

UG453: RS9116W EVK User's Guide

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About this Document

This document covers the RS9116 Module's Evaluation Board (EVB) and its usage for evaluating Silicon Labs' RS9116 based ultra-low-power, single spatial stream, dual-band 802.11n + BT 5.0 Convergence modules in WiSeConnect™ mode.

Note:

This document should be used with WiSeConnect version 2.3.0.



1 Overview

The RS9116 Module Evaluation Kit (EVK) is a platform for evaluating the RS9116 modules with multiple Host Processors/MCUs over interfaces like SPI, USB-CDC, UART. The EVK includes sample driver, supplicant, applications to test the following:

- Wireless Functionality for Wi-Fi, BT/BLE
- Security modes
- Throughputs
- Power Consumption
- Firmware Upgrade

Silicon Labs' RS9116 wireless modules with single and dual-band provide a comprehensive multi-protocol wireless connectivity solution including 802.11 a/b/g/n (2.4/5 GHz), dual-mode Bluetooth 5. The wireless modules offer high throughput, extended range with power-optimized performance. The wireless modules are FCC, IC, and ETSI/CE certified.

Note:

Refer to *Getting Started with RS9116 EVK and WiSeConnect* from <u>https://docs.silabs.com/rs9116</u>, for quick evaluation of the EVK.

All the latest user-level Documents, Firmware Release packages, certifications of the module and other material related to the RS9116 based modules are available in <u>https://www.silabs.com/wireless/wi-fi/rs9116-wi-fi-ncp-modules</u> click on the *View Documentation* link.

For SDIO and USB Interface contact Silicon Labs https://www.silabs.com/about-us/contact-sales for availability.

1.1 The RS9116 WiSeConnect™

The WiSeConnect[™] module offers WLAN and Bluetooth protocols along with WPA/WPA2-PSK, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise (EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP-MS-CHAP-V2) and a feature-rich networking stack embedded in the device, thus providing a fully-integrated solution for embedded wireless applications. These modules can be interfaced to 8/16/32-bit host processors through SPI, UART, and USB-CDC interfaces.



2 Evaluation Kit Details

2.1 Evaluation Kit Part Numbers

2.1.1 Ordering Information for Evaluation Kits

Single Band - RS9116W-SB-EVK1, RS9116W-SB-EVK2 Dual-Band - RS9116W-DB-EVK1

2.1.2 Related Links

<u>https://www.silabs.com/wireless/wi-fi</u> - Check for RS9116 Wi-Fi NCP Modules

2.2 Evaluation Kit Contents

The RS9116 Module Evaluation Kit comes with the following components:

- 1. RS9116 Module Evaluation Board
- 2. Micro A/B-type USB cable
- 3. SDIO Adaptor Cable
- 4. SPI Adaptor Cable

It is highly recommended to use the Micro A/B type USB cable that comes with the kit. If a longer cable is needed ensure that you use a USB-IF certified cable which can supply peak current of at least 500mA.



Figure 1: Evaluation Kit Contents

Latest EVK user guide, firmware and reference projects can be downloaded from our portal (<u>www.silabs.com/development-tools/wireless/wi-fi/rs9116x-db-evk-development-kit</u>). Please use the link (<u>https://www.silabs.com/about-us/contact-sales</u>) to contact our Sales Team.



3 Hardware Details

This section describes RS9116 EVB's various components and headers. The OneBox-Embedded software for the WiSeConnect® modules supports UART, SPI, USB-CDC and USB interfaces to connect to the Host MCU.

As shown in the image below, the RS9116 EVB has four USB connectors for the Power, USB, USB-CDC and UART connections. The UART signals of the module are converted to USB using on-board circuit. The board also has an SDIO/SPI header.



Figure 2: RS9116 EVB

The board is designed to configure the module to use the interface on which power supply is detected. The SDIO and SPI interfaces require the power supply to be provided over the POWER port using a USB cable. Hence, for these interfaces, it is required that the USB Power connection be provided first followed by the SDIO or SPI connection. Follow the steps below to use the EVB with different interfaces:

1. USB, UART, USB-CDC Modes

a. Connect the Micro A/B-type USB cable between a USB port of a PC/Laptop and the micro-USB port labeled USB, UART or USB-CDC on the EVB.The USB, USB-CDC and UART connections also provide power, so only one USB cable needs to be connected.



- 2. SPI Mode
 - a. Connect the Micro A/B-type USB cable between a USB port of a PC/Laptop and the micro-USB port labeled POWER on the EVB.
 - b. Connect the 10-pin header of the SPI Adaptor Cable to the EVB. Connect the other wires of this connector to the SPI signals of a Host MCU platform. The details of the Header are given in <u>Appendix A</u>.
- 3. SDIO Mode
 - a. Connect the Micro A/B-type USB cable between a USB port of a PC/Laptop and the micro-USB port labeled POWER on the EVB.
 - b. Connect the 10-pin header of the SDIO Adaptor Cable to the EVB. Connect the other wires of this connector to the SDIO signals of a Host MCU platform. The details of the Header are given in <u>Appendix</u> <u>A</u>.

There is a 2-pin inline jumper available for measuring the current being sourced by the module during different stages of operation. This is labeled as "MEASUREMENT" on the baseboard. The user may connect a power meter or an ammeter to this jumper to measure the current.

Note: Assembly drawings of this EVB (Base Board and Daughter Board(CC1 and QMS)) are in Appendix E. Some of the critical parts' Reference Designators of this EVB are shown below.

- J19 Power Measurement
- JP40 Select between 3.3V or 1.8V supply voltage
- J7 JTAG/TRACE header
- J9 Power Save GPIOs
- J23 Power to the EVK
- J14 USB connection/Power
- J15 USB-CDC connection/Power
- J21 UART connection/Power
- J4 SDIO/SPI header

Make sure the ISP switch is in the OFF state. If it is ON state you will not get the boot loader messages.

Important Note:

If the baseboard Rev is 1.1 or below then follow the below procedure:

- 1. For SDIO/SPI, insert the USB into the Power port first before the SDIO/SPI connector is connected to the Host platform
- 2. For USB and USB-CDC, please connect the USB port to the Host platform first before connecting the USB for the Power port.



4 Evaluation of WiSeConnect[™]

4.1 Introduction

The following table describes the available test methods for all supported interfaces on the RS9116 Evaluation board. It also explains the available software mechanisms to evaluate these.

INTERFACE	UART	SPI	SDIO	USB	USB-CDC
Accepted Commands	AT CommandsBinary Commands (SAPI)	Binary Commands (SAPI)	Binary Commands (SAPI)	Binary Commands (SAPI)	AT CommandsBinary Commands (SAPI)
Evaluation Options	 Using Terminal Applications on Windows/Linux using AT commands or Binary commands. Using ready to run Reference projects on Linux. (Available as part of the release package) Performing ABRD in host interaction mode is must for UART mode. 	 Using ready to run Reference projects on the STM Cortex M4 platform. (Available as part of the release package) 	 Ready to run Reference projects on Linux. (Available as part of the release package) Using ready to run Reference projects on the Silabs RS12100 Cortex M4 platform. (Available as part of the release package) 	 Ready to run Reference projects on Linux. (Available as part of the release package) 	 Using Terminal Application on Windows/Linux using AT commands or Binary Commands. Using ready to run Reference projects on Linux. (Available as part of the release package) Performing ABRD in host interaction mode is must for USB-CDC mode.

NOTE: For a complete list of examples available as part of the package, refer to <u>Appendix B.</u>



4.2 Required Setup

The required setup is illustrated in figures in the sub-sections below for evaluation in the following modes:

- 1. Wi-Fi Client in PersonalWi-Fi Client in Personal Security ModeSecurity Mode
- 2. Wi-Fi Client in Enterprise Security Mode
- 3. <u>Wi-Fi Access Point Mode</u>
- 4. BLE Evaluation using AT Commands
- 5. BT Evaluation in UART Mode
- 6. <u>Wi-Fi + BLE Evaluation in UART Mode</u>

Note:

This section describes the evaluation process of the RS9116 modules using the UART interface. To learn about the SAPI's for SPI, SDIO, USB, and USB-CDC, please view the reference projects and associated readmes included in the release package.

4.2.1 Third-Party Tools

The following third-party tools maybe are required during your evaluation.

- 1. Docklight
- 2. Bluetooth SPP Manager (Android)
- 3. LightBlue Mobile Application (iOS)
- 4. SENA BTerm Mobile Application (Android)
- 5. nRF Connect Mobile Application (Android)

4.3 Getting Started

4.3.1 Installing Virtual COM Port Drivers

For UART communication, an FT232R USB-UART bridge is used on the EVB. This will enable a PC host to interface with the device using a USB cable.

Before working with the board, install virtual COM port drivers on the PC host. Detailed installation instructions are available for download from FTDI. The following link directs to the installation guides specific to PC operating systems. http://www.ftdichip.com/Support/Documents/InstallGuides.htm After the driver installation is done as per the guide, ensure the FT232R chip is configured to match with the default baud settings of the EVB. Baud rate setting and serial port settings can be configured from the device manager as shown in the following screen-shots. Navigate to the Device manager-> USB Serial Port(COMx) -> right-click and select "Properties".





After a click on the "Properties", one pop-up "USB Serial Port (COMx)" window is open, select the "Port Settings" tab as shown in the screenshot below.

File Action View Help							
🗢 🧆 🙇 🖬 🖬 🖬	0 👷 🛍 🕖						
Computer Management (Local	🖌 🚔 Karthik-PC					Actions	
a 🎁 System Tools	▶ d. Computer					Device Ma	inager
Task Scheduler	Disk drives					More	Actions
Shared Folders	Usplay adapters Usplay adapters Usplay adapters	USB Serial	Port (COM6)	Propert	ies		×
Local Users and Groups	> controllers	10 mm	Dard Cattings	0	Inest		
Performance	⊳ 🔮 Jungo	General	Port Settings	Driver	Details		
Device Manager Storage	Keyboards Mice and other pointing devices			1.1	1		
Disk Management	Monitors			Bits p	er second:	115200	•
Services and Applications	a 👰 Network adapters				Data bits:	8	•
	Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller						
	VirtualBox Host-Only Ethernet Adapter				Parity:	None	•
	VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet1				Stop bits:	1	-
	VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet8						
	Other devices DCI Simple Communications Controller			PK	ow control:	None	•
	SM Bus Controller				[
	A Ports (COM & LPT)				Adv	anced	Restore Defaults
	Communications Port (COM1)						
	Processors						
	Sound, video and game controllers						
	System devices						
	Universal Serial Bus controllers Generic USP Hub						
	Generic USB Hub					ОК	Cancel
	Standard Enhanced PCI to USB Host Controller						
	Standard Enhanced PCI to USB Host Controller						
	USB Root Hub						
	USB Serial Converter						

Configure the "Port Settings" as mentioned below. Baud rate: 115200 Data bits: 8 Parity: None Stop bits: 1 Flow Control: None

4.3.2 Installing Tools to evaluate over the UART interface

AT Mode over UART interface: Installing and Using Docklight on Windows



4.3.2.1 Installing and Using Docklight on Windows

Please follow the steps below to get started with the evaluation process. This process is explained for evaluation on a Windows PC.

- Download and install a Serial Emulation program like Docklight, Teraterm, etc. This document uses Docklight for explaining the process. This software is relatively easy to use and allows the user to monitor the serial port data while also enabling sending and receiving data. However, since it does not support the sending of files using Kermit, it cannot be used to upgrade the firmware of the module. For firmware up-gradation, we suggest Teraterm. The process for firmware upgradation is explained in Appendix C. Docklight can be downloaded from http://www.docklight.de/download_en.htm
- 2. Open Docklight and click OK when asked for Registration, to use it in Evaluation mode.
- 3. In the dialog box that opens, select "Start with a blank project / blank script" and click Continue.

∻	Welcome to Docklight ×
Welcome to following op	Docklight RS232 Terminal / RS232 Monitor. Choose from the tions and start discovering some basic functions and features.
2	Open a sample / demo project for sending test commands to a standard analog modem
₽₽₽₽₽	Open a sample / demo project and learn how to react to a specific data sequence received and send out new data
	Open an existing Docklight project (.ptp) file
٥	 Start with a blank project / blank script
₩	Do not show this dialog again in the future
	http://www.docklight.de
E-Mail to:	docklight@fuh-edv.de

Figure 3: Docklight Startup Dialog Box

- 4. Next, connect the EVB to the PC using the Micro A/B-type USB cable. Plugin the cable into the micro-USB port labeled "UART" on the EVB.
- 5. Wait for the drivers to be installed the first time. Disconnect the EVB and connect it again. In Docklight, click on Tools -> Project Settings to open the dialog box shown below.



P		Project Set	tings	×
ĨĈ	ommunication Flow	/ Control Communica	tion Filter	
1	- Communication Mo	de		
	Send/Receiv	e2	Monitoring C (receive only)	
	Send/Receive or COM8	n Comm. Channel		
	Choose a COM p port from COM1 to	ort from the list of avail o COM256.	able devices, or typ	e a COM
[- COM Port Settings			
	Baud Rate	115200 💌	Data Bits 8	-
	Parity	None 💌	Stop Bits 1	•
	Parity Error Char.	63 ('?') 🗨		
		ОК	Cancel	Help

Figure 4: Docklight Project Settings Dialog Box

- 1. Select the following options for the Serial port settings:
 - a. Select the COM port in the drop-down menu under "Send/Receive on Comm. Channel". In the above figure, it is COM8.
 - b. Select the Baud Rate as 115200.
 - c. Click OK.

Note

- For a complete list of examples available as part of the package, refer to <u>Appendix B.</u>
- An Independent user guide for each example is available in the project directory itself.

4.3.3 Check the Firmware version running on your Evaluation Board

Once you have the drivers installed and are ready to use the Evaluation board, we recommend you to check the firmware version running on the board. Ensure to verify that this is the latest and the greatest firmware released by Silicon labs. Click this link to check the latest software in "Tools & Software" <u>www.silabs.com/development-tools/wireless/wi-fi/rs9116x-db-evk-development-kit</u>

Please use the link (https://www.silabs.com/about-us/contact-sales) to contact our sales.

AT Command: at+rsi_fwversion?/r/n **Binary API:** rsi_wlan_get(RSI_FW_VERSION,*response, sizeof(response));



4.3.4 Introduction to Command Types

4.3.4.1 AT+ Commands

The Wi-Fi AT command set represents the frames that are sent from the Host to operate the RS9116-WiSeConnect Module. The command set resembles the standard AT command interface used for modems. All AT commands start with "at" and are terminated with a carriage return('\r') and a new line('\n') character. The AT command set for the RS9116-WiSeConnect Module starts with "at+rsi_" followed by the name of the command and any relevant parameters.

In some commands, a '?' character is used after the command to query data from the module.

4.3.4.2 Binary Commands (SAPI)

The Wi-Fi configuration and operation commands are sent to the module and the responses are read from the module using frame write/frame read (as mentioned in the preceding sections) so these configuration and operation commands are called command frames. The command frame is categorized as management or data frames. The management frames are used to configure the Wi-Fi module to access Wi-Fi connectivity, TCP/IP stack, and operate the module. Data frames are used to send the data. Management and data frames are exchanged between the host and the module. The management frame is sent from the Host to the module to configure the module, and also is sent from the module to the host to send responses to these commands.

4.4 Wi-Fi Evaluation in UART Mode

The following sub-sections describe configuring and using the module in different security and operational modes of Wi-Fi.

4.4.1 Wi-Fi Evaluation using AT Commands

4.4.1.1 Wi-Fi Client in Personal Security Mode

The figure below shows the setup required for this process.





In the setup shown in the figure, the RS9116 WiSeConnect EVB is a Wi-Fi client. It connects to an Access Point configured in WPA2-PSK security mode. The Access Point is configured with SSID as "Test_AP" and IP address set as 192.168.50.1. The SSID and IP address are for illustration only. The user is required to configure the AP based on the network domain in which wireless devices operate.

4.4.1.1.1 Wi-Fi Client Configuration

- 1. Open Docklight.
- 2. Connect the Micro A/B-type USB cable between the USB port of the PC and the micro-USB port of the EVB labeled "UART".
- 3. Hit the "F5" key when in the Docklight window to start communicating with EVB.
- 4. At power-up, the module tries to estimate the baud rate of the Host by exchanging data with it. Please refer to the Software PRM document to understand the Automatic Baud Rate Detection Process for faster bootup. (Shift+ |) then (Shift + U) will do the ABRD process and you will see the boot up message. Please see the figure below.



