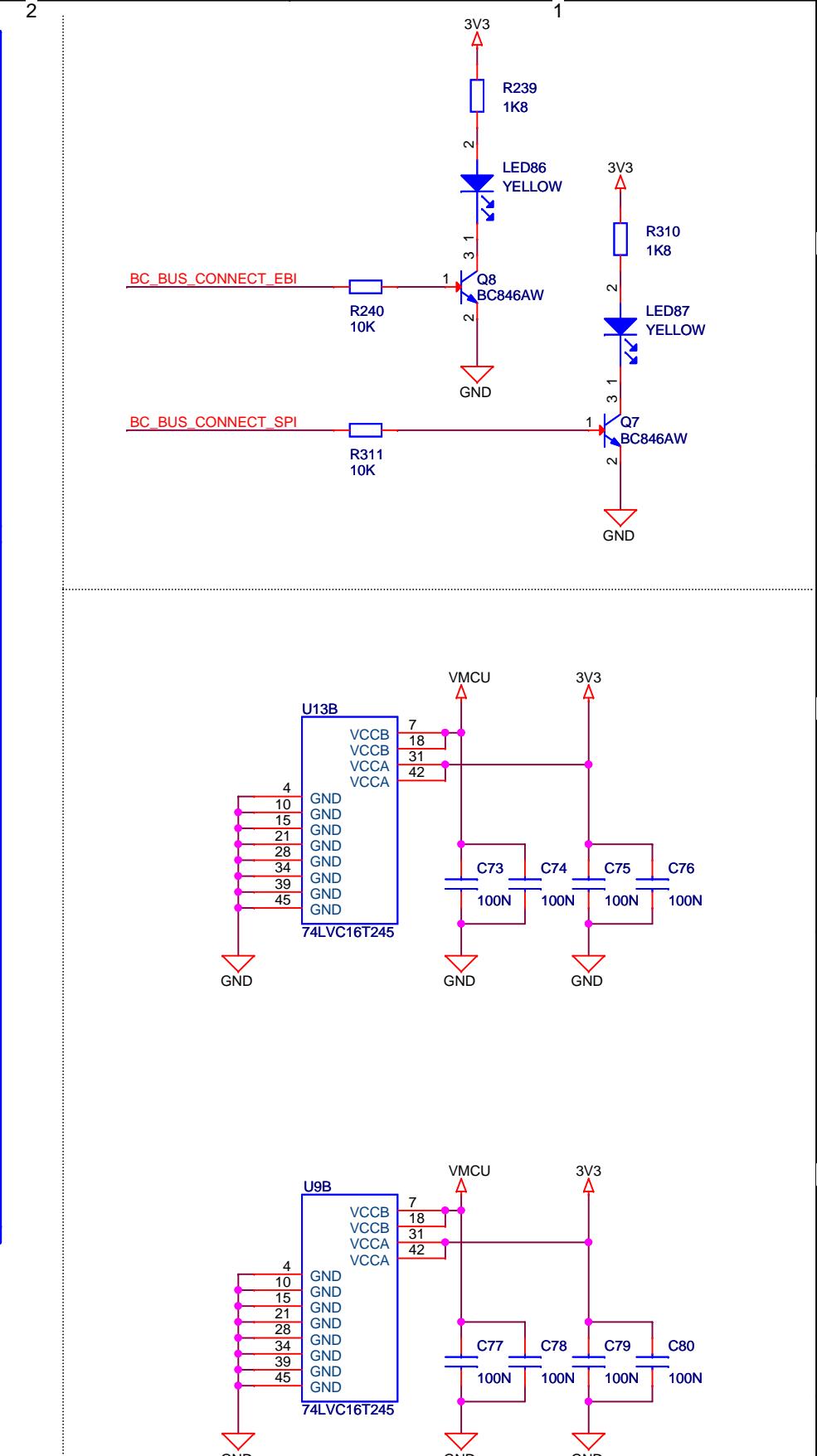
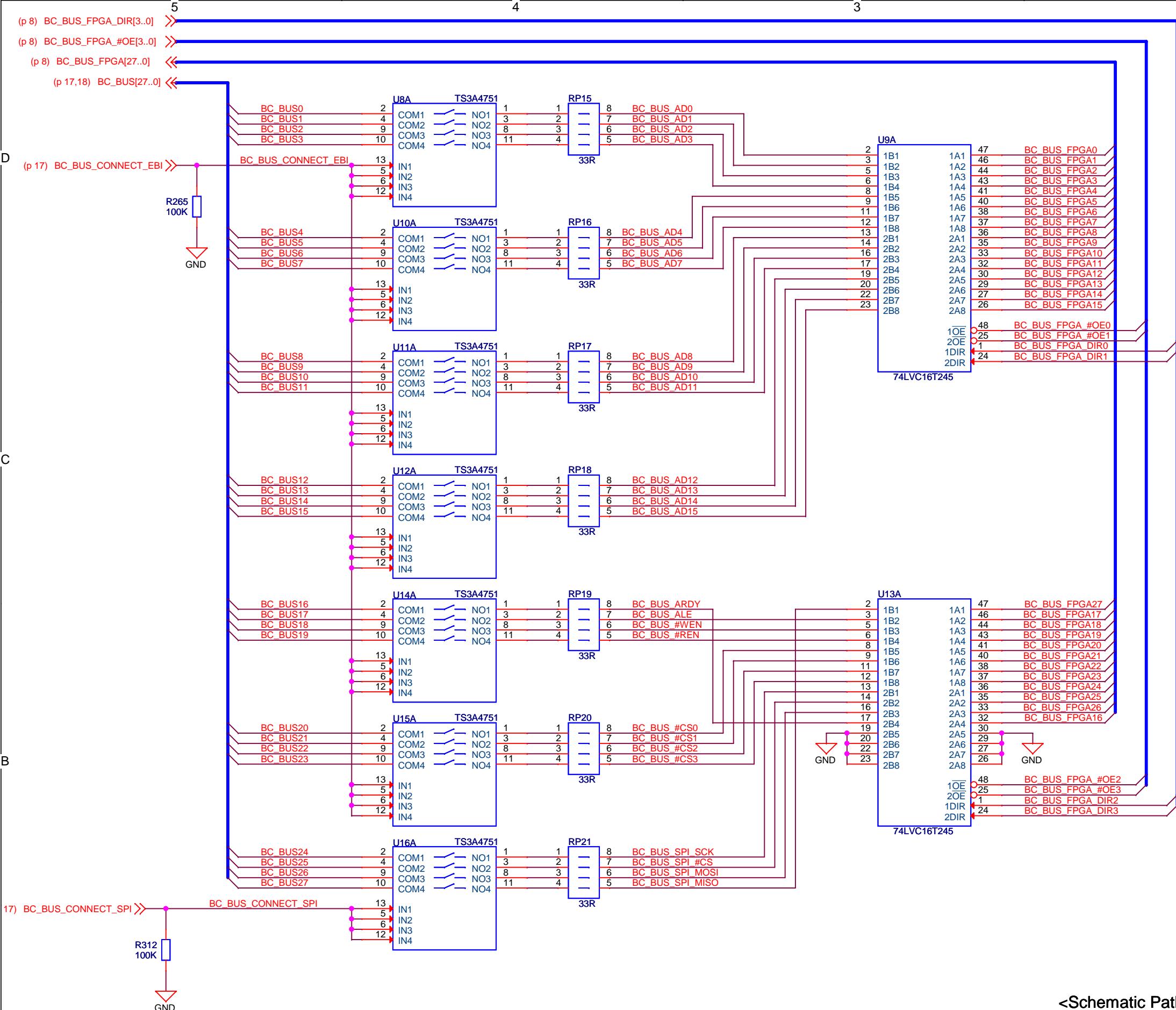
Ext. Debug Voltage Measurement



