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1 Bluetooth Performance Test AT Command Usage

1.1 Opermode:

To validate BT/BT-LE PER mode use below operating modes.

- For BT 327680,0,1,0
- For BLE 851968,0,1,0

Note:

Please use the same BT folder structure format for BLE because PER is common for both BT and BLE, but needs to take care the Opermode in configuration file.

NOTE: In context of binary mode we don't have any separate BT/BLE PER commands to perform.

1.2 BT Transmit Tests

This test allows the configuration of the following parameters and starts the transmission of packets.

- PER enable/disable bit
- Device Address
- Packet Type
- Packet Length
- Link Type
- BR/EDR Mode
- Receive Channel Index
- Transmit Channel Index
- Scrambler Seed
- Number of Packets
- Payload Type
- Classic/LE Mode
- LE Channel Type
- Transmit Power
- Transmit Mode
- Hopping Type
- Antenna Select

Command Usage

The command usage is explained below.

at+rsibt_pertransmit=<per_enable/disablebit>,<dev_addr>,<pkt_type>,<pkt_length>,<link_type>,<br_edr_mode>,<rx_channel_index>,<tx_channel_index>,<scrambler_seed>,<no_of_packets>,< payload_type>,<classic_le_mode>,<le_channel_type>,<tx_power>,<tx_mode>,<hopping_type>,< ant_sel>

<per enable/disablebit>:used to set per mode



1-enable per mode.

2-disable per mode.

<dev_addr>: Device address. It is a 48-bit address in hexadecimal format, e.g., 00-23-A7-0102-03.

<pkt type>: Type of the packet to be transmitted, as per the Bluetooth standard.

<pkt length>: Length of the packet, in bytes, to be transmitted.

type>: Link Type – ACL, SCO, eSCO. Valid only in the Classic mode and invalid in LE mode.

'0' - SCO

'1' – ACL

'2' - eSCO

<br_edr_mode>: Decides whether the transmission has to happen in Basic Rate or Enhanced
Data Rate in Classic mode. It is invalid in LE mode.

'1' - Basic data Rate (1Mbps)

'2' or '3' - Enhanced Data Rate(2 Mbps or 3 Mbps)

<rx_channel_index>: Receive channel index, as per the Bluetooth standard.

<tx_channel_index>: Transmit channel index, as per the Bluetooth standard.

<scrambler_seed>: Initial seed to be used for whitening. It should be set to '0' to disable whitening.

<no_of_packets>: Number of packets to be transmitted. It is valid only when the <tx_mode> is set to Burst mode (0).

<payload_type>: Type of payload to be transmitted.

'0' - Payload consists of all zeros.

'1' - Payload consists of all 0xFF's.

'2' – Payload consists of all 0x55's

'3' - Payload consists of all 0xF0's.

'4' - Payload consists of PN9 sequence.

<classic le mode>: Choose between Bluetooth Classic and LE modes for the packet transmission.

'1' - Classic mode

'2' - LE Mode

<le channel type>: Channel type in LE mode. It is invalid in Classic mode

'0' - Advertising channel

'1' - Data channel

<tx_power>: Transmit power (in dBm) to be used by the module. The value should be between 0 and 18.

<tx_mode>: Choose between Burst and Continuous modes of transmission.

'0' – Burst mode

'1' - Continuous mode



<hopping_type>: Choose the hopping pattern.

'0' - No hopping

'1' - Fixed hopping

'2' - Random hopping

<ant_sel>: Select one of the two RF ports. For the modules without integrated antenna, it is used to select between pins RF_OUT_1 and RF_OUT_2. For the modules with integrated antenna and U.FL connector, it is used to select between the two.

'2' - RF OUT 2/Antenna

'3' - RF OUT 1/U.FL

Note:

- 1. After the transmission starts, the following command can be given to stop the transmission. at+rsibt_pertransmit=0
- 2. In binary mode issue the per_transmit command with 'enable' variable as '0'

Example:

at+rsibt pertransmit=1,00-23-a7-01-02-03,0,20,0,1,37,37,0,0,1,2,0,10,0,0,3

The above command starts transmitting ACL packets in burst mode with no hopping at 1 Mbps with the following configuration in LE mode.