Docklight V2.1	- 0 ×
Eile Edit Run Tools Help Stop Communication	(F6)
D 🚔 🗐 👌 🔹 🖻 🖉 🗛 🕱 🖄 📽	
Commmunication port open سليل	Colors&Fonts Mode COM19 115200; None, 8,
Send Sequences	Communication Keyboard Console on - click to turn off
Send Name Sequence	ASCII HEX Decimal Binary
	12-04-2018 17:46:37.046 [TX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.161 [RX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.799 [TX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.814 [RX] - <cr><lf> WELCOME TO REDPINE SIGNALS<cr><lf> BootLoader Version 1.0<cr><lf> <cr><lf> 1 Load Default Wireless Firmware</lf></cr><lf> A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> 5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> (CR><lf> 5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> 5 Select Default Wirele</lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>
Receive Sequences	7 Enable GPTO Based Bynass Mode(CE)(IE)
Active Name Sequence Answer	8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode <cr><lf> Q Update KEY<cr><lf> Z JTAG Selection<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>

Figure 6: Module Startup Messages

5. Make sure to click on the "Keyboard Console On/Off" button as shown in the figure below to enable keyboard inputs to Docklight.

Docklight V2.1			- Ø ×
<u>File Edit Run Tools Help</u>	Stop Communication (F6)		
□\$\$\$\$\$\$ > • \$\$	M 🕅 🛛 🖉 📾 🔮		
Communication port o المسلط	pen	Colors&Fonts Mode COM19	115200, None, 8, 2
Send Sequences		Communication Keyboard Console on - click to turn off	
Send Name	Sequence	ASCII HEX Decimal Binary	
		12-04-2018 17:46:37.046 [TX] - U	
		12-04-2010 17:40:37 700 [TV] - U	
		12-04-2010 17.46.37.735 [[A]] = 0	
		Recome to RedPINE SIGNALS(CR)(E)	
		BOOTLOADER VERSION 1.0(CR)(LF)	
		Load Default Wireless FirmWare(CR>(LF>	
		A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-T)(CR>(LF>	
		B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-+) <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-+) <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : 0-f) <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Receive Sequences		7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Active Name Sequent	e Answer	8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		Q Update KEY <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		Z JTAG Selection <cr><lf></lf></cr>	

Figure 7: Keyboard Console On

6. Hit '1' and press Enter. You will see a message that says, "Loading..." followed by "Loading Done".

P Docklight V2.1					
Eile Edit Run Tools Help Stop Communication (F6)					
D 🖙 🖬 🚳 🕨 🔹 😰 🥬 🖓 🖏 🥁					
Communication port open جمساليل	Colors&Fonts Mode	COM19	115200, M	None, 8, 2	
Send Sequences	Communication Keyboard Console on - click to turn off				
Send Name Sequence	ASCII HEX Decimal Binary				
	12-04-2018 17:46:37.046 [TX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.161 [RX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.799 [TX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.814 [RX] - <cr><lf> WELCOME TO REDPINE SIGNALS<cr><lf> BootLoader Version 1.0<cr><lf> (CR><lf> 1 Load Default Wireless Firmware (CR><lf> 8 Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> 5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> 5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>				
Receive Sequences	K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : 0-T)(CR>(LF> 7 Enable GPTO Based Bypass Mode(CP>(LE))				
Active Name Sequence Answer	<pre>8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode<cr><lf> Q Update KEY<cr><lf> Z JTAG Selection<cr><lf> 12-04-2018 17:46:45.863 [TX] = 1 12-04-2018 17:46:45.999 [RX] = 1<cr><lf> Loading<cr><lf> Loading Done<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></pre>				

Figure 8: Firmware Loading Messages



7. The following commands can now be issued to the module. Please refer to the Software PRM document for a detailed description of each command and the expected responses. A command should not be sent until the response for the previous command is received.

NOTE: Each AT command should have a suffix of Carriage Return <CR> (Keyboard keys are Ctrl+Enter) and Line Feed <LF> (Keyboard keys are Ctrl+Shift+Enter). This is enabled by default in Docklight.

• at+rsi_opermode=0,1,4,0

This command configures the module as a Wi-Fi client. The module responds with "OK"

at+rsi_band=0

This command configures the operating band of the Wi-Fi client to 2.4GHz. The module responds with "OK"

at+rsi_init

This command initializes the Wi-Fi module in the EVB. The module responds with OK<MAC_Address>.

• at+rsi_fwversion?

This command displays the current firmware version in use.

at+rsi_scan=0

This command scans for available Access Points operating in the 2.4 GHz band. The module responds with information of the Access Points scanned. The data received might have some unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion. You can use the HEX tab of Docklight to see the bytes sent by the module.

• at+rsi_psk=1,12345678

This command configures the PSK of the Wi-Fi client with the key entered by the user. The User can enter any other key as PSK.

• at+rsi_join=Test_AP,0,2,2

This command connects the Wi-Fi client to the Access Point with SSID "Test_AP". On successful association, the module responds with OK.

• at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.50.10,255.255.255.0,192.168.50.1

at+rsi_ipconf=1,0,0,0

This command configures the IP address of the module. The IP address configured in the above command is for illustration only. The user has to configure the IP address as per the Access Point's settings using either Manual (first command above) or DHCP mode (second command above).

For the Manual mode, ensure that the desired IP is in the same subnet as the Access Point's subnet. The module responds to this command by sending the configured IP address to the Host. In the terminal, this response might appear as unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion. You can use the HEX tab of Docklight to see the bytes sent by the module.

4.4.1.1.2 Test Procedure

The IP addresses configured in this process are meant for illustration only. It is assumed that the Wi-Fi client of the EVB is assigned an IP address of 192.168.50.10 and Laptop C, connected to the Access Point is assigned an IP address of 192.168.50.20.

The applications provided in the USB drive (as part of the release package) send and receive TCP and UDP packets. TCP and UDP applications are provided along with a release package for execution on the Laptop. These applications are located in the path RS9116.NBZ.WC.GEN.OSI.x.x.\utils\peer_applications\Windows where RS9116.NBZ.WC.GEN.OSI.x.x.x is a software package directory.

1. Open a TCP Server socket on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side using the following AT command:

at+rsi_ltcp=5001,1,0

The module's response will look as follows:

OK<ip_version><socket_type><socket_handle><Lport><module_ipaddr>\r\n The socket_handle in the response above is used for subsequent commands.

2. Open a TCP client socket on Laptop C by running the TCP.exe application as follows in the Windows Command Prompt:

AT+RSI_LTCP_CONNECT=<ip_version><socket_descriptor><dest_port_no><dest_ipaddr><mss><window_size ><src_port_no>\r\n

a. For testing the Receive mode of the Wi-Fi Client (EVB), follow the steps below:



- b. Type 1 in the TCP.exe window on Laptop C.
- c. On being prompted to enter a data string to be transmitted, type any string and hit Enter to transmit the typed data.
- d. When the data is received on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side, you will see a response (asynchronous) from the module as follows:

AT+RSI_READ<ip_version><socket_handle><payload_len><source_ip_addr><source_port><payload>

- a. For testing the Transmit mode of the Wi-Fi Client (EVB), follow the steps below:
- b. Type 2 in the TCP.exe window on Laptop C.
- c. On the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side, send the command below to transmit data to the Laptop C.

at+rsi_snd=<socket_handle>,<payload_len>,<dest_ipaddr>,<dest_port>,<payload >

- a. The transmitted data is displayed on the TCP.exe window of Laptop C.
- b. The figure below is a snapshot of the TCP.exe application window



Figure 9: TCP Application Window

4.4.1.2 Wi-Fi Client in Enterprise Security Mode The figure below shows the setup required for this process.



Figure 10: Setup for Wi-Fi Client in Enterprise Security Mode

In the setup shown in the above figure, the WiSeConnect® module on the RS9116 EVB acts as a Wi-Fi client. It connects to an Enterprise Security enabled Access Point. The WiSeConnect® module supports four Enterprise Security modes:

- 1. EAP-TLS
- 2. EAP-TTLS



3. EAP-PEAP

4.4.1.2.1 Radius Server Configuration

Follow the steps below to set up a Radius Server on Laptop D as per the setup shown in Figure 10(see above). The process explained here is for a Windows Laptop. A similar process may be followed for other OS.

Download and install the FreeRADIUS server <u>version 2.2.3</u> or above. The FreeRADIUS server software is available at <u>http://freeradius.org/older_releases/ (for Windows installation file please contact our support and we can share through FTP).</u>

1. Once installed, go to the C:\FreeRADIUS\etc\raddb folder and make the following modifications.

2. Open the clients.conf file and add the following lines at the end of the file.

client 192.168.50.1/24 { secret=12345678 shortname=private-network-1

The IP address in the above lines (192.168.50.1) is the IP address of the Access Point in this example setup. The "12345678" input is the key to be entered in the Access Point's configuration to authenticate it with the Radius Server.

- 1. Open the eap.conf file and make the following changes:
 - a. Change the input for the "default_eap_type" field under the "eap" section to "tls", as shown in the figure below.



Figure 11: Default EAP Type

2. Change the inputs for "private_key_file", "certificate_file" and "CA_file" fields under the "tls" section to "\${certdir}/wifiuser.pem", as show in the figure below.



ap.conf (C:\FreeRADIUS\etc\raddb) - GVIM -	-		Х
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>T</u> ools <u>S</u> yntax <u>B</u> uffers <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp			
෪ ⊑ ⊑ ෪ 9 6 X ® @ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &			
<pre>tls { # # These is used to simplify later configurations. # certdir = \${db_dir}/certs cadir = \${db_dir}/certs private_key_password = whatever private_key_file = \${certdir}/wifiuser.pem # If Private key & Certificate are located in # the same file, then private_key_file & # certificate_file must contain the same file # name.</pre>			^
<pre># # # If CA_file (below) is not used, then the # certificate_file below MUST include not # only the server certificate, but ALSO all # of the CA certificates used to sign the # server certificate. certificate_file = \${certdir}/wifiuser.pem # Invected Page CO list</pre>			
<pre># Hister Note CH fist # # # # ALL of the CA's in this list will be trusted # to issue client certificates for authentication. # # In general, you should use self-signed # certificates for 802.1x (EAP) authentication. # In that case, this CA file should contain # *one* CA certificate. # # This parameter is used only for EAP-TLS, # when you issue client certificates. If you do # not use client certificates, and you do not want # to permit EAP-TLS authentication, then delete # this configuration is not. # This parameter is used.</pre>			
₩ this configuration free. CA_file = \${cadir}/wifiuser.pem 183,0-	1	25	- 5%

Figure 12: TLS Section - I

3. Uncomment the "fragment_size" and "include_length" lines under the "tls" section, as shown in the figure below.



Figure 13: TLS Section - II



4. Change the input for the "default_eap_type" field under the "ttls" section to "mschapv2", as shown in the figure below.

	eap.conf + (C:\FreeRADIUS.net\etc\raddb) - GVIM -		
<u>File Edit Tools Syntax</u>	x <u>B</u> uffers <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		
48 6 896 %	🖻 🛍 🗟 🗟 📥 🙏 👕 🗿 💶 📍 🌣		
# a	and configured, in order to use the TLS tunnel		^
# i	inside of the EAP packet. You will still need to		
# 0	configure the TLS module, even if you do not want		
	to deploy EAP-ILS in your network. Users will not		
+ + +	be able to request EHPTLS, as it requires them to		
	require a client certificate		
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	equire a criteric certainade.		
ttle	s {		
	# The tunneled EAP session needs a default		
	# EAP type which is separate from the one for		
	# the non-tunneled EAP module. Inside of the		
	# TTLS tunnel, we recommend using EAP-MD5.		
	# If the request does not contain an EAP		
	<pre># conversation, then this configuration entry # is is a second as a second second</pre>		
	# 15 1gnored.		
	default_eap_type - <mark>mschapvz</mark>		
	# The tunneled authentication request does		
	<pre># not usually contain useful attributes</pre>		
	<pre># like 'Calling-Station-Id', etc. These</pre>		
	# attributes are outside of the tunnel,		
	# and normally unavailable to the tunneled		
	<pre># authentication request.</pre>		
	# # Du schhimt bhis sonfissenshire schwarks		
	# By setting this configuration entry to		
	# yes, any attribute which NUT in the # tuppeled authentication request but		~
/mschapv2	203,23-44	74%	÷

Figure 14: TTLS Section

5. Open the users.conf file and add the lines shown in the figure below starting with "user1". This adds a user with username "user1" and password "test123".

```
users.conf + (C:\FreeRADIUS.net\etc\raddb) - GVIM
<u>File Edit Tools Syntax Buffers Window Help</u>
🖰 🖬 🖫 📇 | 9 6 | X 🗈 🏚 🖓 🗞 🗞 😤 📥 🎄 | 7 🕮 💶 | ? 🎗
         Framed-Compression = Van-Jacobsen-TCP-IP
                                                                                         ~
  This is an entry for a user with a space in their name.
  Note the double quotes surrounding the name.
                  Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "hello"
l#
  '<mark>Jo</mark>hn Doe''
                 Reply-Message = "Hello, %u"
 'user1" Cleartext-Password := "test123"
         Reply-Message = "Hello, %{User-Name}"
"
# Dial user back and telnet to the default host for that port
#
#Deg Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "ge55ged"
         Service-Type = Callback-Login-User,
         Login-IP-Host = 0.0.0.0,
         Callback-Number = "9,5551212",
         Login-Service = Telnet,
         Login-TCP-Port = Telnet
  Another complete entry. After the user "dialbk" has logged in, the
#
  connection will be broken and the user will be dialed back after which
                                                                    116,38-45
                                                                                   50%
```

Figure 15: User Addition



6. Copy the wifiuser.pem file from RS9116.NBZ.WC.GEN.OSI.x.x.x\utils\Radius_Server\raddb\certs folder to C:\FreeRADIUS\etc\raddb\certs folder.

7. Ensure that the FreeRADIUS server is not running. Open the Windows Command Prompt with Administrator privileges and navigate to the C:\FreeRADIUS\sbin folder.

8. Run the "StartServer.cmd" file. You will see a series of prints on the screen. Monitor the prints to ensure that all changes are done correctly. The Radius server has started successfully if you see a print at the end which says, "Ready to process requests.

4.4.1.2.2 Access Point Configuration

Follow the steps below to configure the Access Point in the setup shown in <u>Figure 10</u> to work with the Radius server started on Laptop D.

- 1. Connect the Access Point to Laptop D over Ethernet and open the Access Point pages in a browser by typing the IP address of the Access Point.
- 2. Navigate to the Wireless Security section and enable the "WPA/WPA2 Enterprise" option, as shown in the figure below. The page below is for a TP-Link Access Point.

					0 4 4
50.1				∀ C Scogle	P & 0 4
	K.				150M Wireless Lite N
					Model No. TL-V/R740N / TL-V
3					
	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -				
	Wireless Security			Wireless Security Help	
				You can select one of the following secu	inty options:
	Disable Security			Disable Security - The wirele disabled. If disabled, the wirele Device without encryption. It is re-	ss security function can be ess stations will be able to ecommended strongly that you
bings	WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Re	ecommended)		of following options to enable se • WPA/WPA2 - Personal - Select V	curity. WPA based on pre-shared pas
Ellering	Version:	Automatic(Recommended)	-	WPA-WPA2 - Enterprise - Select WEP - Select 802 11 WEP security	WPA based on Radius Server
inced	Encryption:	Automatic(Recommended)	•	Each security option has its own setting	is as described follows
stics	Password:			WPA/WPA2 - Personal	
		(You can enter ASCII character	s between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and	64.) Version - You can select one of followin	ia versions.
	Group Key Update Period:	0 Seconds (Kee	p it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no upo	date) Automatic - Select WPA Person	nal or WPA2.Personal automa
				on the wireless station's capabil MDA Personal, Pre-shared key	ity and request.
N	WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise			 WPA2-Personal - Pre-shared keeping 	y of WPA2.
	Version:	Automatic +		Encryption - You can select either Autor	natic, or TKIP or AES.
rol	Encryption:	Automatic -		Password - You can enter ASCII or Hex	adecimal characters. For Hex
ng	Radius Server IP:	192.168.50.100		between 8 and 63 characters.	Indiacaio, fui Alaca, sie len
	Radius Port:	1812 (1-65535, 0 stands	for default port 1812)	Group Key Update Period - Specify the	group key update interval in
1	Radius Password:	12345678		value can be either 0 or at least 30. Ente	r 0 to disable the update.
	Group Key Update Period:	U (in second, mi	nimum is 30, 0 means no update)	WPWWPA2 - Enterprise	100
	. WEP			Version - Tou can select one of following	g versions.
	- mer	Open System +		station's capability and request	PAZ automatically based on
	WEP Key Format	Hexadecimal -		 WHA - WI-FI Protected Access. WPA2 - WPA version 2. 	
	Key Selected	WEP Key (Password)	Key Type	Encryption - You can select either Autor	natic, or TKIP or AES.
	Key 1. 🛞		Disabled +	Radius Server IP - Enter the IP address	of the Radius Server.
	Key 2: 💮		Disabled +	Radius Port - Enter the port that radius a	service used.
	Key 3: 👝		Disabled -	Radius Password - Enter the password	for the Radius Server.
	Key 4 🕤		Disabled +	Group Key Update Period - Specify the value can be either 0 or at least 30. Enter	group key update interval in : or 0 to disable the update.
				- WEP	
	4	100		 Type - You can select one of following ty 	pes,

Figure 16: Wireless Security Configuration of Access Point

3. Enter the IP address of the Radius Server in the field labeled, "Radius Server IP". In the above figure, it is 192.168.50.100.