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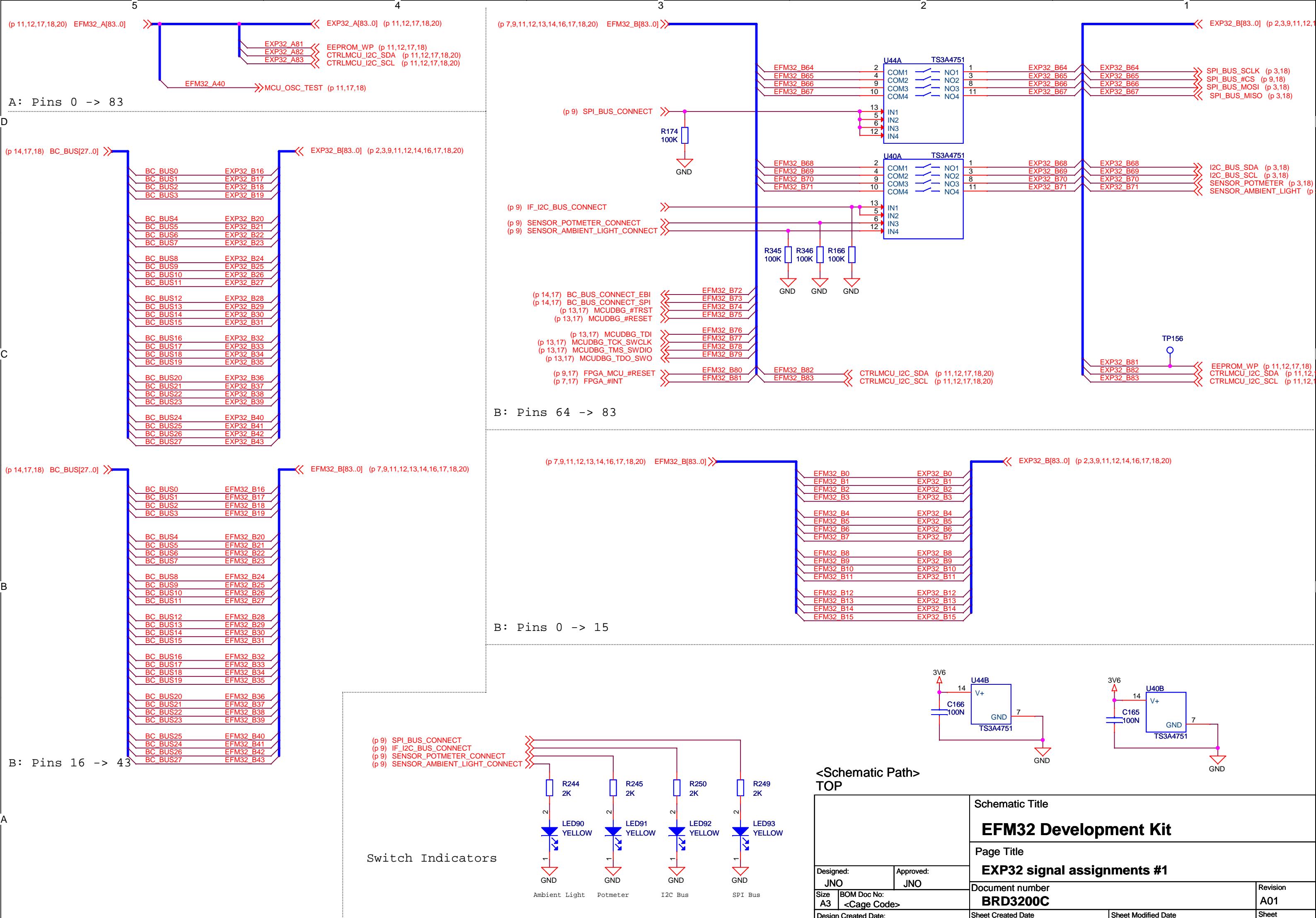
Mode	DEBUG_MCU_SW_ENABLE	DEBUG_DH_SW_ENABLE	DEBUG_BUF_OE	DH_VTARGET	VTARGET
Debug Out	0	1	0	External voltage	External voltage
MCU Debug	1	0	0	Disconnected	VMCU
Debug In	1	1	1	VMCU	VMCU