Per enable -1

Device address - 00-23-A7-01-02-03

Packet type - 0

Packet length – 20 bytes

Link type - 0

BR/EDR mode – 1 (Basic data Rate with 1Mbps)

Rx channel index - 37(Advertising Channel)

Tx channel index – 37(Advertising Channel)

Scrambler seed – 0 (Disable whitening)

No of packets – O(Since tx_mode is burst)

Payload type – 1(Payload consists of all 0xFF's)

Classic/LE mode – 2(LE mode)

LE channel type - 0(Advertising Channel)

Tx power -10(10dBm)

Tx mode – 0(Burst mode)

Hopping type – 0(no hopping)

Antenna select - 2(RF_OUT_2/Antenna)

Refer to the table below for more details.

Standard Packet	pkt_type	br_edr_mode	classic/le Mode	Packet Length	Link type
DM1	3	1	1	0-17	1
DH1	4	1	1	0-27	1



DH3	11	1	1	0-183	1
DM3	10	1	1	0-121	1
DH5	15	1	1	0-339	1
DM5	14	1	1	0-224	1
2-DH1	4	2	1	0-54	1
2-DH3	10	2	1	0-367	1
2-DH5	14	2	1	0-679	1
3-DH1	8	3	1	0-83	1
3-DH3	11	3	1	0-552	1
3-DH5	15	3	1	0-1021	1
Any Value	Any Value	1	2	0-37	Any Value

Table 1: BT Packet lengths

Binary Command Index: 0x0098

Binary Structure format:

```
typedef union {
 struct {
  UINT08 type;
  UINT08 enable;
  UINT08 bt_addr[6];
  UINT08 pkt_type;
  UINT08 pkt_length[2];
  UINT08 link_type;
  UINT08 edr_ind;
  UINT08 rx_channel;
  UINT08 tx_channel;
  UINT08 scrambled_seed;
  UINT32 num_pkts;
  UINT08 payload_type;
  UINT08 protocol_mode;
  UINT08 le_channel;
```



```
UINT08 tx_power_index;

UINT08 tx_mode;

UINT08 frequency_hop;

UINT08 ant_sel;

}PerTransmitFrameSnd;

UINT08 uPerTransmitBuf[27];

} RSI BT CMD PER TRANSMIT;
```

Note:

In binary structure, 'type' variable should be always value '4'. This is not configurable.

1.3 BT Receive Tests

This test, allows the configuration of the parameters below.

- Per mode enable /disable bit
- Device Address
- Link Type
- Packet Type
- Packet Length
- Scrambler Seed
- BR/EDR Mode
- Receive Channel Index
- Transmit Channel Index
- Classic/LE Mode
- LE Channel Type
- Hopping Type
- Antenna Select

Command Usage

The "bt_receive" command usage is explained below.

```
at+rsibt_perreceive=<perenable/disable>, <dev_addr>, <link_type>, <
pkt_type>, <pkt_length>, <scrambler_seed>, <br_edr_mode>, <rx_channe
l_index>, <tx_channel_index>, <classic_le_mode>, <le_channel_type>, <hopping_type>, <ant_sel>
```

Parameters for the "bt_receive" command have the same definition as the ones for the "bt_transmit" command.

Note:

1. After the reception starts using bt_receive, the following command can be given to stop the reception.



2. In binary mode issue the per_receive command with 'enable' variable as '0'

```
at+rsibt perreceive=0
Example:
at+rsibt perreceive=1,00-23-a7-01-02-03,0,0,20,0,1,37,37,2,0,0,2
The above command starts receiving ACL packets with no hopping at 1 Mbps with the following
configuration in BT-LE mode.
Per enable-1
Device address - 00-23-A7-01-02-03
Link type - 0
Packet type - 0
Packet length - 20 bytes
Scrambler seed - O(Disable whitening)
BR/EDR mode - 1 (Basic data Rate with 1 Mbps)
Rx channel index – 37(Advertising Channel)
Tx channel index – 37(Advertising Channel)
Classic/LE mode - 2(LE mode)
LE channel type -0 (Advertising Channel)
Hopping type – 0(no hopping)
Antenna select - 2(RF OUT 2/Antenna)
Binary Command Index: 0x0099
Binary Command Structure:
        typedef union {
         struct {
          UINT08 type;
          UINT08 enable;
          UINT08 bt addr[6];
          UINT08 link_type;
          UINT08 pkt type;
          UINT16 pkt length;
          UINT08 scrambled seed;
          UINT08 edr ind;
          UINT08 rx channel;
          UINT08 tx channel;
          UINT08 protocol mode;
          UINT08 le channel;
          UINT08 frequency hop;
          UINT08 ant sel;
         }PerReceiveFrameSnd;
         UINT08 uPerReceiveBuf[20];
        RSI BT CMD PER RECEIVE;
Note:
In binary structure, 'type' variable should be always value '5'. This is not configurable.
```