4. Enter the Radius Password as "12345678". This is the same as that entered in the clients.conf file of the Radius Server.

4.4.1.2.3 Wi-Fi Enterprise Client Configuration

- 1. Open Docklight.
- 2. Connect the Micro A/B-type USB cable between the USB port of the PC and the micro-USB port of the EVB labeled "UART".
- 3. Hit the "F5" key when in the Docklight window to start communicating with EVB over the serial COM port.
- 4. At power up, the module tries to estimate the baud rate of the Host by exchanging data with it. Please refer to the Software PRM document to understand the Automatic Baud Rate Detection Process for faster bootup. (Shift + |) then (Shift + U) will do the ABRD process and you will see the boot up message. Please see the figure below.



S Docklight V2.1	- 0 ×
Eile Edit Run Tools Help Stop Communication (Ff	1
D 📾 🗐 👌 🔹 😂 🖉 🗛 🔀 💆 🕿 🔮	
Commmunication port open 🖘 سليل	Colors&Fonts Mode COM19 115200; None, 8,
Send Sequences	Communication Keyboard Console on - click to turn off
Send Name Sequence	ASCI HEX Decimal Binary 12-04-2018 17:46:37.046 [TX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.161 [RX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.799 [TX] - U 12-04-2018 17:46:37.814 [RX] - <cr><lf> WELCOME TO REDPINE SIGNALS CR><lf> BootLoader Version 1.0 1 Load Default Wireless Firmware<cr><lf> 1 Load Default</lf></cr></lf></lf></cr>
Receive Sequences	A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f) <cr><lf> B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> 5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : 0-f)<cr><lf> Z Enable GPID Based Burgase Mode/CP>/LF></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>
Active Name Sequence Anover	8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode <cr><lf> Q Update KEY<cr><lf> Z JTAG Selection<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>

Figure 17: Module Startup Messages

5. Hit '1' and present Enter. You will see a message that says, "Loading..." followed by "Loading Done".

Cocklight V2.1				– ø ×
Eile Edit Run Tools Help	p Stop Communication (F6)			
D # # @ + • # #	9 4 🕱 🛛 🕿 😭			
Communication port open		Colors&Fonts Mode	COM19	115200, None, 8, 2
Send Sequences		Communication Keyboard Console on - click to turn off		
Send Name	Sequence	ASCII HEX Decimal Binary		
		12-04-2018 17:46:37.046 [TX] - U		
		12-04-2018 17:46:37.161 [RX] - U		
		12-04-2018 17:46:37.799 [TX] - U		
		12-04-2018 17:46:37.814 [RX] - <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		WELCOME TO REDPINE SIGNALS <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		BootLoader Version 1.0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		<cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		1 Load Default Wireless Firmware <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f) <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f) <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f) <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : 0-f) <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Receive Sequences		7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Active Name Sequ	uence Answer	8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		O Update KEY <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		Z JTAG Selection <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		12-04-2018 17:46:45 863 [TX] - 1		
		12-04-2018 17:46:45 999 [RX] - 1(CR)(LE)		
		loading (CR)(LE)		
		Loading Dope(CR)(LE)		
		LOUGH DOILE SCHWALL		

Figure 18: Firmware Loading Messages

6. The following commands can now be issued to the module. Please refer to the Software PRM document for a detailed description of each command and the expected responses. A command should not be sent until the response for the previous command is received.

NOTE: Each AT command should have a suffix of Carriage Return <CR> and Line Feed <LF>. This is enabled by default in Docklight.

• at+rsi_opermode=2,0,4,0

This command configures the module as a Wi-Fi client. The module responds with "OK"

at+rsi_band=0

This command configures the operating band of the Wi-Fi client to 2.4GHz. The module responds with "OK"

at+rsi_init

This command initializes the Wi-Fi module in the EVB. The module responds with OK<MAC_Address>.

Note: You may need to switch to HEX mode to see the MAC address in HEX.

 at+rsi_eap=TLS,MSCHAPV2,user1,test123,0 (If the EAP method is TLS)



These commands set the EAP mode for the module and set the authentication credentials (username and password). Issue one of them based on which mode needs to be evaluated.

To verify the EAP-TLS mode, a security certificate file should be loaded into the module. A Python-based script is
provided to do the same since the loading of certificate files cannot be done through Docklight. Please download
and install Python for Windows from https://www.python.org/downloads/release/python-279/. In addition, please
download and install the Pyserial program for accessing the Serial COM port from Python. This is available at
https://pypi.python.org/pypi/pyserial.

NOTE: Please download the 32-bit version of Python for Windows from the above link even if your PC is 64-bit since the 64-bit version does not update the registry correctly, which causes a problem during the installation of the Pyserial application.

2. Open the load_certificate.py file and change the serial port name to "COM8" as shown in the line below. This is the Serial COM port that was detected in Docklight earlier.

sp=serial.Serial(port="COM8",baudrate=115200,timeout=0.01)

3. Disable Docklight's serial port connection to the EVB by hitting 'F6' when the Docklight window is open.

4. Open the Windows Command Prompt and navigate to the RS9116.NBZ.WC.GEN.OSI.x.x.x\utils\Python folder and give the following command:

C:\Python27\python.exe load_certificate.py 1 ..\Radius_Server\raddb\certs\wifiuser.pem This command loads the TLS Certificate into the module.

5. Go back to the Docklight window and hit "F5" to enable the serial port connection between Docklight and the EVB and continue giving the commands below.

6. For non-TLS modes, issue the command below to clear any certificates that might have been loaded previously.

at+rsi_cert=1,0,0,0

This command should NOT be given for TLS mode after the at+rsi_eap command.

at+rsi_scan=0

This command scans for available Access Points operating in the 2.4 GHz band. The module responds with information of the Access Points scanned. The data received might have some unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion. You can use the HEX tab of Docklight to see the bytes sent by the module.

• at+rsi_join=Test_AP,0,2,6

This command connects the Wi-Fi client to the Access Point with SSID "Test_AP". On successful association, the module responds with OK.

• at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.50.10,255.255.255.0,192.168.50.1

at+rsi_ipconf=1,0,0,0

This command configures the IP address of the module. The IP address configured in the above command is for illustration only. The user has to configure the IP address as per the Access Point's settings using either Manual (first command above) or DHCP mode (second command above).

For the Manual mode, ensure that the desired IP is in the same subnet as the Access Point's subnet. The module responds to this command by sending the configured IP address to the Host. In the terminal, this response might appear as unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion. You can use the HEX tab of Docklight to see the bytes sent by the module.

• at+rsi_ltcp=5001,1,0

This command opens a Listen TCP socket with port number 5001.

4.4.1.2.4 Test Procedure

1. Connect Laptop C to the Access Point. It should have proper security credentials to connect to the AP.

- 2. A "ping The module responds to a ping request sent from a remote terminal. There is no command to send a ping request from the module. This is true in all the modes- Client, AP and Wi-Fi Direct." can be issued from Laptop C to the Wi-Fi module to verify connectivity through the AP.
- 3. TCP and UDP applications are provided along with the release package for execution on the Laptop C. These applications are located in the path RS9116.NBZ.WC.GEN.OSI.x.x.x\utils\peer_applications\Windows where RS9116.NBZ.WC.GEN.OSI.x.x.x is a software package directory. Open a client TCP socket on the Laptop C using the following command in a Windows Command Prompt.

TCP.exe c 2001 <EVB IP address> 5001

4. The above command opens a new window with the following options:



- 1. Send
- 2. Receive
- 3. Exit

5. Observe that the terminal on the Wi-Fi Client-side (EVB) prints the following message, once the TCP connection is set up with Laptop C.

AT+RSI_LTCP_CONNECT=<ip_version><socket_descriptor><dest_port_no><dest_ipaddr><mss><window_size><sr c_port_no>\r\n

- 1. For testing the Receive mode of the Wi-Fi Client (EVB), follow the steps below:
- 2. Type 1 in the TCP.exe window on Laptop C.
- 3. On being prompted to enter a data string to be transmitted, type any string and hit Enter to transmit the typed data.
- 4. When the data is received on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side, you will see a response (asynchronous) from the module as follows:

AT+RSI_READ<ip_version><socket_handle><payload_len><source_ip_addr><source_port><payload>

1. For testing the Transmit mode of the Wi-Fi Client (EVB), follow the steps below:

- 2. Type 2 in the TCP.exe window on Laptop C.
- 3. On the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side, send the command below to transmit data to the Laptop C.

at+rsi_snd=<socket_handle>,<payload_len>,<dest_ipaddr>,<dest_port>,<payload >

1. The transmitted data is displayed on the TCP.exe window of Laptop C.

NOTE: To switch between Enterprise Security and any other security modes (WPA2-PSK, WPA, WEP) Operation mode has to be changed. Enterprise security works in Operation mode 2 and for other security modes, the Operation mode is 0. The Change in the Operation mode command can happen just after the Reset (soft reset or hard reset) so Reset is required to toggle between Enterprise Security and other security modes.

4.4.1.3 Wi-Fi Access Point Mode

The figure below shows the setup required for this process.



Figure 19: Setup for Access Point Mode

Access Point Configuration Through AT Commands

- 1. Follow steps in section "Start-Up Messages on Power-Up" from RS9116W_Wi-
- Fi_AT_Command_Programming_Reference_Manual(PRM) from <u>https://docs.silabs.com/rs9116</u> to power up the EVB and load the firmware.
- 2. Enter the following commands. A command should be entered only after getting the response of the previous command
 - at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0
 This configures the EVB to function in AP mode. The module responds with "OK".
- at+rsi_band=0 This configures the operating band of the EVB. The module responds with "OK".



- at+rsi_init This initializes the WiFi module in the EVB. The module responds with OK<mac_address>
- at+rsi_fwversion?
 This is an optional command to report the firmware version in use.
- at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.0.30,255.255.255.0,192.168.0.30
 This command configures the IP (192.168.0.30 in this example) of the AP. If this command is not issued, a default IP of 192.168.100.76 will be used.
- at+rsi_apconf=6,SILABS_AP,0,0,0,100,2,3 The SSID is configured as "SILABS_AP", to operate on channel 6. Please refer to the Software PRM for more details on the other parameters of this command.
- at+rsi_join=SILABS_AP,0,2,0
 This starts the Access Point functionality in the module.

The module is now configured as an Access Point. Its IP address is 192.168.0.30. A Laptop can now scan for networks and the SSID of the module, "SILABS_AP" will be displayed in the Laptop's list of Scanned APs. After the client Laptop (C) connects to the AP, it acquires an IP address over DHCP. The IP address assigned to the laptop can be known by opening the Windows Command Prompt and issuing the command "ipconfig". It is assumed for illustrative purposes that the IP of the Laptop is 192.168.0.32.

4.4.1.3.1 Test Procedure

The applications provided in the USB drive (as part of the release package) send and receive TCP and UDP packets. TCP and UDP applications are provided along with a release package for execution on the Laptop. These applications are located in the path RS9116.NB0.WC.GENR.OSI.x.x.x\utils\peer_applications\Windows where RS9116.NB0.WC.GENR.OSI.x.x.x is a software package directory.

1. Open a TCP Server socket on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side using the following AT command:

Open a TCP client socket on Laptop C by running the TCP.exe application as follows in the Windows Command Prompt:

TCP.exe c 2001 192.168.0.30 5001

Ensure that you run the Windows Command Prompt program as an Administrator and any firewalls which block the creation of sockets are disabled before running the application.

- 1. The above command opens a new window with the following options:
 - a. Send
 - b. Receive
 - c. Exit
- 2. Observe that the Docklight on the Wi-Fi AP side (EVB) prints the following message, once the TCP connection is set up with Laptop C.

AT+RSI_LTCP_CONNECT=<ip_version><socket_descriptor><dest_port_no><dest_ipaddr><mss><window_size><sr c_port_no>\r\n

- 1. For testing the Receive mode of the Wi-Fi AP (EVB), follow the steps below:
- 2. Type 1 in the TCP.exe window on Laptop C.
- 3. On being prompted to enter a data string to be transmitted, type any string and hit Enter to transmit the typed data.
- 4. When the data is received on the Wi-Fi AP (EVB) side, you will see a response (asynchronous) from the module as follows:

AT+RSI_READ<ip_version><socket_handle><payload_len><source_ip_addr><source_port><payload>

- 1. For testing the Transmit mode of the Wi-Fi AP (EVB), follow the steps below:
- 2. Type 2 in the TCP.exe window on Laptop C.
- 3. On the Wi-Fi AP (EVB) side, send the command below to transmit data to the Laptop C.

at+rsi_snd=<socket_handle>,<payload_len>,<dest_ipaddr>,<dest_port>,<payload >

1. The transmitted data is displayed on the TCP.exe window of Laptop C.



4.5 BLE Evaluation in UART Mode

The following sub-sections describe configuring and using the module in different security and operational modes of BLE in UART mode.

4.5.1 BLE Evaluation using AT Commands

4.5.1.1 BLE in Peripheral (Slave) Mode

4.5.1.1.1 BLE Peripheral Mode Configuration through AT commands

[TX] - at+rsi opermode=851968.0,1.2147483648,2150629376,3221225472.0,1966080<CR><LF> [RX] - OK<CR><LF> bt loaded<CR><LF> This opermode enables Wi-Fi+BLE mode of operation. The message bt_loaded indicates successful operation of the command. [TX] - at+rsibt_setlocalname=11,RS9116W_BLE<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> Used to set name to the local device [TX] - at+rsibt getlocalbdaddr?<CR><LF> [RX] - OK 00-23-A7-4C-24-95<CR><LF> Used to query the BD address of the local device [TX] - at+rsibt addservice=2,180A,3,30<CR><LF> [RX] - OK 1558C,A<CR><LF> used to add the new service Record in BLE GATT record list. The module responds with a service record handle if the service is created successfully. In this example, the service record handle is 1558C. This is used to add attribute records to the service. [TX] - at+rsibt_addattribute=1558C,B,2,2803,2,6,0,8,0,0C,00,A1,1A<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> This is used to add a characteristic attribute record to the above created service using the service record handle 1558C and UUID 2803. [TX] - at+rsibt_addattribute=1558C,C,2,1AA1,8,a,0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> This is used to add a characteristic attribute record to the above created service using the service record handle 1558C and UUID 1AA1. [TX] - at+rsibt_addattribute=1558C,D,2,2803,2,6,0,1A,0,0E,00,B1,1B<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> This is used to add a characteristic attribute record to the above created service using the service record handle 1558C and UUID 2803 [TX] at+rsibt addattribute=1558C,E,2,1BB1,1A,10,0,52,65,64,70,69,6E,65,5F,73,69,67,6E,61,6C,73,30<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> This is used to add a characteristic attribute record to the above created service using the service record handle 1558C and UUID 1BB1. [TX] - at+rsibt_addattribute=1558C,F,2,2902,A,2,0,0,0<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> This is used to add the notify property to the above created characteristic attribute record (1BB1) using the service record handle 1558C and UUID 2902. [TX] - at+rsibt setadvertisedata=8,2,1,6,4,9,72,72,72<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> This command is used to set the advertise data to expose remote devices. [TX] - at+rsibt_advertise=1,128,0,0,0,32,32,0,7<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> This is used to expose or advertise about local device to the remote BT devices.

4.5.1.1.2 Test procedure

Go to "LightBlue" iPhone app



• Once you open the APP you can see "REDPINE_GATT_V02"



••••0]	ATA DOCOMO 〒1:35 pm	1 🖇 56% 🎫 🗲
Info	LightBlue	+
Peri	oherals Nearby	
-56	REDPINE_GAT No services	[_V02 >
all.	Pebble-LE 7B9 No services	0 >
Virtu	al Peripherals	
	Log	

- Now connect to "REDPINE_GATT_V02". You will see a BT CONN event on the module side.
- You will see an asynchronous message to indicate that a BLE device has connected. AT+RSIBT_LE_DEVICE_CONNECTED=1,44-0F-69-AE-48-0D,0<CR><LF> AT+RSIBT_LE_REMOTE_MTU_SIZE 44-0F-69-AE-48-0D,64<CR><LF>
- Once connected you will see as below:



●●○○○ TATA DOCOMO 🗢 8:28 pm	17 🖇 61% ■⊡•
LightBlue Peripheral	Clone
REDPINE_GATT_ UUID: 4963AE0E-11CE-E894-969 D2AF116FA2F2 Connected	_V02 18-
ADVERTISEMENT DATA	A Show
UUID: AABB	
Ox1AA1 Properties: Read Write	>
Ox1BB1 Properties: Read Write Notify	>
Log	

- Now you need to select 1BB1, which is a Read Write Notify service.
- Enable the "Listen for notification". This will show the hex stream e.g. 0x52656470696E655F7369676E616C7330
- In ASCII
 Redpine_signals0
- You will see the asynchronous message at the module side like below after enabling the notification.