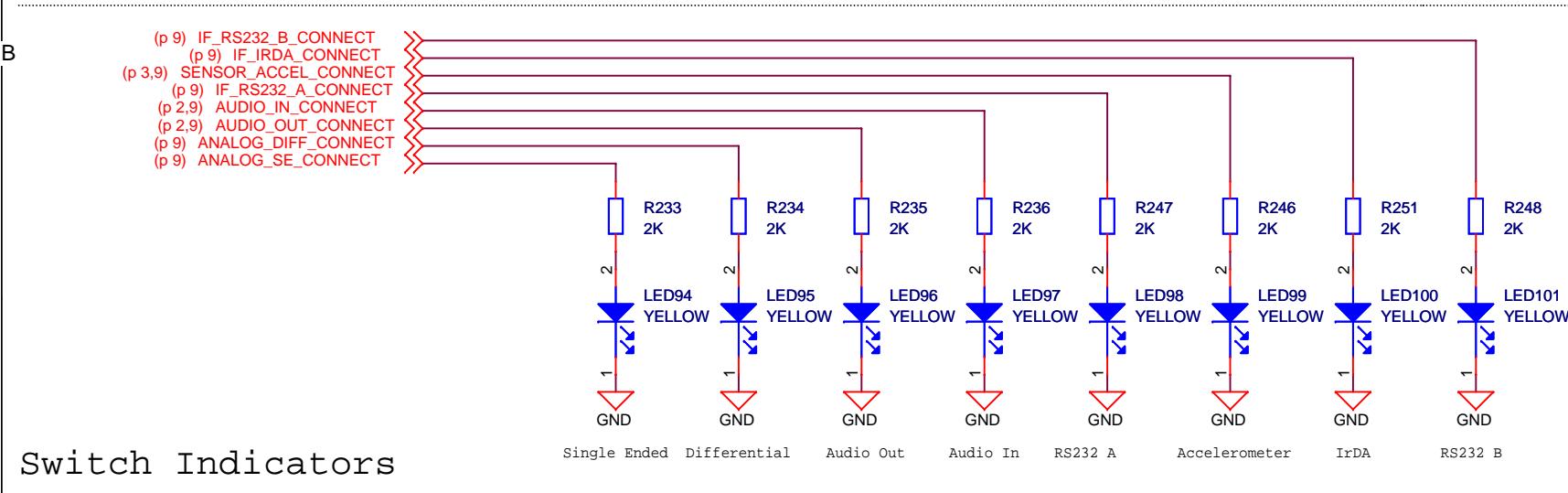
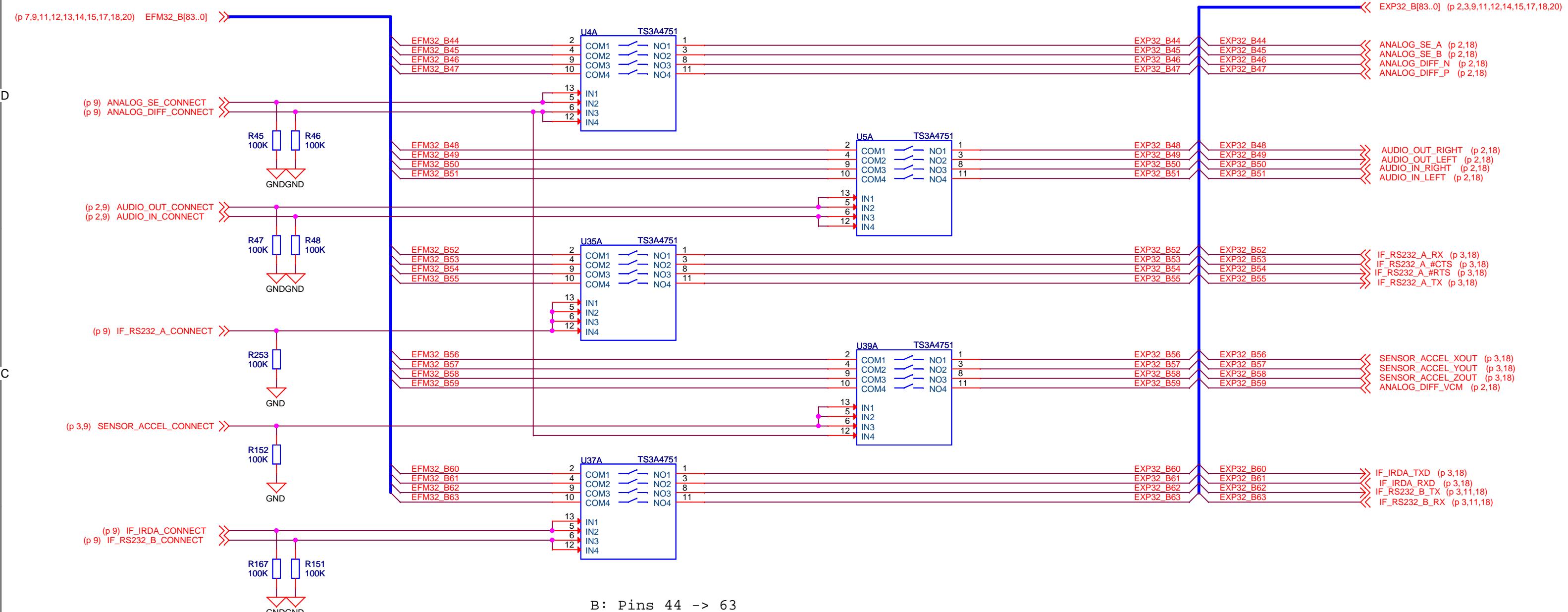
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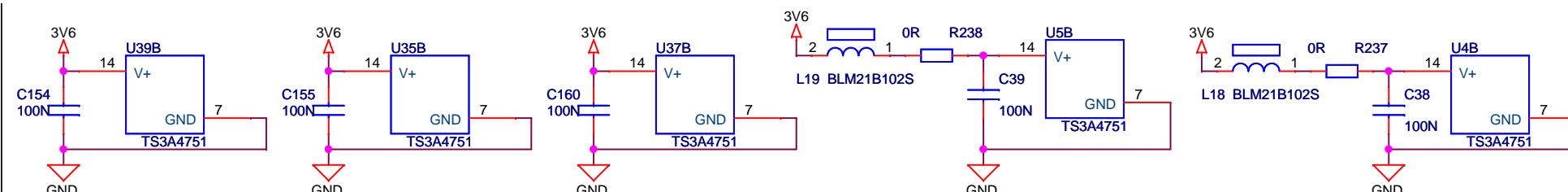
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(p 7,9,11,12,13,14,15,16,18,20) EFM32_B[83..0]



(p 11,12,15,18,20) EFM32_A[83..0]



3V3 VMCU_M_CPU2 P13

VMCU_M_CPU2 3V3

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120

EFM32_A0
EFM32_A1
EFM32_A2
EFM32_A3
EFM32_A4
EFM32_A5
EFM32_A6
EFM32_A7
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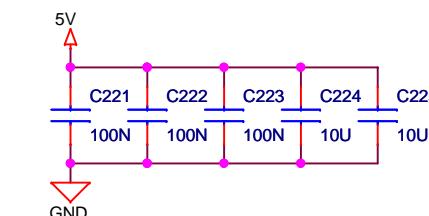
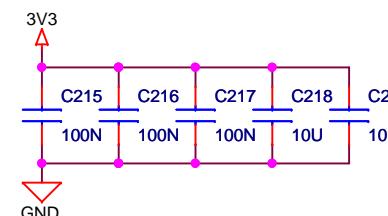
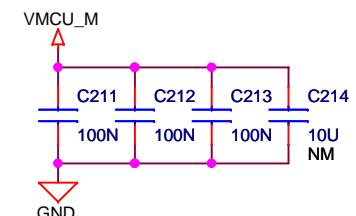
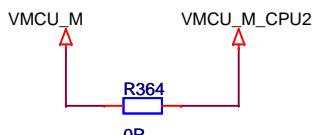
3V3 VMCU_M P14