1.4 BT STATS TEST

The stats command usage is explained below.

at+rsibt perstats



This command gives the following stats after running the receive test.

crc_pass: The number of CRC passed packets received crc_fail: The number of CRC failed packets received rssi: The RSSI value of the last received packet

```
Binary Command Index: 0x009A
```

Binary Structure Format:

```
typedef union {
    struct {
    UINT08 type;
    UINT08 enable;
}PerStatsFrameSnd;
UINT08 uPerStatsBuf[2];
} RSI_BT_CMD_PER_STATS;
```

Binary Response structure Format:

```
typedef struct {
   UINT16 crc_fail;
   UINT16 crc_pass;
   UINT8 RSSI;
} RSI_BT_RESP_PER_STATS;
```

Note:

- 1. For continuously getting the stats repeatedly give the stats command.
- 2. In binary structure, 'type' variable should be always value '8'. This is not configurable.

1.4.1.1 Continuous Wave Transmit Mode

This command is used to configure the device to transmit a continuous wave. The following parameters can be configured.

- 1. Channel Index
- Start/Stop
- 3. Antenna Select

Command Usage

The command usage is explained below.

```
at+rsibt percwmode=<channel index>,<start/stop>,<ant sel>
```

<channel_index>: Channel index, as per the Bluetooth standard.

<start/stop>: Start or Stop the Continuous Wave mode transmission.

- '0' start the cw mode transmission
- '2' stop the cw mode transmission

<ant_sel>: Select one of the two RF ports. For the modules without integrated antenna, it is used to select between pins RF_OUT_1 and RF_OUT_2. For the modules with integrated antenna and U.FL connector, it is used to select between the two.



```
• '2' - RF OUT 1/U.FL
```

'3' – RF OUT 2/Antenna

Example

```
at+rsibt percwmode=10,0,3
```

The above command starts continuous wave transmission with the following configuration

Channel index - 10

Start - 0 (starts the transmission)

Antennal Select - 3(RF_OUT_2/Antenna)

Binary Command Index: 0x009B

Binary Structure Format:

```
typedef union {

struct {

UINT08 type;

UINT08 channel;

UINT08 cw_mode;

UINT08 cw_type;

UINT08 ant_sel;

}PerCwFrameSnd;

UINT08 uPerCwBuf[5];

} RSI_BT_CMD_PER_CW_MODE;
```

1.5 AFH_MAP

Description:

This command mode is used to configure the following parameters..

Command Usage

at+rsibt afhmap=<startingchannel>,<endingchannel>

Parameters

<startchannel>: This parameter indicates the starting channel index, as per the Bluetooth standard. The range is from 0 to 78.

<endchannel>: This parameter indicates the ending channel index, as per the Bluetooth standard. The range is from 0 to 78.

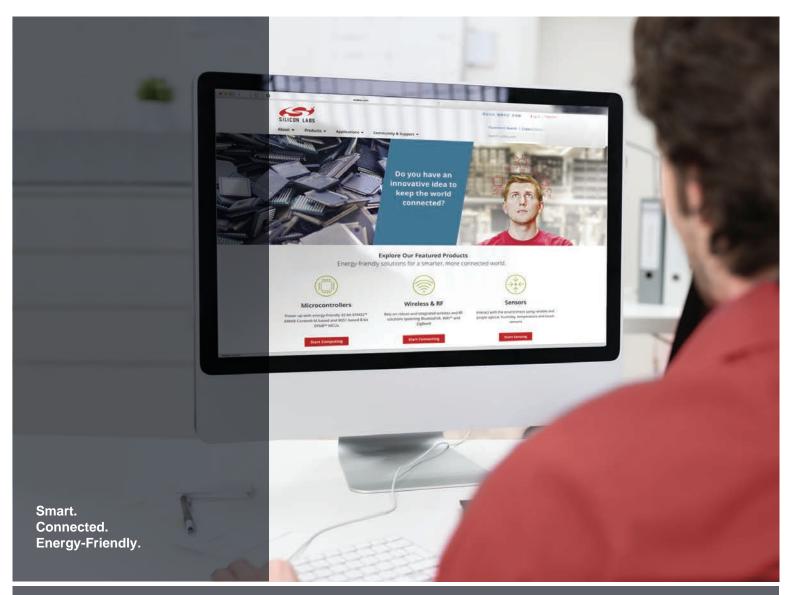
Example

```
at+rsibt afhmap=12,30
```

Note:

In binary mode, this support is not present.







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