AT+RSIBT_WRITE,5E-BB-8F-07-6B-D8,F,2,1,0<CR><LF>

• You can see here data every time when we send something to the module by writing in the 1BB1 service.



●●○○○ TATA DOCOMO	হ 8:29 pm	7 🖇 61% 🔳
< Back	0x1BB1	Hex
REDPINE_GATT_	/02	
Ox1BB1 UUID: 1BB1 Connected		
READ/NOTIFIED	/ALUES	
Read again	Listen	for notifications
0× 52656470696 20:28:56.428	E655F73696	76E616C7330
0x000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000
WRITTEN VALUES	6	
Write new valu	е	
DESCRIPTORS		
0	1.00	
	Log	1

- 4.5.1.2 BLE in Central (Master) Mode
- 4.5.1.2.1 BLE Central Mode Configuration through AT commands
- Follow steps in section "Start-Up Messages on Power-Up" from RS9116W_Wi-Fi_AT_Command_Programming_Reference_Manual(PRM) from <u>https://docs.silabs.com/rs9116</u> to power up the EVB and load the firmware.
- 2. Enter the following commands. A command should be entered only after getting the response of the previous command

[TX] - at+rsi_opermode=851968,0,1,2147483648,2150629376,3221225472,0,1966080<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> bt loaded<CR><LF> This opermode enables Wi-Fi+BLE mode of operation. The message bt_loaded indicates successful operation of the command. [TX] - at+rsibt_getlocalname?<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> Used to guery the name of the local device [TX] - at+rsibt_getlocalbdaddr?<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> Used to query the BD address of the local device [TX] - at+rsibt_addservice=2,180A,3,30<CR><LF> [RX] - OK 1558C,A<CR><LF> used to add the new service Record in BLE GATT record list. The module responds with a service record handle if the service is created successfully. In this example, the service record handle is 1558C. This is used to add attribute records to the service. [TX] - at+rsibt_addattribute=1558C,B,2,2803,2,6,0,8,0,0C,00,00,2A<CR><LF>



[RX] - OK <CR><LF> This is used to add a characteristic attribute record to the above created service using the service record handle 1558C and UUID 2803. [TX] -at+rsibt_addattribute=1558C,C,2,2A00,8,a,0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> This is used to add a characteristic attribute record to the above created service using the service record handle 1558C and UUID 2A00. [TX] - at+rsibt_scan=1,0,0<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> Used to scan for remote LE advertise devices [TX] - at+rsibt connect=0,<BD Address of the peripheral device><CR><LF> IRXI - OK <CR><LF> Used to create connection with remote LE device [TX] - at+rsibt_detallprofiles=<BD Address of the peripheral device>.1.10<CR><LF> [RX] - OK 3<LF> 1,5,2,1800<LF> 6.9.2.1801<LF> A,C,2,180A<LF><CR><LF> Used to query the entire supported profiles list from the connected remote device. [TX] - at+rsibt getcharservices=<BD Address of the peripheral device>,1,10<CR><LF> [RX] - OK 4, 2,2,3,2,2A00<LF> 4,2,5,2,2A01<LF> 7,10,8,2,2A05<LF> B,8,C,2,2A00<LF><CR><LF> Used to guery characteristic services, with in the particular range, from the connected remote device [TX] - at+rsibt_writevalue=<BD Address of the peripheral device>,C,a,1,e,d,e,b,c,e,f,a,1<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF> Used to Set attribute value of the connected remote device.

4.5.1.3 Test Procedure

Choose a BLE peripheral device, not its BD address and configure it to advertise. Run the commands explained above on an RS9116 EVB to configure it in the BLE central mode, scan for nearby peripherals and connect to the desired peripheral device. Ensure to replace the <BD Address of the peripheral device> with the BD address of the desired peripheral device.

4.6 BT Evaluation in UART Mode

The following sub-sections describe configuring and using the module in different security and operational modes of BT.

4.6.1 BT Evaluation using AT Commands

4.6.1.1 BT in Master Mode

4.6.1.1.1 BT Master Mode Configuration through AT commands

Configure the module to UART mode using the steps given in the EVB user guide. For the demo, we have used the "SENA BTerm" application on Android.

Note 1: Bluetooth spp manager application also supports BT in Master mode.

1. Power up the module and the module sends the following messages at the boot-up.

WELCOME TO REDPINE SIGNALS<CR><LF> BootLoader Version 1.0<CR><LF> <CR><LF> 1 Load Default Wireless Firmware<CR><LF> A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<CR><LF> B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<CR><LF> 5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<CR><LF> K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : 0-f)<CR><LF> 7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode<CR><LF> 8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode<CR><LF> Q Update KEY<CR><LF>

Z JTAG Selection<CR><LF>



Select the appropriate option. As shown above, to load firmware option 1(Load Default Wireless Firmware) is selected.
 [TX] - 1

```
[RX] - 1<CR><LF>
```

 Once the module loads firmware it will indicate with the message "Loading..." and "Loading Done" as shown below:

Loading...<CR><LF> Loading Done<CR><LF>

• First, select the BT profile using the *at+rsi_opermode* command. For the BT profile give the first parameter as 327680.

[TX] - at+rsi_opermode=327680,0,1,2147483648,2150629376,1073741824<CR><LF>

[RX] - OK<CR><LF>

bt_loaded<CR><LF>

- Now set the BT profile using the at+rsibt_setprofilemode command. For the SPP profile select the parameter as 1.
 [TX] at+rsibt_setprofilemode=1<CR><LF>
 [RX] OK<CR><LF>
- Set the module name using at+rsibt_setlocalname command e.g. "BT_MASTER"

[TX] - at+rsibt_setlocalname=9,BT_MASTER<CR><LF>

[RX] - OK<CR><LF>

• Set the discovery mode by using at+rsibt_setdiscvmode command. Give value 1 to set the mode.

[TX] - at+rsibt_setdiscvmode=1<CR><LF>

[RX] - OK <CR><LF>

• Set the connection mode by using the *at+rsibt_setconnmode* command. Give value 1 to set the mode.

[TX] - at+rsibt_setconnmode=1<CR><LF>

[RX] - OK <CR><LF>

4.6.1.1.2 Test Procedure

- Now open the SENA BTerm app in your android phone and turn on Bluetooth.
- Click on the table symbol which is on the right side and then select the "Bluetooth Management" to configure the application in listen mode.



2:02 🖬	1 1
<u> S</u> ENA BTerm	Ξ
ок	
-	
企	
Show Toolbox	Terminal Settings
స్తో	Ø
Bluetooth Management	Bluetooth Configuration
	\otimes
AT Commands List	Exit
<	

• Now click on the "listen to inquiry and page scan" and then change scan timeout as 0 for infinite timeout.

2:02 🗖
SENA BTerm - Bluetooth Management
status
reboot and reset to default
connect to
listen to inquiry and page scan
miscellaneous
<



2	2:03 🖪			•
SENA BTerm - Bluetooth Management status				
	reboo	t and re	eset to d	efault
			ect to	
	Change Scan Timeout (0 For			
S	30			
Т	OK Cancel		ancel	
	Listen To ScanType For TimeOut (AT+BTSCAN,n,to)			
D		000000	000000	Select
Т	ime Out		30	second
	1	2	3	-
	4	5	6	
	7	8	9	$\langle X \rangle$
	,	0	•	
		•		

• Now put the application in discoverable mode by clicking "Listen to ScanType for TimeOut".

2:03 🗖		X	
SENA BTerm - Bl	uetooth Managem	ient	
	status		
reboot a	nd reset to d	efault	
	connect to		
[LISTEN TO	INQUIRY AND P	AGE SCAN]	
Listen To Both Scan For 30 seconds (AT+BTSCAN)			
Scan Type	Scan Type Inquiry+Page Scan 🗸		
Time Out	30	second	
Listen To ScanType For TimeOut (AT+BTSCAN,n,to)			
Device 0	00000000000	Select	
Time Out	30	second	
Listen To Page Scan For TimeOut (AT+BTSCAN112233445566,to)			
miscellaneous			

• Now give an inquiry command to scan the Bluetooth devices which are available around the module by giving *at+rsibt_inquiry*.

[TX]at+rsibt_inquiry=1,10000,10<CR><LF>

[RX] - OK <CR><LF>

It will give the names of the devices which are available by giving the asynchronous messages given below:
 [RX] - AT+RSIBT_INQRESP 1,50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,5,redmi,-71,5A020C<CR><LF>
 AT+RSIBT_INQRESP 1,4C-BB-58-E4-41-8D,0,,-100,2010C<CR><LF>



AT+RSIBT_INQRESP 1,BC-85-56-68-AE-FA,0,,-96,2010C<CR><LF> AT+RSIBT_INQRESP 1,98-54-1B-C9-B4-8F,0,,-96,2010C<CR><LF> AT+RSIBT_INQRESP 1,88-DA-1A-16-E5-85,0,,-82,240428<CR><LF> AT+RSIBT_INQRESP 1,C4-0B-CB-DA-82-16,0,,-84,5A020C<CR><LF> AT+RSIBT_INQRESP 1,64-5A-04-9A-4A-89,0,,-94,2010C<CR><LF> AT+RSIBT_INQRESP 1,64-5A-04-9A-4A-89,0,,-94,2010C<CR><LF>

- Now connect to the device you want to connect by giving the *at+rsi_bond* command. In that give the MAC address of the device which is also shown with its name in the **AT+RSIBT_INQRESP** message.
 [TX] at+rsibt_bond=50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2<CR><LF>
 [RX] OK <CR><LF>
- It will send an asynchronous response to the module as shown below:

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_BONDRESP 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,0<CR><LF> [RX] - AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYREQ 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2<CR><LF>

We need to send the link key command at+rsibt_usrlinkkey.

[TX] - at+rsibt_usrlinkkey=50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,0,1234<CR><LF>

[RX] - OK<CR><LF>

- Then it will send an asynchronous response to the module as shown below: AT+RSIBT_USRPINCODEREQ 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2<CR><LF>
- The module needs to send an authentication code (Enter the same PIN as entered last time) e.g. 1234 here using at+rsibt_usrpincode command.

[TX] - at+rsibt_usrpincode=50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,1,1234<CR><LF>

[RX] - OK<CR><LF>

• It will give Popup on the application to enter the PIN for the pairing process.



 As soon as you enter the pin and click "OK" on this window, it will send an asynchronous response to the module as shown below.

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYSAVE 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,D9,96,25,99,88,38,BD,BC,78,72,55,51,4,F2,7D,99<CR><LF>



[RX] - AT+RSIBT_AUTHENTICATION_STATUS 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,1<CR><LF> [RX] - AT+RSIBT_CLASSIC_DISCONNECTED 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,4E13<CR><LF>

Now again give bond command

[TX] - at+rsibt_bond=50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2<CR><LF>

[RX] - OK <CR><LF>

- It will send an asynchronous response to the module as shown below: AT+RSIBT_BONDRESP 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,0<CR><LF> AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYREQ 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2<CR><LF>
- We need to send the link key command at+rsibt_usrlinkkey with the key which we got on LINKKEYSAVE and with a positive reply.

[TX] - at+rsibt_usrlinkkey=50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,1,D9,96,25,99,88,38,BD,BC,78,72,55,51,4,F2,7D,99<CR><LF> [RX] - OK<CR><LF>

• Then it will send an asynchronous response to the module as shown below.

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_AUTHENTICATION_STATUS 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2,1<CR><LF>

• Now give SPP connect command from the module by giving the command.

[TX] - at+rsibt_sppconn=50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2<CR><LF>

• After a successful connection, an asynchronous message from the module given below will come on the terminal.

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_SPPCONNECTED 50-8F-4C-A1-05-D2<CR><LF>

 Now start communicating with the other Bluetooth device through these terminals by sending the SPP TRANSFER command.
 [TX] - at+rsibt_spptx=10,1234567890<CR><LF>
 [RX] - OK<CR><LF>

This string will be received on the application side.





 In the same way, we can send any random data from the application to the Module. Click on the "Show Toolbox" from the table symbol and then select the "[INPUT]" to enter the data to the Module.



• It will send an asynchronous response to the module as shown below.

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 6,silabs<CR><LF>

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 6,silabs<CR><LF>

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 6,silabs<CR><LF>

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 6,silabs<CR><LF>

- BT in Slave Mode
- •

• BT Slave Mode Configuration through AT commands

•

Configure the module to UART mode using the steps given in the EVB user guide and an Android phone with an application for the BT SPP profile support.

For the demo, we have used the "Bluetooth spp pro" application.

Note: This application works with Android v4.0+.

• Power up the module and the module sends the following messages at the boot-up.

WELCOME TO REDPINE SIGNALS<CR><LF>

BootLoader Version 1.0<CR><LF><CR><LF>

- 1 Load Default Wireless Firmware<CR><LF>
- A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<CR><LF>
- B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<CR><LF>

5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)<CR><LF>

K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : 0-f)<CR><LF>

7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode<CR><LF>

8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode<CR><LF>

Q Update KEY<CR><LF>

Z JTAG Selection<CR><LF>

Select the appropriate option. As shown above, to load firmware option 1(Load Default Wireless Firmware) is selected.

[TX] - 1 [RX] - 1<CR><LF>


• Once the module loads firmware it will indicate with the message "Loading..." and "Loading Done" as shown below:

Loading...<CR><LF>

Loading Done<CR><LF>

First, select the BT profile using the *at+rsi_opermode* command. For the BT profile give the first parameter as 327680.

```
[TX] - at+rsi_opermode=327680,0,1,2147483648,2150629376,1073741824<CR><LF>
[RX] - OK<CR><LF>
bt loaded<CR><LF>
```

• Now set the BT profile using the *at+rsibt_setprofilemode* command. For the SPP profile select the parameter as 1.

```
[TX] - at+rsibt_setprofilemode=1<CR><LF>
[RX] - OK<CR><LF>
```

• Set the module name using at+rsibt_setlocalname command e.g. "BT_Slave"

[TX] - at+rsibt_setlocalname=16,RS9116W_BT_Slave<CR><LF> [RX] - OK<CR><LF>

• Set the discovery mode by using at+rsibt_setdiscvmode command. Give value 1 to set the mode.

[TX] - at+rsibt_setdiscvmode=1<CR><LF> [RX] - OK <CR><LF>

• Set the connection mode by using the *at+rsibt_setconnmode* command. Give value 1 to set the mode.

```
[TX] - at+rsibt_setconnmode=1<CR><LF>
[RX] - OK <CR><LF>
```

Note:Once the pysical level connection happends then only the "Bluetooth spp Manager" will detect the device. So, please flow the below procedure for the pysical level connection followed by "Bluetooth spp Manager" functioning.

4.6.1.1.3 Test Procedure

 In the Android phone go to Settings-> Wireless and network-> Bluetooth Settings. Turn on the Bluetooth set device and make it visible. Click on the "pair a new device" option.





Click on the "RS9116W_BT_Slave". You will get the below request.
 [RX] - AT+RSIBT_USRPINCODEREQ A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53<CR><LF>
 [TX] - at+rsibt_usrpincode=A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,1,4321<CR><LF>
 [RX] - OK <CR><LF>

• Need to enter the "4321" pin code in the pair dialogue box. as shown in below



- For the first time, the disconnection is happens. you will see the linkeysave in the serial termianla as below.
 [RX] AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYSAVE A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,8B,11,16,7C,37,8,2C,FB,43,BA,FB,98,8E,5B,7E,1F<CR><LF>
 [RX] - AT+RSIBT_BONDRESP A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,0<CR><LF>
 [RX] - AT+RSIBT_CLASSIC_DISCONNECTED A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,4E13<CR><LF>
- Open the "Bluetooth spp Manager" application. And clieck on the "search devices" option for scanning other bluetooth devices.





- Click on the "BT_Slave". You will get the dialogue box as below.
 [RX] AT+RSIBT_BONDRESP A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,0<CR><LF>
 [RX] AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYREQ A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53<CR><LF>
 [TX] at+rsibt_usrlinkkey=A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,0,4321<CR><LF>
 [RX] OK <CR><LF>
 AT+RSIBT_USRPINCODEREQ A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53<CR><LF>
 [TX] at+rsibt_usrpincode=A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,1,4321<CR><LF>
 - [RX] OK <CR><LF>



	*	Manager				:
		Pair with	RS9116W	_BT_SI	ave?	SSI
		4321				
	St	Usually OC)00 or 1234			
	M De		PIN contain syml	s letters bols	s or	
	M	You may PIN on th	also need ne other de	to type vice.	e this	
	St M		ow access to I call history	your co	ontacts	
	*					
		1	2	3	_	
		4	5	6		-
		7	8	9	×	ו
		,	0	•		
		~				
4:	15					V
2	N	lanager		*	٩,	:
/IC	ES	BT	T MESSE	NGER	_	RTC N
R	\$911	16W_BT	_Slave c	onne	cted!	
R	S911	16W_BT	_Slave c	onne	cted!	