VMCU_M 3V3

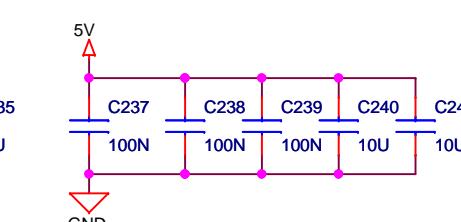
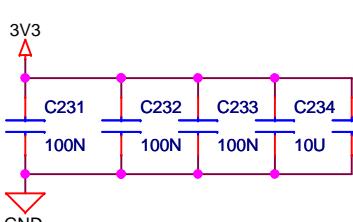
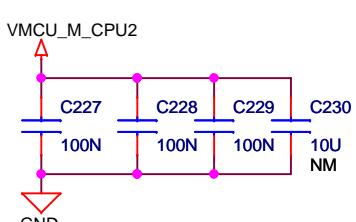
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EFM32_B0
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EFM32_B3
EFM32_B4
EFM32_B5
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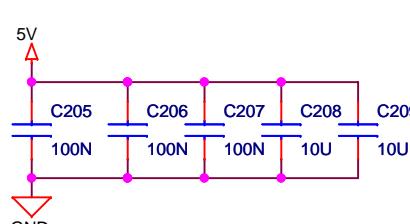
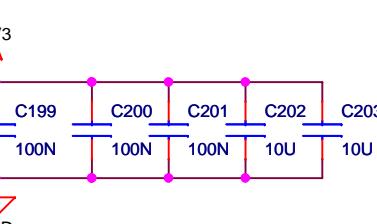