- Send Message Clear History
- Once the connection is happen then you will get the below userlinkysave in the serial terminal.

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYSAVE A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,A7,BA,4B,14,CA,C,49,80,C5,AC,8A,58,72,41,E5,7<CR><LF>

- [RX] AT+RSIBT_AUTHENTICATION_STATUS A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,1<CR><LF>
- [RX] AT+RSIBT_SPPCONNECTED A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53<CR><LF>
- [TX] at+rsibt_spptx=10,1234567890<CR><LF>
- [RX] OK <CR><LF>

•

[TX] - at+rsibt_spptx=10,1234567890<CR><LF>



[RX] - OK <CR><LF>

```
[TX] - at+rsibt_spptx=10,1234567890<CR><LF>
```

[RX] - OK <CR><LF>

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 7,silabs<LF><CR>

<LF>

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 7,silabs<LF><CR>

<LF>

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 7,silabs<LF><CR>

<LF>

[RX] - AT+RSIBT_MODECHANGED A8-3E-0E-69-F8-53,2,792<CR><LF>

4:15 🖬				
🗞 Manag	er	*	Q,	:
VICES	BT MESS	ENGER		
RS9116W_ 123456789	BT_Slave	16:15:		
RS9116W_ 123456789	BT_Slave	16:15:		
Mani 16:15	5: silabs			
RS9116W_ 123456789	BT_Slave	16:15:		
Mani 16:15	5: silabs			
Mani 16:15	5: silabs			
Mani 16:15	5: silabs			
Mani 16:15	5: silabs			
🖳 silabs	3			
Send Me	ssage	Clear	Histo	ory

Select "Byte Stream mode" on that screen.

• Selection of Byte Stream mode will open a communication window as shown below:





• Now send some bytes (e.g. string "abcd" here) from Phone to module, by typing abcd and pressing the arrow to send:





This string will be received on the module as *SPPRX* as shown below: AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 4,abcd<CR><LF>

- Similarly, the module can also send some bytes to the phone by giving SPPTX command. Give the data you want to send in the 2nd argument of this command. for ex., let the data is 1234567890.
 [TX] at+rsibt_spptx=10,1234567890<CR><LF>
 - [RX] OK<CR><LF>

This string will be received on the Phone as shown below:





4.7 Wi-Fi + BLE Evaluation in UART Mode

The following sub-sections describe configuring and using the module in different operational modes of Wi-Fi + BLE.

4.7.1 Wi-Fi + BLE Evaluation using AT Commands

4.7.1.1 Wi-Fi Client + BLE Peripheral Mode

4.7.1.1.1 Wi-Fi Client + BLE Peripheral Mode Configuration

In order to run the Wi-Fi client and BT-LE coexistence mode, issue the operating mode as the first command with the relevant coexistence parameters. After the operating mode command, the module will operate in both WiFi and BT LE mode and will respond to WiFi commands as well as BT LE commands in parallel.

Common Command: Set the operating mode command with below parameters to run in Wi-Fi + BT-LE Coex Mode. Oper_mode = ((wifi_oper_mode) | (coex_mode << 16)) Wifi_oper_mode = 0 (to operate wifi in STA mode) Coex_mode=13(to operate in WiFi+BT LE coex mode) Feature_bit_map = 0 Tcp_ip_feature_bit_map =4 (DHCPv4 client) Custom_feature_bit_map=0 ext_custom_feature_bit_map=As required bt_custom_feature_bit_map=As required ext_tcp_ip_feature_bit_map=As required ext_tcp_ip_feature_bit_map=0 ble_custom_feature_bit_map=As required at+rsi_opermode=851968,0,4,2147483648,2150629376,3221225472,0,1966080

Wi-Fi Command Sequence to Associate with Access Point:

• Band : This command sets the operating mode of the module



- Init :This command initializes the module
- Scan: This command scans for Access points in the vicinity and reports them.
- Join: This command associates the module to the AP

Refer to Sections <u>Wi-Fi Client in Personal Security Mode</u> for the full list of commands and corresponding descriptions. **BLE Command Sequence:**

- Advertise: This command advertises the local name of the module in peripheral roles.
 Refer to Sections <u>BLE in Peripheral (Slave) Mode</u> for the full list of commands and corresponding descriptions.
- 4.7.1.1.2 Test Procedure Refer to Sections Wi-Fi Client in Personal Security Mode and BLE in Peripheral (Slave) Mode for the respective test procedures.

4.7.1.2 Wi-Fi Client + BLE Central Mode

Wi-Fi Client + BLE Central Mode Configuration

In order to run the Wi-Fi client and BT-LE coexistence mode, issue the operating mode as the first command with the relevant coexistence parameters. After the operating mode command, the module will operate in both WiFi and BT LE mode and will respond to WiFi commands as well as BT LE commands in parallel.

Common Command: Set the operating mode command with below parameters to run in Wi-Fi + BT-LE Coex Mode. Oper_mode = ((wifi_oper_mode) | (coex_mode << 16)) Wifi_oper_mode = 0 (to operate wifi in STA mode) Coex_mode=13(to operate in WiFi+BT LE coex mode) Feature_bit_map = 0 Tcp_ip_feature_bit_map =4 (DHCPv4 client) Custom_feature_bit_map=0 ext_custom_feature_bit_map=As required bt_custom_feature_bit_map=As required ext_tcp_ip_feature_bit_map=As required ext_tcp_ip_feature_bit_map=As required at+rsi_opermode=851968,0,4,2147483648,2150629376,3221225472,0,1966080

Wi-Fi Command Sequence to Associate with Access Point:

- Band: This command sets the operating mode of the module
- Init: This command initializes the module
- Scan: This command scans for Access points in the vicinity and reports them.
- Join: This command associates the module to the AP

Refer to Sections <u>Wi-Fi Client in Personal Security Mode</u> for the full list of commands and corresponding descriptions. **BLE Command Sequence:**

- Scan: This command scans for BT LE devices and reports the devices found
- Connect: This command initializes a connection to a remote peripheral device. Refer to Sections <u>BLE Evaluation using AT Commands</u> for the full list of commands and corresponding descriptions.

4.7.1.2.1 Test Procedure

Refer to Sections <u>Wi-Fi Client in Personal Security Mode</u> and <u>BLE Evaluation using AT Commands</u> for the respective test procedures.

4.7.1.3 Wi-Fi AP + BLE Peripheral Mode

Wi-Fi AP + BLE Peripheral Mode Configuration

In order to run the Wi-Fi AP and BT-LE coexistence mode, issue the operating mode as the first command with the relevant coexistence parameters. After the operating mode command, the module will operate in both WiFi and BT LE mode and will respond to WiFi commands as well as BT LE commands in parallel.

Common Command: Set the operating mode command with below parameters to run in Wi-Fi + BT-LE Coex Mode. Oper_mode = ((wifi_oper_mode) | (coex_mode << 16))

Wifi_oper_mode = 6 (to operate wifi in STA mode)

Coex_mode=13(to operate in WiFi+BT LE coex mode)

Feature_bit_map = 0

Tcp_ip_feature_bit_map = 18 (HTTP server + DHCPv4 server)

Custom_feature_bit_map=0

ext_custom_feature_bit_map=As required



bt_custom_feature_bit_map=As required ext_tcp_ip_feature_bit_map=0 ble_custom_feature_bit_map=As required at+rsi_opermode=851974,0,18,2147483648,2150629376,3221225472,0,1966080

Wi-Fi Command Sequence to Associate with Access Point:

- **Band:** This command sets the operating mode of the module.
- Init: This command initializes the module.
- **IPConfig:** This command configures the DHCP server on the module.
- APConfig: This command configures the AP related parameters on the module.

Refer to Sections <u>Wi-Fi Access Point Mode</u> for the full list of commands and corresponding descriptions. **BLE Command Sequence:**

 Advertise: This command advertises the local name of the module in a peripheral roles. Refer to Sections <u>BLE Evaluation using AT Commands</u> for the full list of commands and corresponding descriptions.

4.7.1.3.1 Test Procedure

Refer to Sections <u>Wi-Fi Access Point Mode</u> for and <u>BLE Evaluation using AT Commands</u> for the respective test procedures.

4.7.1.4 Wi-Fi AP + BLE Central Mode

Wi-Fi AP + BLE Peripheral Mode Configuration

In order to run the Wi-Fi AP and BT-LE coexistence mode, issue the operating mode as the first command with the relevant coexistence parameters. After the operating mode command, the module will operate in both WiFi and BT LE mode and will respond to WiFi commands as well as BT LE commands in parallel.

Common Command: Set the operating mode command with below parameters to run in Wi-Fi + BT-LE Coex Mode. Oper_mode = ((wifi_oper_mode) | (coex_mode << 16))

Wifi_oper_mode = 6 (to operate wifi in STA mode) Coex_mode=13(to operate in WiFi+BT LE coex mode) Feature_bit_map = 0 Tcp_ip_feature_bit_map = 18 (HTTP server + DHCPv4 server) Custom_feature_bit_map=0 ext_custom_feature_bit_map=As required bt_custom_feature_bit_map=As required ext_tcp_ip_feature_bit_map=0 ble_custom_feature_bit_map=As required at+rsi_opermode=851974,0,18,2147483648,2150629376,3221225472,0,1966080

Wi-Fi Command Sequence to Associate with Access Point:

- Band: This command sets the operating mode of the module
- Init: This command initializes the module
- IPConfig: This command configures the DHCP server on the module.
- APConfig: This command configures the AP related parameters on the module.

Refer to Sections <u>Wi-Fi Access Point Mode</u> for the full list of commands and corresponding descriptions. **BLE Command Sequence:**

- Scan: This command scans for BT LE devices and reports the devices found
- **Connect:** This command initializes a connection to a remote peripheral device.

Refer to Sections BLE Evaluation using AT Commands for the full list of commands and corresponding descriptions.

4.7.1.4.1 Test Procedure

Refer to Sections <u>Wi-Fi Access Point Mode</u> for and <u>BLE Evaluation using AT Commands</u> or the respective test procedures.



5 Configuration over Wi-Fi

The module can be configured wirelessly to join a specific AP (referred to as "auto-connect") or create an Access Point (referred to as "auto-create").

5.1 Configuration to connect to an Access Point

Flow 1: In this flow, an AP is first created in the module, to which a remote device connects and configures the module.



Figure 20: Module Configured as Access Point

- 1. Connect a PC or Host to the module through the USB and power up the module.
- 2. Configure the module to become an AP and DHCP Server by issuing commands from PC (P) as in section Evaluation of Access Point Mode. The sequence of commands is given below.
- at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0
- at+rsi_band=0
- at+rsi_init
- at+rsi_fwversion?
- at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.0.30,255.255.255.0,192.168.0.30
- at+rsi_apconf=6,SILABS_AP,0,0,0,100,3,4
- at+rsi_join=SILABS_AP,0,2,0

The module is now configured as an Access Point. Its IP address is 192.168.0.30.

- Connect a Laptop (B) to the created AP. Open the URL http://<Module's IP address>in the Laptop. In this case, the URL is <u>http://192.168.0.30</u>. Make sure the browser in the laptop does not have any proxies enabled.
- 2. The module's web page opens as shown in the figure below.

REDPINE® SIGNALS	WiSeCo	nnect®		
	CONFIGURATION	ADMINISTRATION		
Basic Settings		IP Settings		
Client O AP		IP VERSION	~	
BAND (GHZ) 2.4 O 5.0 O Duel				
SSID		Network Stack Setting		
TX POWER Medure Power		TTRAFIC WEDPAGES (JSON)		
SETREGION	D	NS CLIENT		
CHANNEL 0	SI	NMP AGENT		
	53	SL.		
ANTENNA Internal	PI	ING		
SECURITY ENABLE	H	TTPS		
802.11N AGGREGATION	RJ	AW SOCKET	2	
CUSTOM FEATURE	57	NTP CLIENT		
SELECT BITMAP	м	IDNS		
EXT CUSTOM FEATURE	SI	MTP CLIENT		
La trant	P	0P3 CLIENT	2	
	53	SL CERTIFICATE		
		UADING SSL ON NAM		
	0	TAP TR CI TENT		
		IP CLIENT		
At \$45 2015 Budsley Clause Tax. All debts second	Submt C	2		
right AD 2015 Reapine Signais, Inc. All rights reserved.				

Figure 21: Module Webpage



1. On the page, select "Client" under Basic Settings. The page changes to show the settings required to be configured for the module in Client mode, as shown in the figure below.

REDPINE® SIGNALS	WiSeConnect@
Contractions Contractions tensors remains tensors remains tensors	infraction of the second of th
	este anderar B este a galance C este a galance
	ten derarezone en el
yragle Álja 2013 Rudyina Signala, Jac. All righta maarvad.	

Figure 22: Client Mode Webpage

- 1. Select the Band and enter SSID of the Access Point to which the module needs to be connected to.
- 2. Set the "TX POWER" to "High Power".
- 3. Select "0" in the drop-down menu for Channel this ensures that the module will scan in all the channels for the Access Point.
- 4. If the Access Point is in Secure mode, click the radio button next to "SECURITY ENABLE" and then input the security parameters as per the Access Point's settings. In this example, the Access Point is in Open (non-Secure) mode.
- 5. Click the radio button next to "802.11N AGGREGATION" to enable A-MPDU aggregation.
- 6. For details on the "CUSTOM FEATURE BITMAP", refer to the Software PRM.
- Under IP Settings, select between IPv4, IPv6 and Both and enter the IP Settings (DHCP Enable/Disable) as per the settings in the Access Point. In this example, we have selected IPv4 and enabled DHCP, as shown in the figure below.

NALS	mset	Jonneetto		
	CONFIGURATION	ADMINISTRATION		
Basic Settings		1P Settings		
Client O AP		IP VERSION	~	
BAND (GHZ) 2.4 0 5.0 0 Dual				
SSID		Network Stack Settings		
TX POWER Mature Press		DYNAMIC WEBPAGES (JSON)		
		Disc CLENT		
SETREGION		SNMP AGENT		
CHANNEL 0		59.		
ANTENNA Internal		PING		
SECURITY ENABLE		HTTPS		
802.11N AGGREGATION		RAW SOCKET	2	
CUSTOM FEATURE		SNTP CLIENT		
SELECT BITMAP		MDNS		
EXT CUSTOM FEATURE		SMTP CLIENT		
		POP3 CLIENT		
		LOADING SELON RAM		
		OTAF		
		FTP CLIENT		
	Side	t Ciear		

Figure 23: Example Client Mode Configuration

- 1. Click on the "Submit" button. The information is sent to the module and stored in its internal flash.
- 2. The module should now be power cycled or hard reset. It boots up and then automatically scans channels for the target AP and connects to it and gets an IP address. The module will send out two responses to the Host (PC), the first corresponds to the internally given "Join" command and the second to the "Set IP Parameters" command. Note that once the module is restarted, no commands need to be given. The module automatically scans and joins the target AP, after which the stored configuration parameters can be retrieved using the command "at+rsi_cfgget". If the auto-connect feature needs to be disabled, issue the command "at+rsi_cfgenable=0". Refer to the PRM for more details on these commands.

Flow 2: In this flow, the module is connected to an AP. A remote device connects to the same AP and configures the module.





Figure 24: Module Connected to Access Point

- 1. Connect a PC or Host to the module through the USB and power up the module.
- 2. Configure the module to become a client and connect to an AP as described in section <u>Wi-Fi Client in Personal</u> <u>Security Mode</u>.
- Connect a Laptop (C) to the same AP. Open the URL http://<Module's IP address>in the Laptop. For example, if the module was configured to have an IP of 192.168.100.20, then the URL is http://192.168.100.20. Make sure the browser in the laptop does not have any proxies enabled.
- 4. Follow the instructions in Flow 1 from step 4 to reconfigure the module to connect to a different Access Point.

5.1.1 Configuration to Create an Access Point

Flow 1: In this flow, an AP is first created in the module, to which a remote device connects and configures the module.



Figure 25: Module Configured as Access Point

For Creating an Access Point, follow the above steps in **Flow 1** that is given under "**Configuration to connect to an Access Point**".

Flow 2: In this flow, the module is connected to an AP. A remote device connects to the same AP and configures the module.



	AP/Router (B)
Hert lander	Silabs R9116
Host/MCU Figure 30: Module Connected to Access Point	Test Laptop (C) runnin TCP/UDP application

Figure 26: Module Connected to Access Point

- 1. Connect a PC or Host to the module through the USB and power up the module.
- 2. Configure the module to become a client and connected to an AP by issuing commands through PC (P).
- Connect a Laptop (c) to the created AP. Open the URL http://<Module's IP address>in the Laptop. For example, if the module was configured to have an IP of 192.168.100.1, then the URL is http://192.168.100.1. Make sure the browser in the laptop does not have any proxies enabled.
- 4. Follow the instructions in **Flow 1** from step 4 to reconfigure the module as an Access Point.