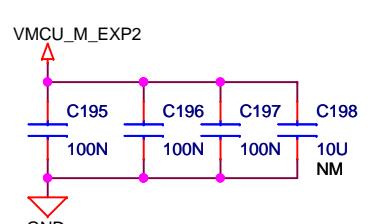
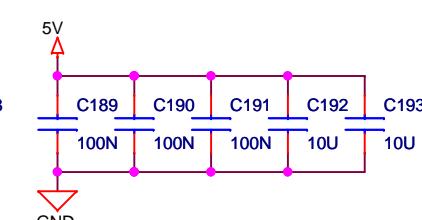
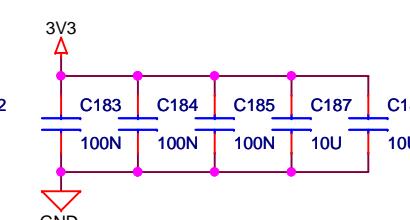
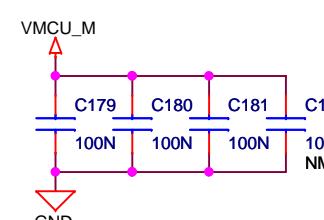
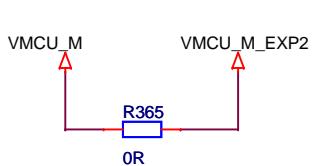
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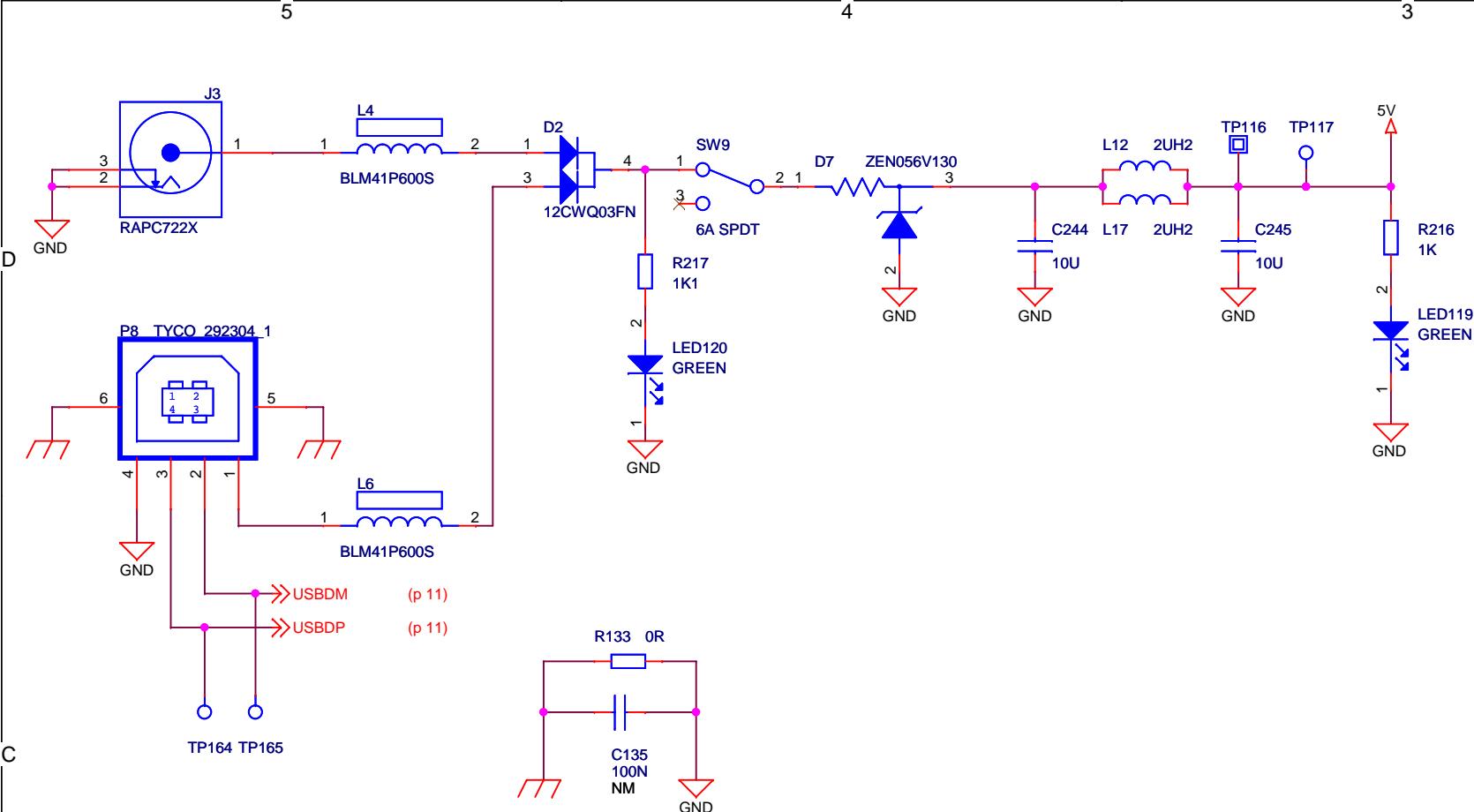
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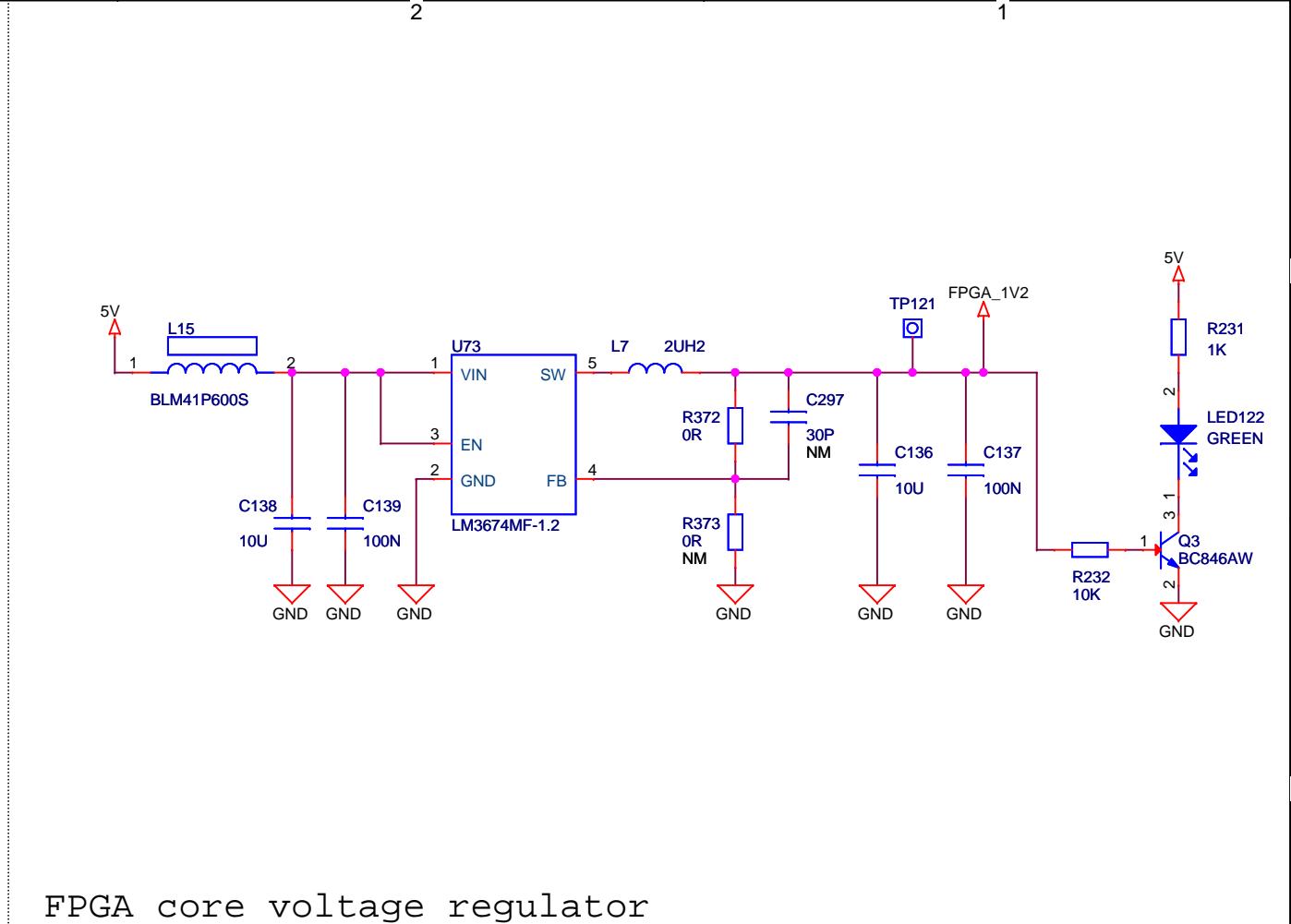