Note: If Wrong Configurations are saved, then for next boot up if user gets an ERROR, issue the command "at+rsi_cfgenable=0", then power cycle the module and proceed with the flow of commands.



6 Appendix A_ Headers on the EVB

6.1 Headers' Pin Orientations

The figure below shows the pin orientations for the SDIO/SPI header.



Figure 27: Headers' Pin Orientations

6.2 SPI Header Pin Description

The following table describes the pins of the SPI header.

Table 1: SPI Header Pins

Pin Number	Pin Name	Direction	Description
1	NC	-	This pin must be left open.
2	SPI_CS	Input	SPI slave select from the host(active low)
3	GND	-	Ground
4	VDD	-	Supply voltage.
5	SPI_CLK	Input	Serial clock in from the host. The clock can be up to80 MHz
6	GND	-	Ground
7	SPI_MOSI	Input	SPI data input
8	SPI_MISO	Output	SPI data output
9	SPI_INTR	Output	Active high, level triggered interrupt, used in SPI mode. The interrupt is raised by the EVB to indicate there is data to be read by the Host.
10	NC	-	No Connect

6.3 SDIO Header Pin Description

The following table describes the pins of the SDIO header.



<u></u>								
Pin Number	Pin Name	Direction	Description					
1	SDIO_DATA3	Input/Output	Data3 of the SDIO interface.					
2	SDIO_CMD	Input/Output	SDIO Mode: SDIO interface command signal.					
3	GND	-	Ground					
4	VDD	-	Supply voltage.					
5	SDIO_CLK	Input	This signal is the SDIO clock.					
6	GND	-	Ground					
7	SDIO_DATA0	Input/Output	Data0 of the SDIO interface.					
8	SDIO_DATA1	Input/Output	Data1 of the SDIO interface.					
9	SDIO_DATA2	Input/Output	Data2 of the SDIO interface.					
10	NC	-	No Connect					

Reset - When the EVB is powered through the USB on "Power" port or through the power on any interface (UART, USB, USB-CDC, SDIO/SPI) then it gets the Power-on Reset.

To control the reset there are two methods:

- 1. Reset Button on the baseboard.
- 2. The host can control the Reset by controlling the pin #2 (RST_PS) on header J9 via GPIO.

Note:

Signal Integrity Guidelines for SPI/SDIO interface: Glitches in the SPI/SDIO clock can potentially take the SPI/SDIO interface out of synchronization. The quality and integrity of the clock line need to be maintained. In case a cable is used for the board to board connection, the following steps are recommended (please note that this is not an exhaustive list of guidelines and depending on individual cases additional steps may be needed):

- 1. Minimize the length of the SPI/SDIO bus cable to as small as possible, preferably to within an inch or two.
- 2. Increase the number of ground connections between the EVB and the Host processor PCB.



7 Example Applications

Example	Description	Application path
WLAN station and TCP client	This example demonstrates how to configure the module in station mode and send data to the remote side using TCP client socket	sapis\examples\wlan\tcp_client
Access point creation and TCP server	This example demonstrates how to Configure the module in access point mode and receive the data from the remote side using the TCP server socket.	sapis\examples\wlan\access_point
BT SPP slave	This application demonstrates how to configure the device in Slave mode and establish an SPP profile connection with the remote Master device and data exchange between two devices using the SPP profile.	sapis\examples\bt\spp_slave
Simple chat using BLE and WLAN station coex	This example demonstrates the data exchanges between BLE and WLAN applications.	sapis\examples\wlan_ble\wlan_station_ble_dual_role_bridge
Simple chat using BT and WLAN station coex	This example demonstrates the data exchanges between BT and WLAN applications	sapis\examples\wlan_bt\wlan_bt_bridge

Note: There are many other examples for WLAN, BT Classic and BLE protocols and co-existence applications, please refer to sapis\examples\ folder in the release package.

Refer AN1282: RS9116W_Guide_for_SAPI_Application_Examples doc from https://docs.silabs.com/rs9116



8 Appendix C_Running Tera Term Scripts

To download and set up TeraTerm, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Source-Forge (TeraTerm) website: <u>http://en.sourceforge.jp/projects/ttssh2/releases/</u>

- 2. Download the emulator.
- 3. Run the downloaded file and navigate through the installer. Select the standard default settings when prompted.

4. Connect Micro A/B-type USB cable between the USB port of the PC and the micro-USB port of the EVB labeled "UART".

5. Open TeraTerm. Upon opening, TeraTerm prompts for connection information. We are using a serial connection (not the default TCP/IP).

6. Select Serial (Note: To be able to select "Serial" port initially RS9116 has to be connected to PC using UART interface)

7. From the Port drop-down menu, choose the COM port which has detected as connected EVB to PC(Check step4 if COM port not detected and restart TeraTerm).

Tera Term - [disconnected] V File Edit S Tera Term: New	connection	Lenk		-	x	
© ΤΟΡ/ΙΡ	Host: Service:	192.0.2.1 History Telnet SSH Other	TCP po SSH version: Protocol:	rt#: 22 SSH2 UNSPEC		
Serial	Port:	COM141: U	SB Serial Port (Help	COM141)	•	

8. Set the serial port's settings to match the RS9116's communications protocol. To adjust settings, navigate to Setup > Serial port.

9.	Adjust the	settings	(as needed) according	to the following:
----	------------	----------	------------	-------------	-------------------

COM141:9600bps - F	Tera Term: Serial port set	tup	x	
	Port:	COM141 -	ОК	
	Speed:	115200 -		
	Data:	8 bit 👻	Cancel	
	Parity:	none 🔻		
	Stop bits:	1 bit 🔹	Help	
	Flow control:	none 🔻		
	Transmit dela	iy		
	U mse	c/char U m	sec/line	
				,

- 10. Press OK to save the settings and to return to the terminal.
- 11. Now do the ABRD process by giving "Shift +| and Shift +u" then you will see the below prints.
- 12. Hit '1' and then you will see a message that says, "Loading..." followed by "Loading Done".



13. If "Loading Done" doesn't appear check if the Module is in Binary mode. If yes, refer to "**Note 1**" (see below) and execute all these steps once again from the beginning.



14. Set the Terminal settings by navigating to Setup > Terminal.

COME TO	Terminal size	New-line	
tLoadeı	80 X 24	Receive: CR+LF -	
load Def Joad Wii Burn Wii Select J	Term size = win size	Transmit: CR+LF Cancel	
Check W: Inable (Disable Ipdate I JTAG Sei	Terminal ID: VT100 🔹	Help V Local echo	
ding ding Do	Answerback: Coding (receive)	Coding (transmit)	
	UTF-8 •	UTF-8	
	lacalat amarican	CodeDego: 65001	

15. Finally, Choose the TTL script to run the example project by navigating to Control > Macro.

TeraTerm scripts are available in the release package at the following path: *RS9116.NB0.WC.GENR.OSI.x.x.x\utils\scripts\TeraTerm_TTL_Scripts*

Ormanian an Manufaldan					g	ER
organize • New rolder					922 *	
🔆 Favorites		Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
📕 Downloads		AP_MODE.ttl	10-Aug-18 7:03 PM	TTL File	3 KB	
🔛 Recent Places		AP_MODE_psk.ttl	09-Aug-18 1:10 PM	TTL File	3 KB	
🚾 Desktop		Station_mode.ttl	10-Aug-18 7:05 PM	TTL File	3 KB	
		Wifi-Direct .ttl	10-Aug-18 7:07 PM	TTL File	5 KB	
詞 Libraries		Wifi-Direct _station - Copy.ttl	10-Aug-18 6:34 PM	TTL File	5 KB	
Documents	=	Wifi-Direct _station.ttl	10-Aug-18 12:48 P	TTL File	4 KB	
J Music		WLAN_EAP_PEAP_station.ttl	10-Aug-18 7:15 PM	TTL File	4 KB	
Subversion						
H Videos						
🜉 Computer						
Local Disk (C:)						
👝 Local Disk (D:)						
🖵 Rajasekhar (\\192.168.1.2	11\nev					
🖙 raiasekhar.chenchala\$ (\)	192.16 *					

16. If any error occurs pop up window will display "An error occurred, please check your configuration and try again",



Hit 'OK' and power recycle the module and then starts from the beginning.

M COM141:115200bps - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
ОК
at+rsi_band=0
ок
at+rsi_init
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 1E B1 E0 0D 0A at+rsi_scan=0,abcd
OK#abcd1øßa@
at+rsi_PSK=1,12345678
OK
at+rsi_join=abcd,0,2,f
ERROR
ERROR



Note 1: If the Module is in binary to change from binary mode to AT mode, the user must give 'U' in the bootloader options.

Note 2 : For Low Power StandBy_Associated WiFi Station.ttl script present in folder "utils\scripts\TeraTerm_TTL_Scripts" there is no step by step execution procedure below, you can refer AN1280: RS9116W Power Save Application Notes from <u>https://docs.silabs.com/rs9116</u>

Note 3 : Before running "FW_upgrade_over_wifi.ttl" script, you need to clear the webpages which were loaded in the Module flash using following command's.

a)If you remember the webpage file name loaded in flash use the following command to erase the file : "at+rsi_erasefile=<filename>\r\n"

b)If you did not remember the webpage file name loaded in flash use the following command : "at+rsi_clearfiles=1\r\n"

For detailed description, user can refer to the "RS9116W Wi-Fi AT Command Programming Reference Manual" from <u>https://docs.silabs.com/rs9116</u>

Note 4 : For all the Wi-Fi client related scripts(Station_mode, Low Power StandBy_Associated WiFi Station and BLE Advertising, Low Power StandBy_Associated WiFi Station.ttl) are in "WPA2_PSK" security mode. User need to configure the third party AP's in "WPA/WAP2_PSK" mode.

Note 5: All the ttl scripts are provided with default ABRD, user need to select the macro as is to run the ttl scripts. Ensure that the Teraterm settings which are mentioned in Step #7 to #10 are done before selecting the macro. Below image describes selecting the TTL scripts

File	Edit	Setup	Control	Window	Help							
			Re	set terminal								^
			Re	set remote t	itle							
			Ar	e you there		Alt+T						
			Se	nd break		Alt+B						
			Re	set port								
			Br	oadcast con	nmand							
			Op	en TEK								
			Cl	ose TEK								
			M	acro								
			Sh	ow Macro V	Vindow							
												~

- 1. On the window that will pop-up, select the respective script from WiSeConnect release package in the following path "RS9116.NB0.WC.GENR.OSI.x.x.xx\utils\scripts\TeraTerm_TTL_Scripts",
- 2. The following pop will be displayed, PRESS OK on the popup

File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
100		
WELCOME TO REDFINE SIGNALS		
BootLoader version 1.0		
1 Load Default Wireless Firmware		
A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)		
B Burn Wireless Firmware ⟨Image No : 0-f⟩		
5 Select Default Wireless Firnware (Image No : 0-f)		
K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : 0-f)		
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode		
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode		
9 Update KEY	R	×
Z JTAG Selection		
L	Firmware Loading Done Succes	sstully
	ОК	
Loading		
Loading Done		
0		



3. Then the actual scripts starts from the OPERMODE, the below image is for reference.



Note 6: If the user want to perform the ABRD manually as mentioned in step #11 and #12, after the successful ABRD user has to give RESET command as "at+rsi_reset=1", so that user should be able to select the required TTL Script from the path "RS9116.NB0.WC.GENR.OSI.x.xx\utils\scripts\TeraTerm_TTL_Scripts".

The Edit Setup Control Mindow Help	
ivu	
ufi come to redptne stonal s	
BootLoader Version 1.0	×
1 Load Default Wireless Firnware	Firmware Loading Done Successfully
A Load Hireless Firnware (Image No : O-f)	ОК
8 Burn Hireless Firnware (Inage No : O-f)	
5 Select Default Hireless Firmware (Image No : O-f)	
(Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : O-f)	
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode	
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode	
Q Update KEY	
Z JTAG Selection	

8.1 Access Point Mode

- 1. For running this script users need to use AP_MODE.ttl from the list.
- 2. The Opermode command "at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0", This configures the EVB to function in AP mode. The module responds with "OK".



COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT File Edit Setup Control Window Help					
UU WELCOME TO REDPINE SIGNALS					
BootLoader Version 1.0					
1 Load Default Wireless Firmware					
A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No :	0-f >				
B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No :	(1 −6)				
5 Select Default Wireless Firmware <i< td=""><td>mage No : 0-f></td></i<>	mage No : 0-f>				
K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity <	Image No : 0-f>				
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode					
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode					
Q Update KEY					
Z JTAG Selection					
11					
Loading	Opermode Successful				
Loading Done					
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0					
ок					

3. Tera term will pop up for input (Band - 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz) from the user, user needs to enter the band value (0) and hit 'OK', (at+rsi_band=0) This configures the operating band 2.4 GHz of the EVB. The module responds with "OK".

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		
File Edit Setup Control Window	Help	
100		
WELCOME TO REDPINE SIGNALS		
BootLoader Version 1.0		
1 Load Default Wireless Firm	ware	
A Load Wireless Firmware (Im	nage No ∶ Ø-f>	
B Burn Wireless Firmware (Im	nage No ∶ Ø-f>	
5 Select Default Wireless Fi	rmware (Image No : 0-f)	
K Check Wireless Firmware In	tegrity (Image No : 0-f)	
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass M	lode	
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass	Mode	
Q Update KEY		
Z JTAG Selection	BAND	
11		
Loading	Enter the band to operate AP 0. 2.4GHz 1. 5GHz	
Loading Done	0	
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0		
ок	UK	

4. "at+rsi_init" command initializes the RF of the module. The module responds with OK<MAC_Address>.



💐 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT			_	×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help				
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode				^
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode				
Q Update KEY				
Z JTAG Selection				
11		×		
Loading	Init Successful			
Loading Done				
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0	ОК			
ок				
at+rsi_band=0				
ок				
at+rsi_init				
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A 🗌				\sim

5. If a user wants to configure a different subnet and gateway than ipconfig command has to be issued at this stage else AP will be configured to default subnet and gateway. e.g. "at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.0.30,255.255.255.0,192.168.0.30", This command configures the IP (192.168.0.30 in

this example) of the AP. The module responds with "OK".

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT			_	
File Edit Setup Control Window Help				
Q Update KEY				^
Z JTAG Selection				
11				
Loading				
Loading Done				
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0		×		
ок	ID configuration Suc	aa a aful		
at+rsi_band=0		cessiui		
ок	ОК			
at+rsi_init				
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+rs 0	si_ipconf=0,192.168	3.0.30,255.25	5.255.0,192	2.168.0.3
0 _Γ − <u>∎</u> - ¹ -i <				
				×

6. Tera term will pop up for input (operating channel) from the user, user can enter any value between 1 to 11 e.g. enter the channel(1) and hit 'OK' as shown:



🚇 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT				\times
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> etup C <u>o</u> ntrol <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp			
Q Update KEY Z JTAG Selection 11				^
Loading	СН			
Loading Done	Enter the channel to Configure AP			
0K	1			
at+rsi_band=0 OK	ОК			
at+rsi_init				
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0 0 0	A at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.0.30,255.255	.255.0,19	2.168.	0.3

7. Tera term will now pop up for input (SSID of the AP) from the user, user needs to enter the SSID (e.g. Silabs) and hit 'OK':

SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_	
File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
Z JTAG Selection		^
11		
Loading		
Loading Done	SSID	
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0		
ок	Enter the SSID of AP(max 34 bytes):	
at+rsi_band=0	silabs	
ок		
at+rsi_init	ОК	
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+rs. .0.30	1_1pcont=0,172.100.0.30,255.255.255.	0,192.168
4 - ئ∎ - 10 - 5		
		~

- The next pop up is for input (security mode) from the user, user needs to enter the security mode(2) and hit 'OK', 0 - Open Security
 - 2 WPA2 PSK Security

🚇 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	- 0	×
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> etup C <u>o</u> ntrol <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp	
Q Update KEY		^
Z JTAG Selection		
11		
Loading		
Loading Done		
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0	SEC	
ок		
at+rsi_band=0	Enter the Security mode of AP 0. OPENMODE 2. WPA2MODE	
ок	2	
at+rsi_init	,	
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0	ОК	.0.3
0 _Γ −∎-۲ <		
		~



9. Tera term will pop up for input (PSK of the AP) from the user, the user needs to enter the PSK (12345678) and hit 'OK'.



- 10. The command will go as "at+rsi_apconf=1,silabs,2,2,12345678,100,3,3" The SSID is configured as "silabs" operate in channel 1 and the WPA2 PSK set is "12345678"
- 11. The next command will go as at+rsi_join=silabs,0,2,6, This starts the Access Point functionality in the module. The module is now configured as an Access Point. Its IP address is 192.168.0.30.

A remote peer can now scan for networks and the SSID of the module, "silabs" will be displayed in the remote peer's list of Scanned APs. After the remote peer connects to the AP, it acquires an IP address over DHCP.

SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		_	<
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> etup C <u>o</u> ntrol <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp			
at+rsi_apconf=1,silabs,2,2,12345678,100,3,3			^
ок			
at+rsi_join=silabs,0,2,6			
окg			
III.	\times		
AP Con	figured Successfully		
	ОК		
			~

12. It will open a TCP Server socket on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side using the following AT command 'at+rsi_ltcp=5001', The module's response will look as follows:

OK<ip_version><socket_type><socket_handle><Lport><module_ipaddr>\r\n, pop up window will display "Device is now listening for TCP connections on address 192.168.0.30 and port 5001".



SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT -		×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
Q Update KEY		^
Z JTAG Selection		
11		
Loading		
Loading Done		
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0		
ок		
at 🔳 SUCCESS	\times	
OK Device is now listening for TCP Connections on address 192.168.0.30 port 5001 at		
dF Ø	19	92.168
0 _Γ [_] -'¿ <		~

- 13. Open a TCP client socket on the remote peer (e.g. mobile or PC running iPerf or any third-party application) and connect to Server socket by giving server IP and port number.'
- 14. Observe that the Teraterm on the Wi-Fi Client-side (EVB) prints the following message, once the TCP connection is set up with the remote peer.

AT+RSI_LTCP_CONNECT=<ip_version><socket_descriptor><dest_port_no><dest_ipaddr><mss><window_size ><src_port_no>\r\n The data received might have some unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion

15. When the data is received on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side, you will see a response (asynchronous) from the module as follows:

COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT File Edit Setup Control Window Help	_	×
AT+RSI_LTCP_CONNECT"π-2-		^
AT+RSI_READWelcome to Silicon Labs		
		~

8.2 BLE Central (Master) Mode

• For running this script user need to use ble_central.ttl from the list.

This example demonstrates How to connect with remote BLE devices in BLE central mode.

 \rightarrow To run this example script user required to enter the **Address type**(0- for Public and 1- for random) of the remote device and **remote device BD address**(XX-XX-XX-XX-XX) in the mentioned format.

- \rightarrow Command sequence in this scripts are:
- 1. Opermode
- 2. Setlocalname
- 3.Get local address
- \rightarrow After this commands "Scan" start and advertise reports will come .



📒 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term V	T	-		\times								
File Edit Setup Control Windo	w Help											
at+rsi_fwversion?				^								
OK1610.2.0.0.0022												
at+rsi_opermode=851968,0,1,2147483648,2150629376,3221225472,0,1075773440												
ок												
bt_loaded												
at+rsibt_setlocalname=11,	BLE Scan Enabled, Check BD Address											
ок												
at+rsibt_getlocalbdaddr?	OK											
OK 88-DA-1A-E8-06-6F												
at+rsibt_scan=1,0,0,0,100	,10											
ок												
				~								

 \rightarrow Advertise reports come up with "Address" "RSSI", "Adv data length" & "Adv data".



 \rightarrow After Advertise reports pop-up will ask for disabling the "scan".

COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		_		×
File Edit Setup Control Window	Help			
n:A,adv_data:2,1,1A,6,9,48,	65,6C,6C,6F			^
AT+RSIBT_ADURTISE,addr_type n:A,adv_data:2,1,1A,6,9, <mark>48</mark>	:1,addr:47-AC-F8-C0-C1-D8,RSSI:-63,T 65,6C,6C,6F	ype : 0, ad	dv_data	_le
AT+RSIBT_ADVRTISE,addr_t ^{SC} n:A,adv_data:2,1,1A,6,9,	an_disable	ad	dv_data	_le
AT+RSIBT_ADVRTISE,addr_t n:A,adv_data:2,1,1A,6,9,	Enter 0 to Disable BLE Scan	ad	dv_data	_le
AT+RSIBT_ADVRTISE,addr_t n:A,adv_data:2,1,1A,6,9,	0	ad	dv_data	_le
AT+RSIBT_ADURTISE,addr_t n:A,adv_data:2,1,1A,6,9,	OK	ad	dv_data	_le
AT+RSIBT_ADURTISE,addr_t n:A,adv_data:2,1,1A,6,9,		ad	dv_data	_le
AT+RSIBT_ADURTISE,addr_type n:A,adv_data:2,1,1A,6,9,48	:1,addr:47-AC-F8-C0-C1-D8,RSSI:-64,T 65,6C,6C,6F	ype:0,ad	dv_data	_le
				\sim

 \rightarrow Enter the address type user needs to enter the Address type(i.e. 0 - Public address and 1 - Random address) as given below , we share here "**Random Address**".



<u> -</u>	COM4	115200	baud - Tera	Term VT									×
File	Edit	Setup	Control	Window	Help								
AT +]	RS I BT	_ADVR1	IISE, ad	dr_type:	1,addr:	:47-AC	-F8-C6)-C1-D8	, RSSI :	-54,Typ		lv_data	a_1e ^
n:^ AT	addr_ty	pe											
n: AT n:	En	ter th	e Rem	ote clier	nt BD ao	ddres	s type	:: 0 ->P	ublic 8	4 1->Ra	ndom	addre	ss
AT n:	1												
AT n: AT n:							ОК						
at+	rsibt	_scan:	=0,0,0,	0,100,10	3								
ок													
													\sim

 \rightarrow After address selection user need to enter the Address to connect to the Silabs BLE Central.

SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT			×	
File Edit Setup Control Window Help				
AT+RSIBT_ADURTISE,addr_type:1,addr:43-D5-74-FC-E5-E7,RSSI:-83,T n:3,adv_data:2,1,1A	ype:0,ad	v_data	_1e ^	
bd_addr				
Enter the remote device BD address to whom you want to con	nect in X	<x-xx< th=""><th>xx-xx-xx -xx</th><th>format</th></x-xx<>	xx-xx-xx -xx	format
43-D5-74-FC-E5-E7				
ОК				
at+rsibt_scan=0,0,0,0,100,10 OK]			~	

 \rightarrow After entering the Remote BLE Device Address Silabs BLE Central device will initiate connection with the Remote BLE Device .



😃 COM4:115200baud - Te	era Term VT				_		×
File Edit Setup Contro	Window	Help					
AT+RSIBT_ADURTISE,a n:3,adv_data:2,1,1A	ddr_type:	1,addr:43-I)5-74-FC-E5-	-E7, RSSI:-62, Ty	pe : 0 , ad	v_data	_le ^
AT+RSIBT_ADURTISE.a n:3,adv_data:2,1,	ddr_type:	1,addr:43-1)5 -74- FC-E5-	-E7,RSSI:-78,Tv	pe:0.ad ×	v_data	_le
n:3,adv_data:2,1, at+rsibt_scan=0,0	Remote	device con	nected to m	odule success	fully:	v_data	_Te
OK at+rsibt_connect=			ОК				
ок							
AT +RS I BT_LE_DEV I CE_ 00-00-00-00-00	_ENHANCE_C	CONNECTED=1,	43-D5-74-F0	C-E5-E7,0,00-00	-00-00-	00-00,	00-
AT +RS I BT_LE_REMOTE_	_MTU_SIZE	43-D5-74-F(:-E5-E7, E8				~

 \rightarrow When Silabs BLE Central device connected to the Remote device , Silabs BLE device will query the profiles from the Remote device.

 \rightarrow Next it will ask the input to enter the "Handle" to read the value on Remote device.

COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_		\times
File Edit Setup Contro handle			
AT +RSIBT_LE_DEVICE_ 00-00-00-00 AT +RSIBT_LE_REMOTE_ at +rsibt_getallprof 16	-90-99	-00-00,	00- ^
OK 3 1,5,2,1801 14,1C OK			
at+rsibt_getcharservices=43-D5-74-FC-E5-E7,1,65535			
ОК 5, 2,20,3,2,2А05 15,2,16,2,2А00 17,2,18,2,2А01 19,2,1А,2,2Аf	16 29,10	,2A,2,2	:A37
			~

 \rightarrow When we enter the "Handle" as input to read the value on Remote device, it will read the value .





 \rightarrow This is the demo for Simple BLE central.

TIP :- In case too many devices in scan user can also open "BLE scanner/ nrf connect " app in another mobile and scan to check advertiser address with name.

8.3 BLE Peripheral (Slave) Mode

For running this script user need to use ble_peripheral.ttl from the list.

1. This example demonstrates how to configure the Silabs device in Simple peripheral mode and how to connect from remote Central devices like (Mobile phones/BT dongles etc).

 \rightarrow To run this example user required **nRF connect** application in Android phone and **LightBLue** application in iOS.

- $\rightarrow\,$ Command sequence in this scripts are:
- 1. Opermode
- 2. Set localname
- 3. Query local BD address
- 4. Set advertisementdata
- 5. Addservice
- 6. Add attribute
- 7. Add attribute
- 8. Add attribute
- 9. Query Firmware version
- 9. Advertise
- \rightarrow After this commands user will see the Silabs device with the name "RS9116W_BLE" in Central device.



COM4:115200baud - Tera 1	erm VT			_	
File Edit Setup Control	Window Help				
ĸ					
n +			4 D		
t+rsibt_addattribute	=38650,0,2,2803,8,1	5,1H,0,0E,00,B1,	18		
К					
t+rsibt_addattribute	=3B650,E,2,1BB1,1A	,a,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	,8,9,0		
к			×		
t+rsibt_addattribute	=3				
К	Device is now adv	ertising as a RS91	16W_BLE		
······································	use your BLE app	to interact with the	device		
t+rs1_fwversion;					
K1610.1.2.24.0014		OK			
t+rsibt_advertise=1,:	12				
к					

 \rightarrow When the Central device give the connect command,Module will receive Enhanced

connection update event like below.

 \rightarrow Also, some phones will give the data length update event like below.

AT+RSIBT_LE_DATA_LENGTH_UPDATE 6B-63-FE-FE-3D-FD,7B,448,7B,448

 \rightarrow After this connection update events will come to the host.

AT+RSIBT_LE_CONN_UPDATE_COMPLETE 6B-63-FE-FE-3D-FD,0,6,0,1F4

AT+RSIBT_LE_CONN_UPDATE_COMPLETE 6B-63-FE-FE-3D-FD,0,24,0,1F4



1. Once these events come it means Silabs module got connected to the Central device.

 \rightarrow Central can send the data to the Silabs module. And a host will get the event like below.

AT+RSIBT_WRITE,6B-63-FE-FE-3D-FD,E,6,31,32,33,34,35,36

Note:- Here in this example we have added Service as a Device Information(0x180A) and attribute as a custom characteristic attribute 0x1AA1. Users can change the service as well as attributes as per their requirements. How to change the values are present in PRM. please follow PRM.

8.4 BT SPP Master

For running this script user need to use spp_master.ttl from the list.



Note: To run this script user required "Bluetooth SPP Manager" or "Sena Bterm" application in Android phone for data transfer.

This example demonstrates how to configure the Silabs device in Master mode and establish an SPP profile connection with a remote slave device and data exchange between two devices.

- $\rightarrow\,$ Command sequence in this scripts are:
- 1. Opermode
- 2. Set connectable mode
- 3. Set discoverable mode
- 4. Set profile mode
- 5. Set local name

 \rightarrow After these commands, the remote slave devices needs to be in connectable mode. And once it will be in connectable mode, the user needs to give bond command. For this BD address of the remote device needs to be entered here.



→ After this host will get a bond response as well as the "link key" req event in the terminal screen. And as per request user needs to give a response to the module(i.e. if on terminal bond response and after that "user pincode" request event come user need to click send "user pincode" response and for the "userlinkkey" request userlinkkey response need to give). After this event remote slave device is paired. Again give the "spp connect" command and the host will get the AT+RSIBT_SPPCONNECTED event.





 \rightarrow AT+RSIBT_SPPCONNECTED event come means SPP level connection done. Now both devices can communicate. using selecting option 3.



Note:- Command sequence for the SPP profile connection is like below.

TX EVENT

← AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYREQ C0-EE-FB-DA-49-7C

at+rsibt_usrlinkkey=C0-EE-FB-DA-49-7C,0,1234 \rightarrow

```
← AT+RSIBT_USRPINCODEREQ C0-EE-FB-DA-49-7C
```

at+rsibt_usrpincode=C0-EE-FB-DA-49-7C,1,1234 \rightarrow

← AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYSAVE C0-EE-FB-DA-49-7C,B2,6C,91,49,D7,27,60,82,68,2,78,2,60,78,F8,AE

← AT+RSIBT_AUTHENTICATION_STATUS C0-EE-FB-DA-49-7C,1

at+rsibt_sppconn=C0-EE-FB-DA-49-7C \rightarrow

← AT+RSIBT_SPPCONNECTED C0-EE-FB-DA-49-7C

at+rsibt_spptx=5,HELLO \rightarrow



← AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 1,1

So like above mentioned, commands you need to give module when different events come.

8.5 BT SPP Slave

For running this script user need to use spp_slave.ttl from the list.

1. This example demonstrates how to configure the Silabs device in Slave mode and establish an SPP profile connection with remote Master device and data exchange between two devices.

Note: To run this example, the user needs to mention the BD address of Master in below MACRO before running the application.

phone= 'BD address of mobile'

- --> To run this script user required "Bluetooth SPP Manager" application in Android phone.
- --> Command sequence in this scripts are:
- 1. Opermode
- 2. Set connectable mode
- 3. Set discoverable mode
- 4. Set profile mode
- 5. Set local name

--> After these commands user can open the application and scan the devices around the vicinity. Select the device name "RS9116W_BT_SLAVE" and click "pair" button.

--> After this host will get a bond response as well as linkkey req event in the terminal screen. And as per request user needs to give a response to the module (i.e. if on terminal bond response and after that userpincode request event come user need to click send userpincode response and for the userlinkkey request userlinkkey response needs to give).

After this event on mobile phone you will see the device is paired. Again scan the device and click the "connect" button. And give commands as per events.

6:24 at 111 88		3	‱\$52	6:21		3	1 K (B)
🗞 Manager	*	Q,	Ξ	🗞 Manager	*	Q,	
DE	VICES	BTI	MESSEN	DI	EVICES	BTI	MESSEN
Search Devices	Dis	sconne	ct	Search Devices	Di	sconne	ct
Device:RS9116W_B State: Found & Not MAC: 88:DA:1A:EC:	T_SLAVE Paired 5E:33			Device:RS9116W_B State: Found & Not M Blueto DEVICE 1234 Usually 0000 or 1234 PIN Contains Lett You may also need other device. Cancel	T_SLAVE Paired both Pairing ers or Symbols to type this	PIN on th Pair	e



--> Once the SPP level connection completed, the Host will get AT+RSI_SPPCONNECTED event. After this host can send the data and receive data from mobile.

🔟 COM4 - Tera Term VT	_	×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
AT+RSIBT_USRPINCODEREQ B4-CB-57-CO-CA-72		^
at+rsibt_usrpincode=84-C8-57-CO-CA-72,1,1234		
ок		
AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYSAVE B4-CB-57-CO-CA-72,7A,91,9,5B,74,F2,AF,83,52,23,4D,B3,F9,2,C2,E9		
AT+RSIBT_AUTHENTICATION_STATUS B4-CB-57-CD-CA-72,1		
AT+RSIBT_SPPCONNECTED B4-CB-57-CD-CA-72		
at+rsibt_spptx=5,HELLO		
ок		
AT+RSIBT_HODECHANGED B4-CB-57-CO-CA-72,2,800		
		~




🔟 COM4 - Tera Term VT	_	×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
OK AT+RSIBT_USRLINKKEYSAVE B4-CB-57-CO-CA-72,80,2,F8,78,EE,CD,E8,AF,F5,C5,98,5F,52, 9F,63,2		^
AT+RSIBT_AUTHENTICATION_STATUS B4-CB-57-CO-CA-72,1		
AT+RSIBT_SPPCONNECTED B4-CB-57-CO-CA-72		
at+rsibt_spptx=5,HELLO		
DK		
AT+RSIBT_MODECHANGED B4-CB-57-CO-CA-72,2,800		
AT+RSIBT_MODECHANGED B4-CB-57-CO-CA-72,0,0		
AT+RSIBT_SPPRX 18,Helcome to Silabs		
AT+RSIBT_HODECHANGED B4-CB-57-CD-CR-72,2,800		~

 \rightarrow Demo application as mentioned, the user needs to provide responses for the request.