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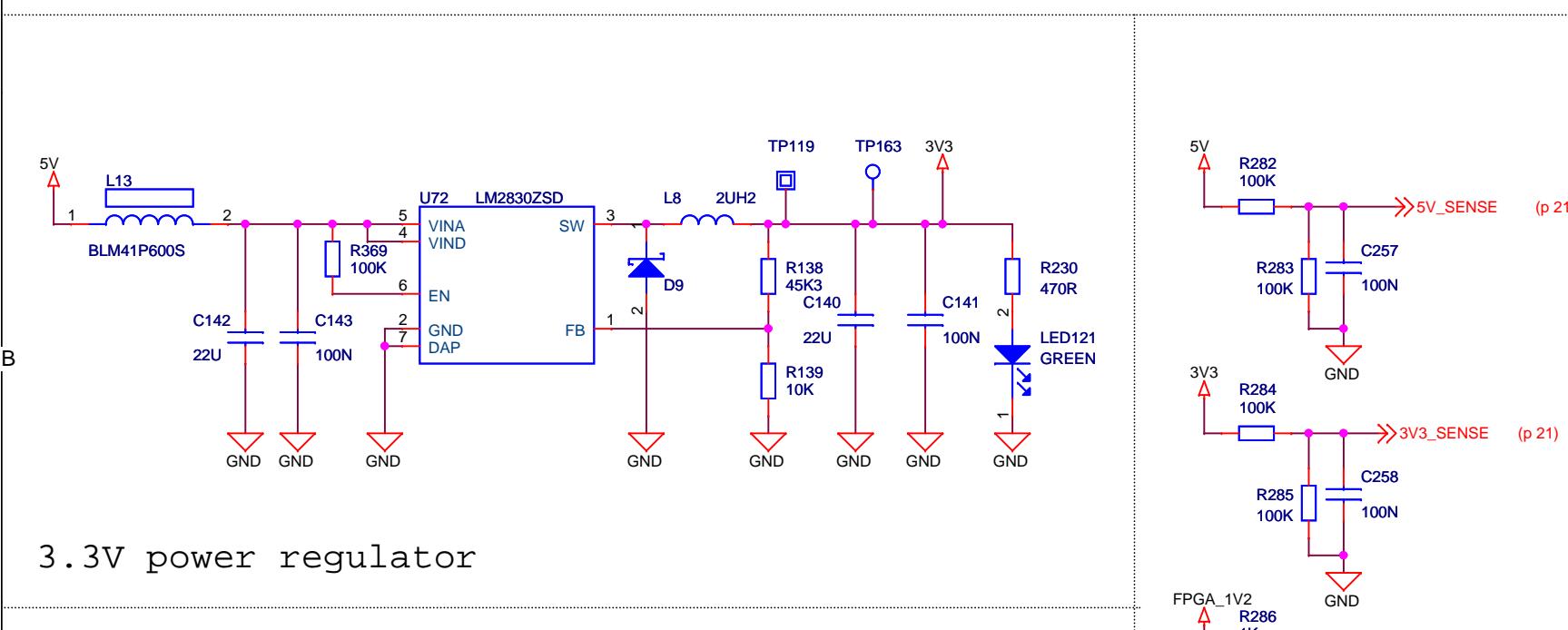
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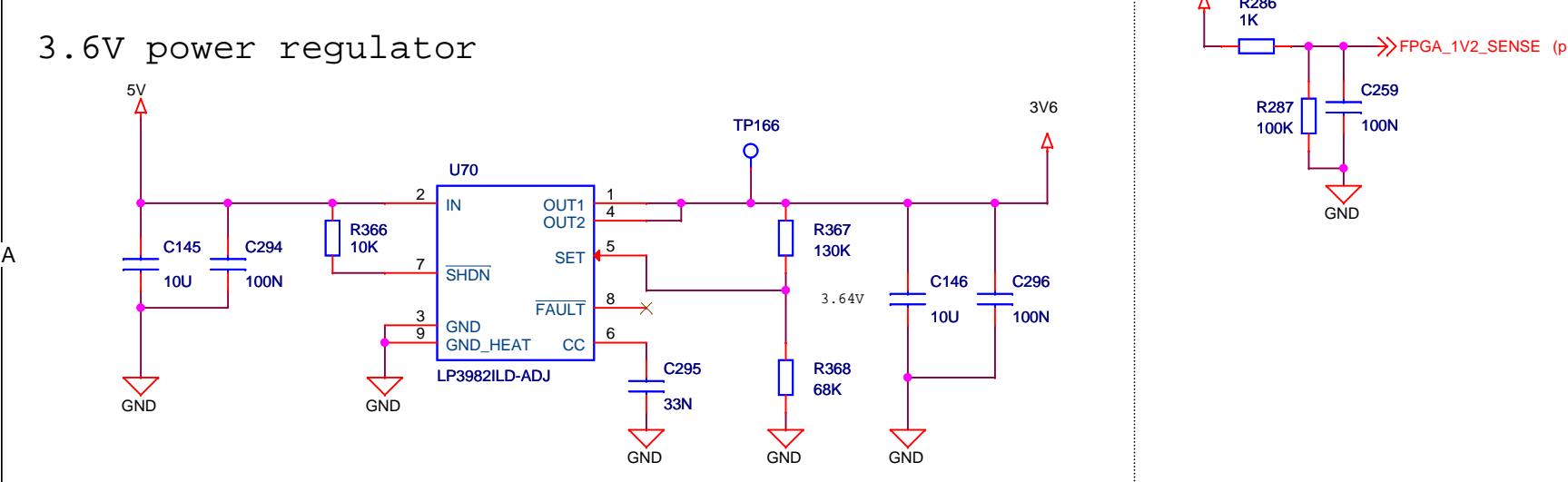
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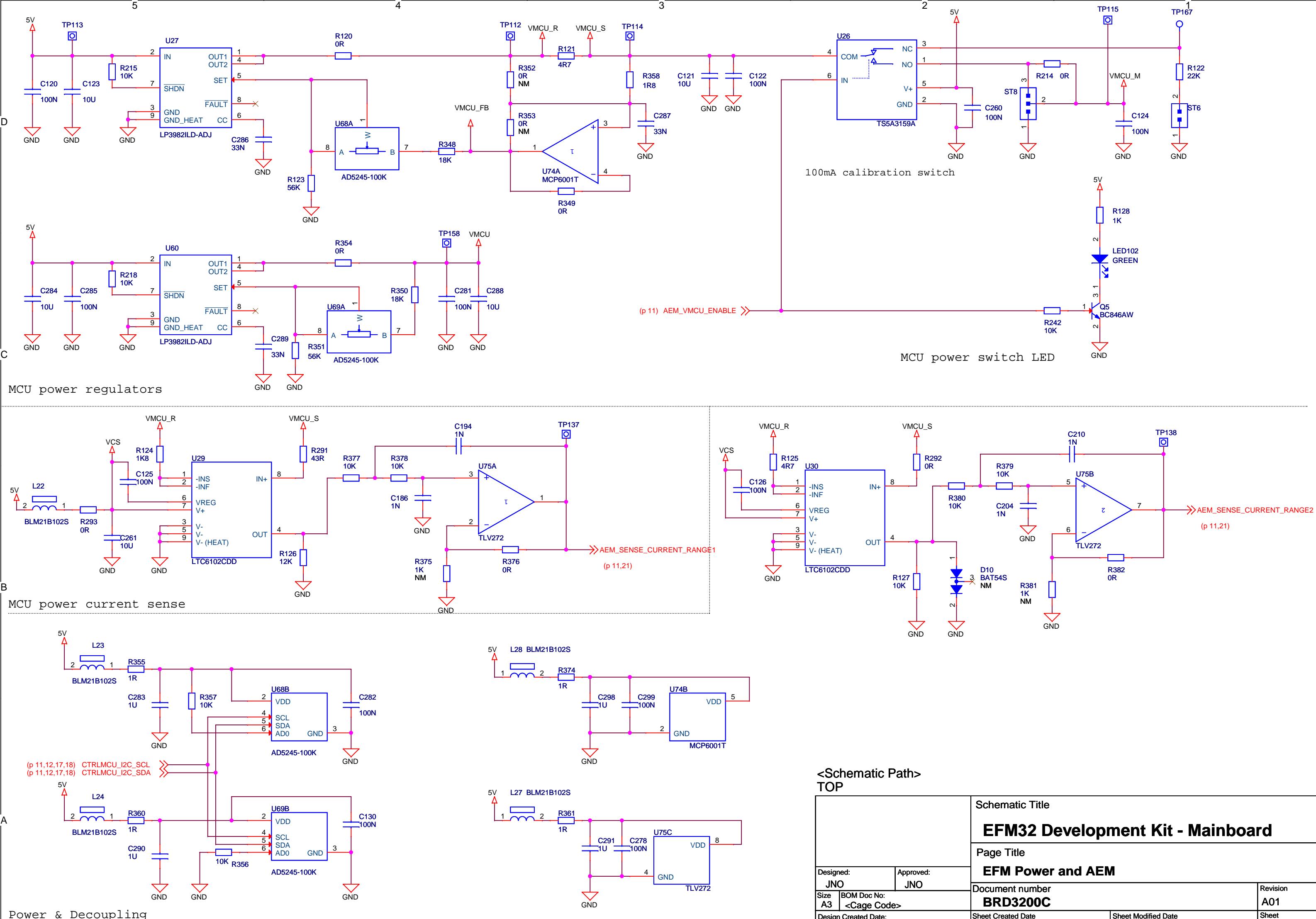
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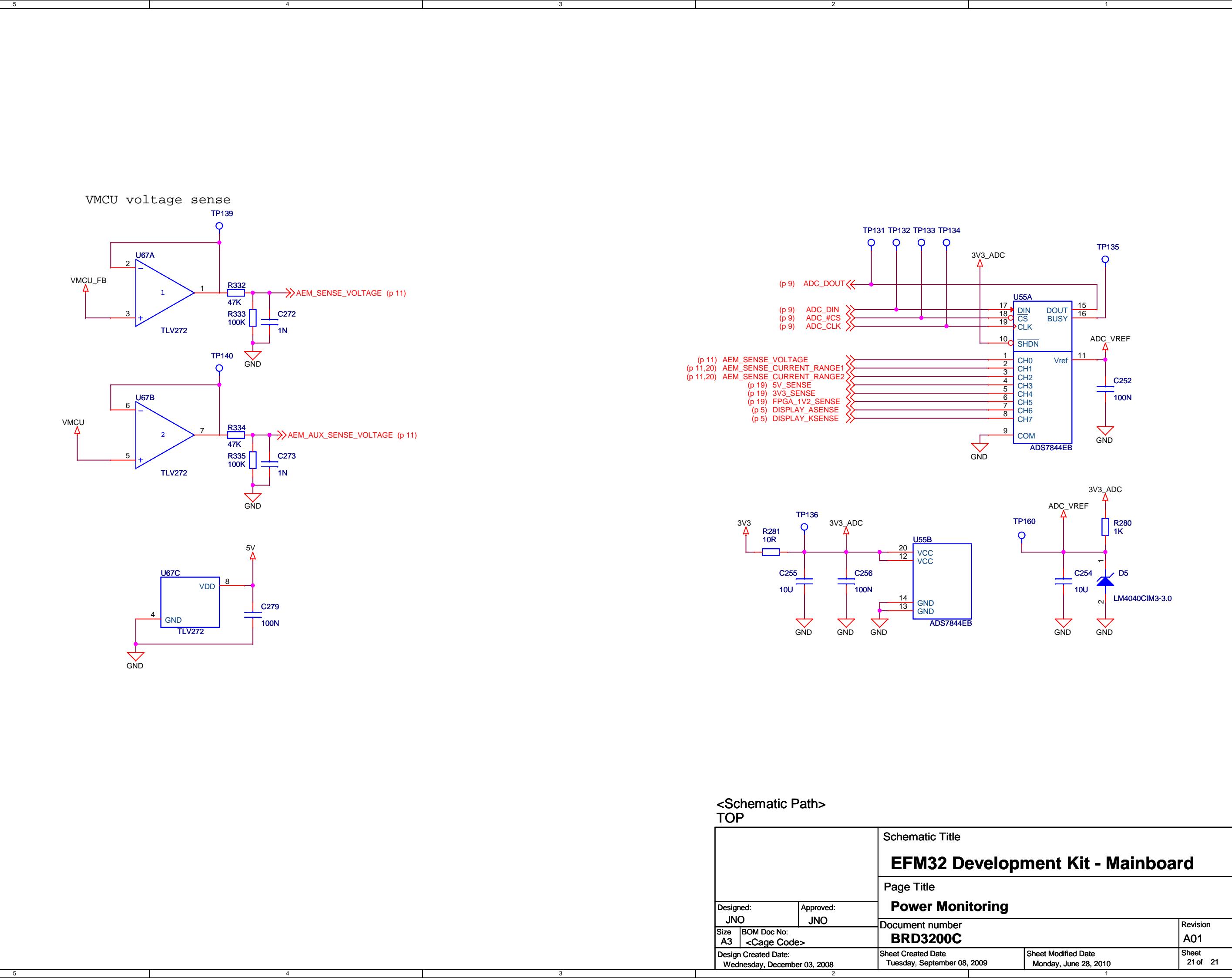


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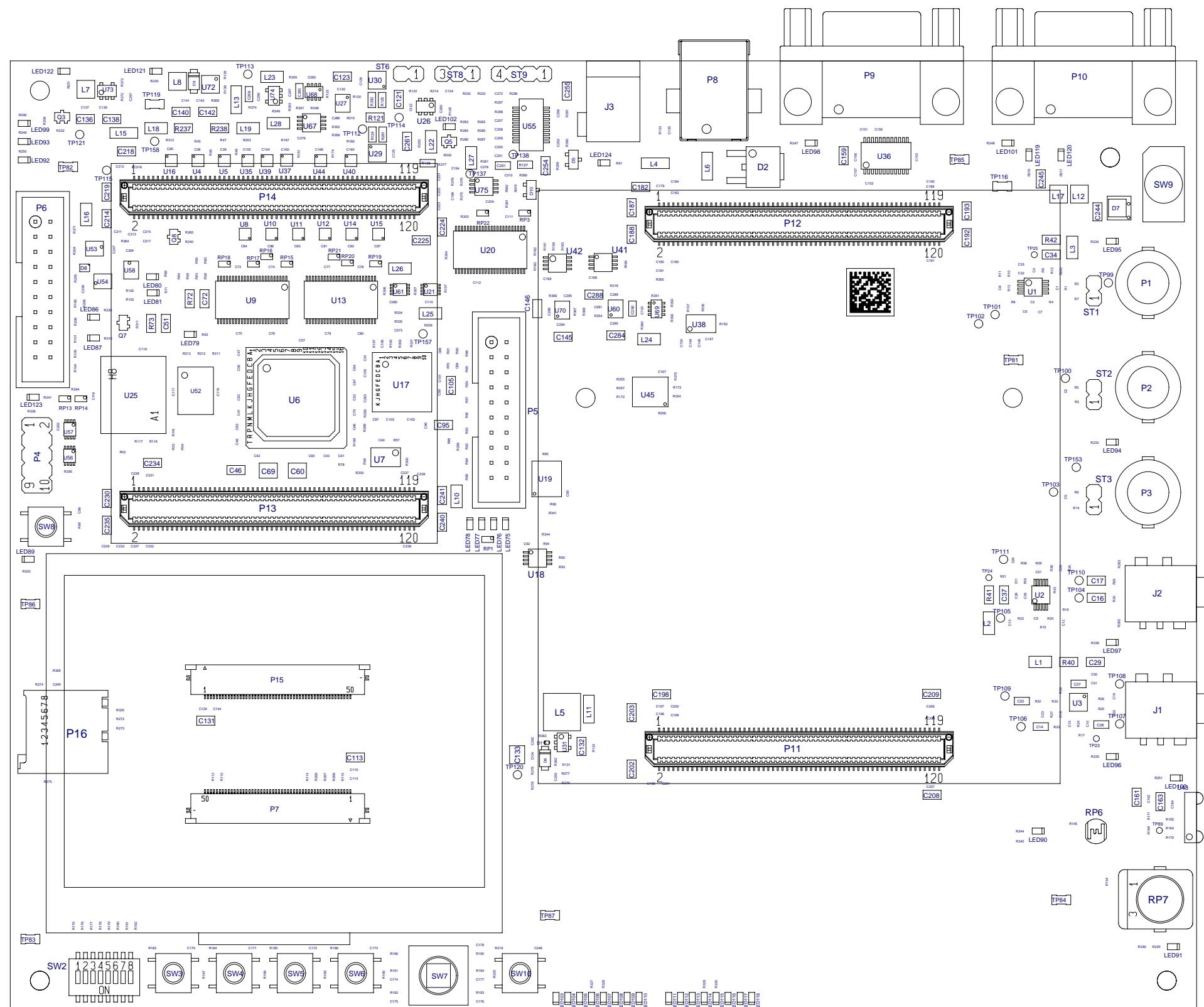
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Uført (også faktaansvarlig hvis annen) - Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

Referanser - References

EFM32 DEVELOPMENT KIT

(Scale 1.25 : 1)

Dokansv/Godk - Doc respons/Approved

Dato - Date
2010-01-08 C1

Produktbetegnelse - Product name

PRINTED BOARD ASSEMBLY

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Side - Sheet

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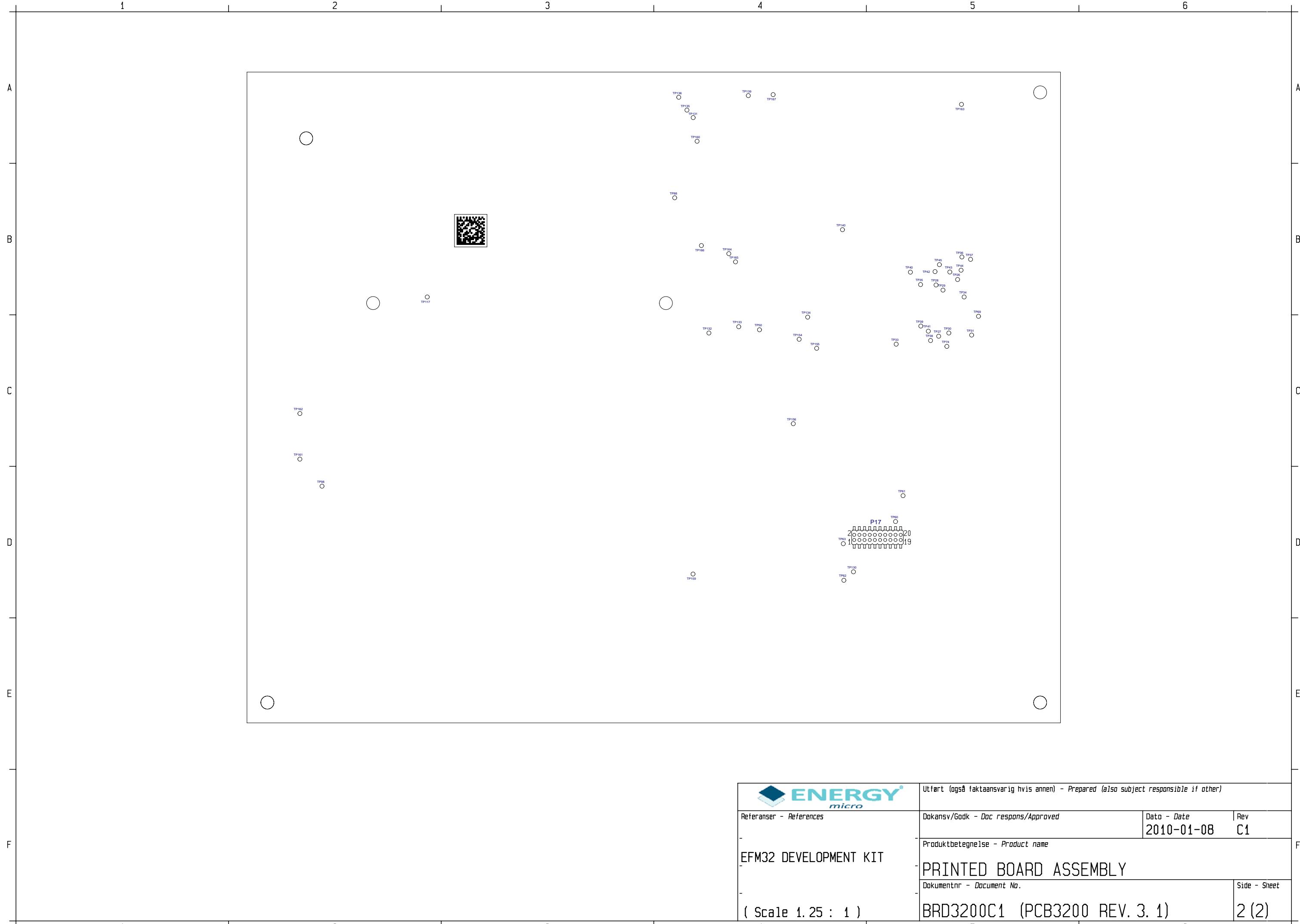


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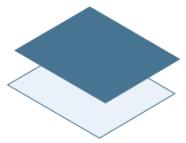
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