8.6 FW_Upgrade_Over_WiFi

1. After running FW_Upgrade_over_wifi.ttl script, it will pop up as shown.

👢 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT 🦳 🗌		×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
1 Load Default Wireless Firmware		^
A Load Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)		
B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)		
5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)		
K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Image No : 0-f)		
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode		
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode		
Q Update KEY	\times	
Z JIAG Selection		
11 This example demonstrates Firmware Upgrade over the WIFI		
Loading OK		
Loading Done		
		\sim

2. Next command is opermode command "at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0", This configures the EVK to function in AP mode. The module responds with "OK".

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		_	\times
File Edit Setup Control Window Help			
B Burn Wireless Firmware (Image No : 0-f)			^
5 Select Default Wireless Firmware <image< td=""><td>No : 0-f></td><td></td><td></td></image<>	No : 0-f>		
K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Imag	e No : 0-f>		
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode			
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode			
Q Update KEY			
Z JTAG Selection			
11	Opermode Successful		
Loading	ОК		
Loading Done			
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0			
ок			
			\sim



3. Tera term will pop up for input (Band - 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz) from the user, user needs to enter the band value (0) and hit 'OK', (at+rsi_band=0) This configures the operating band 2.4 GHz of the EVK. The module responds with "OK".

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	– 🗆 X
File Edit Setup Control Window Help	
5 Select Default Wireless Firmware ()	(mage No : 0-f)
K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity ((Image No : 0-f)
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode	
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode	
Q Update KEY	
Z JTAG Selection	BAND
11	Enter the band to operate AP 0, 2,4GHz 1, 5GHz
Loading	
Loading Done	U
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0	ОК
ок	

4. "at+rsi_init" command initializes the RF of the module. The module responds with OK<MAC_Address>.



5. If a user wants to configure a different subnet and gateway than ipconf command has to be issued at this stage else AP will be configured to default subnet and gateway. e.g."at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.0.30,255.255.255.0,192.168.0.30", This command configures the IP (192.168.0.30 in this example) of the AP. The module responds with "OK".

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT				_		\times
File Edit Setup Control Window Help						
Q Update KEY Z JTAG Selection 11 Loading						^
Loading Done at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0 oK		×				
at+rsi_band=0 OK	IP configuration Succe	essful				
at+rsi_init 4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+r 0	•si_ipconf=0,192.168.	0.30,25	5.255.255	.0,192	2.168.0	9.3
0r −_ -Ľ (~

6. Tera term will pop up for input (operating channel) from the user, user can enter any value between 1 to 11 e.g. enter the channel(1) and hit 'OK' as shown:



🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT			
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> etup C <u>o</u> ntrol <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp		
Q Update KEY			^
Z JTAG Selection			
11			
Loading	СН		
Loading Done	Enter the channel to Configure AP		
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0			
ок	1		
at+rsi_band=0	OK		
ок	<u> </u>		
at+rsi_init			
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0 0	A at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.0.30,255.25	5.255.0,1	92.168.0.3
0r [−] ∎ ⁻ έ < □			~

7. Tera term will now pop up for input (SSID of the AP) from the user, user needs to enter the SSID (e.g. Silabs) and hit 'OK',

📒 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT			×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help			
Z JTAG Selection			^
11			
Loading			
Loading Done	SSID		
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0			
ок	Enter the SSID of AP[max 34 bytes]:		
at+rsi_band=0	silabs		
ок			
at+rsi_init	ОК		
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+rs. .0.30	1_1pcont = ,172.100.0.30,255.255.255	.0,192.1	68
04 <			
			\sim

- 8. The next pop up is for input (security mode) from the user, user needs to enter the security mode(2) and hit 'OK',
- 0 Open Security
- 2 WPA2 PSK Security

🚇 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	— [×
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> etup C <u>o</u> ntrol <u>W</u> indow	Help	
Q Update KEY		^
Z JTAG Selection		
11		
Loading		
Loading Done		
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0	SEC	
ок		
at+rsi_band=0	Enter the Security mode of AP 0. OPENMODE 2. WPA2MODE	
ок	2	
at+rsi_init		
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D	ОК	.0.3
6		
0 _Γ − <u>∎</u> -∠ <		
		~

9. Tera term will pop up for input (PSK of the AP) from the user, the user needs to enter the PSK (12345678) and hit 'OK'.



💐 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_		<
<u>File Edit Setup Control Window H</u> elp			
Q Update KEY			^
Z JTAG Selection			
11			
Loading			
Loading Done	DOM D		
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0	PSWD		
ок	Enter the password(min 8 and max 63 bytes):		
at+rsi_band=0	10040070		
ок	12345070		
at+rsi_init	ОК		
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+rs 0	L	2.168.0.3	3
0 _Γ '¿ <			
			v

10. The command will go as "at+rsi_apconf=1,silabs,2,2,12345678,100,3,3"

The SSID is configured as "silabs" operate in channel 1 and the WPA2 PSK set is "12345678"

SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_	\times
<u>File Edit Setup Control W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		
at+rsi_apconf=1,silabs,2,2,12345678,100,3,3		^
ок		
Apconfig Successful		
ОК		
		~

11. The next command will go as at+rsi_join=silabs,0,2,6, This starts the Access Point functionality in the module. The module is now configured as an Access Point. Its IP address is 192.168.0.30.

A remote peer can now scan for networks and the SSID of the module, "silabs" will be displayed in the remote peer's list of Scanned APs. After the remote peer connects to the AP, it acquires an IP address over DHCP.

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_	\times
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> etup C <u>o</u> ntrol <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		
at+rsi_apconf=1,silabs,2,2,12345678,100,3,3		^
ок		
at+rsi_join=silabs,0,2,6		
OKG		
AP Configured Successfully		
ОК		
		¥

12. After It will popup as shown then Module configured as an Access Point: Connect a Laptop which has the new firmware file (.rps extension) to the module.





🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_	\times
<u>File Edit Setup Control Window H</u> elp		
at+rsi_apconf=1,silabs,2,2,12345678,100,3,3		^
ок		
at+rsi_join=silabs,0,2,6	II X	
OKG		
	Wating for Station to Connect	
	ОК	
		\sim

13. Connect a Laptop that has the new firmware file (.rps extension) to the Access Point. After The module respond with "Waiting for the Firmware Upgrade Query from the module"

SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_	\times
File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
at+rsi_apconf=1,silabs,2,2,12345678,100,3,3		^
ок		
at+rsi_join=silabs,0,2,6		
OKG		
AT+RSI CLIENT CONNECTED=b6[
	×	
Wating for the Firmware Ungrade Query from module		
OK		
		~

14. Open the URL http://<Module's IP address>in the Laptop. For example, if the module was configured to have an IP of 192.168.0.30, then the URL is http://192.168.0.30. Make sure the browser in the laptop does not have any proxies enabled. On the webpage that opens, click on the "ADMINISTRATION" tab.

REDPINE® SIGNALS	WiSeConnect®			
	CONFIGURATION ADMINISTRATION			
FIRMWARE VERSION 1610.1.2.24.0014				
FIRMWARE UPGRADE Choose File No file chosen	pgrade			
Copyright © 2015 Redpine Signals, Inc. All rights res	erved.			

15. Click on "Browse" to navigate to the location of the firmware file (.rps extension), select the file and click "Open". Next, click on "Upgrade".

16. The module sends a response (AT+RSI_FWUPREQ) to the Host PC to confirm the Firmware Upgrade, as shown in the figure below. The Host has to send the confirmation command (AT+RSI_FWUPOK) to start upgrading the firmware.





17. Once the up-gradation is done, a "Firmware Upgraded Successfully" message is displayed, as shown in the figure below.

REDPINE® SIGNALS	192.168.0.30 says Firmware Upgraded Successfully ОК	
	CONFIGURATION ADMINISTRATION	
FIRMWARE VERSION 1610.1.2.24.0014 FIRMWARE UPGRADE Choose File RS9116.NB001 Copyright © 2015 Redpine Signals, Inc. All rig	4.mps Upgrade Jhts reserved.	
COM4:115200baud - Iera Ierm VI		 <
File Edit Setup Control Window at+rsi apconf=1.silabs.2.2.1	Help 2345678.100.3.3	
ок		
at+rsi_join=silabs,0,2,6		
окд		
AT +RS I _CLIENT _CONNECTED=h6 [
AT +RS I _FWUPREQ		
at+rsi_fwupok		
AT+RSI_FWUPSUCCESS		
		\mathbf{v}

- 8.7 Low Power Standby_Associated WiFi Station and BLE Advertising
- 1. For running this script user need to use "Low Power Standby_Associated WiFi Station and BLE Advertising.ttl" from the list.
- 2. After that Opermode

command 'at+rsi_opermode=851968,20,2147483652,2147483648,2159542272,3221225472,2147483648,1075 773440,0,1' configures the module as Wi-Fi client and Ble advertising. The module responds with "OK" & "bt_loaded".





3. Next following commands run one by one and finally one pop will come. "Device is now advertising as a RS9116W_BLE use your BLE app to check for the device".

> Feat_frame after this frame Success pop will come to go with "ok"



>Set Local Name

>Get a local BD address.

>Set Advertise Data

>Advertise command.

🚇 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT 🛛 🚽 🗆 🔿	$\langle $
File Edit Setup Control Window Help	
bt_loaded	\uparrow
at+rsi_feat_frame=0,1,0,0,1,49	
ок	
at+rsibt_setlocalname=11,RS9116W_BLE	
ок 📧 success X	
at+rsibt_getlocalbdadd Device is now advertising as a BS9116W_BLF	
at+rsibt_setadvertised use your BLE app to check for the device 2,4C,45	
OK 88-DA-1A-E8-06-6F	
at+rsibt_advertise=1,1 OK	
OK	



4. The band configured is 2.4Ghz in the Scripts. Once the band is configured , The module responds with "OK".

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_	×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
ок		^
at+vsibt_setlocalname=11_RS9116W_RLF		
at+rs1bt_getlocalbdaddr?		
at+rsibt_setadvertisedata=10,2,1,(.4C,45	
OK 88-DA-1A-E8-06-6F hand successful.		
at+rsibt_advertise=1,128,0,0,0,204		
ок		
ок		
at+rsi_band=0		
ок		
		· ·

5. "at+rsi_init" command initializes the RF of the module. The module responds with OK<MAC_Address>.



6. Tera term will pop up for scan SSID input from the user, user needs to enter the SSID to scan and hit 'OK', (at+rsi_scan=0, Silicon_labs)This command scans for particular Access Point operating in the 2.4 GHz band. The module responds with information of the Access Points scanned. The data received might have some unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion.

SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		_	×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help			
at+rsibt_setlocalname=11,RS9116W	_BLE		^
ок			
at+rsibt_getlocalbdaddr?			
at+rsibt_setadvertisedata=10,2,1	.6.C.9.52.53.39.31.31.36.57.5F.42	.4C,45	
OK 88-DA-1A-E8-06-6F	SSID		
at+rsibt_advertise=1,128,0,0,0, 	Enter SSID to scan.		
OK	Silicon labs		
at+vsi band=0	,		
ок	OK		
at+rsi_init			
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A 🗌			~

7. After Scan response, one pop with "scan successful" come, go with the "OK" button.



1			
🚇 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		_	\Box \times
File Edit Setup Control Window Help			
at+rsibt_getlocalbdaddr?			^
at+rsibt_setadvertisedata=10,2,1,6,C,	9,52,53,39,31,31,3	6,57,5F,42,4C,45	
OK 88-DA-1A-E8-06-6F			
at+rsibt_advertise=1,128,0,0,0,2048,2	048,0,7		
ок	×		
ок	_		
at+rsi_band=0	scan successful.		
ок	ОК		
at+rsi_init			
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+rsi_	scan=0,Silicon_lab	5	
OK *Silicon_labsP≒%Y∓[
			~

8. Tera term will pop up for psk input from the user, the user needs to enter the psk and hit 'OK', This command configures the PSK of the Wi-Fi client with the key entered by the user.

🚇 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT			×
File Edit Setup Control Windov	Help		
at+rsibt_getlocalbdaddr?			
at+rsibt_setadvertisedata≕	l0,2,1,6,C,9,52,53,39,31,31,36,57,5F	,42,4C,45	
OK 88-DA-1A-E8-06-6F			
at+rsibt_advertise=1,128,0	.0,0,2048,2048,0,7		
ок	PSK		
ок			
at+rsi_band=0	Enter PSK.		
Ж	12345678		
at+rsi_init	, .		
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0	ОК		
)K			
¥Silicon_labsP≌%Y∓L			

9. The next command will go as 'at+rsi_join=Silicon_labs,0,2,6' This command connects the Wi-Fi client to the Access Point with SSID "Silicon_labs". On successful association, the module responds with OK.

SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		_	×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help			
at+rsibt_advertise=1,128,0,0,0,2048,	2048,0,7		^
ок			
at+rsi_band=0			
ок			
at+rsi_init			
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+rsi	III ×		
OK %Silicon_labsP≒%Y∓[Joined AP network successfully.		
at+rsi_PSK=4,8,12345678	ОК		
ок			
at+rsi_join=Silicon_labs,0,2,6,2,300			
окс			
			~

10. After join successful next command will go as 'at+rsi_ipconf=1', This command configures the IP address of the module.



🚨 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		_	\times
File Edit Setup Control Window Help			
ок			^
at+rsi_band=0			
ок			
at+rsi_init			
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+rsi_sc	an=0,Silicon_labs		
OK %Silicon_labsP≒Y∓[III ×		
at+rsi_PSK=4,8,12345678			
ок	IP config successfull.		
at+rsi_join=Silicon_labs,0,2,6,2,300	ОК		
окс			
at+rsi_ipconf=1,0,0			
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC C0 A8 00 70 FF	FF FF 00 C0 A8 00 01 0D 0A	П	\sim

11. After successful ipconfig Power save success pop up will come. Go with "ok" response.



- 8.8 Station Mode
- 1. For running this script user need to use Station_mode.ttl from the list.
- 2. The Opermode command 'at+rsi_opermode=0,1,4,0' configures the module as Wi-Fi client. The module responds with "OK"

 Tera term will pop up for input (band) from the user, user needs to enter the band and hit 'OK', (at+rsi_band=0)This command configures the operating band of Wi-Fi client to 2.4GHz. The module responds with "OK".



COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	— П X
File Edit Setup Control Window Help	
5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Imag	e No : 0−f>
K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Ima	ge No : 0-f>
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode	
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode	
Q Update KEY	
Z JTAG Selection	BAND
11	Enter the band 0, 2 4CHz 1, 5CHz
Loading	
Loading Done	0
at+rsi_opermode=0,1,4,0	
ок	UK
Π	

4. The next command will go as 'at+rsi_init', This command initializes the Wi-Fi module in the EVB. The module responds with OK<MAC_Address>.

Here 4F 4B is for OK and the remaining data is for MAC Address.

🚇 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT			_	\times
File Edit Setup Control Window Hel	р			
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mod	e			^
Q Update KEY				
Z JTAG Selection				
11				
Loading				
Loading Done		×		
at+rsi_opermode=0,1,4,0 OK	Init Successful			
at+rsi_band=0	ОК			
ок				
at+rsi_init				
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A 🗌				~

5. Tera term will pop up for scan SSID input from the user, user needs to enter the SSID to scan and hit 'OK', (at+rsi_scan=0, Silicon_labs)This command scans for particular Access Point operating in the 2.4 GHz band. The module responds with information of the Access Points scanned. The data received might have some unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion.

SOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_	-	\times
File Edit Setup Control Window Help			
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode			^
Q Update KEY			
Z JTAG Selection			
11	SSID		
Loading			
Loading Done	Enter SSID to scan:		
at+rsi_opermode=0,1,4,0	Silicon_labs		
ок	,		
at+rsi_band=0	ОК		
ок			
at+rsi_init			
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A 🗌			\checkmark



6. Tera term will pop up for psk input from the user, user needs to enter the psk and hit 'OK', This command configures the PSK of the Wi-Fi client with the key entered by the user

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT		_	\times
File Edit Setup Control Window Help			
Z JTAG Selection			^
11			
Loading			
Loading Done	PSK		
at+rsi_opermode=0,1,4,0	Enter PSK		
ок			
at+rsi_band=0	12345678		
ок	ОК		
at+rsi_init			
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at	+rsi_scan=0,Silicon_labs		
OK 2Silicon_labsP≒\$Y∓[
			\checkmark

7. The next command will go as 'at+rsi_join=Silicon_labs,0,2,6' This command connects the Wi-Fi client to the Access Point with SSID "Silicon_labs". On successful association, the module responds with OK.

💐 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT			_	\times
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> etup C <u>o</u> ntrol <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp				
at+rsi_opermode=0,1,4,0				~
ок				
at+rsi_band=0				
ок				
at+rsi_init				
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+r	si_scan=0,Silicon_1	abs		
OK &Silicon_labsP⊨≈Y∓[III ×			
at+rsi_PSK=4,8,12345678	Join Successful			
ок	ОК			
at+rsi_join=Silicon_labs,0,2,6				
окс				
				\sim

8. After join successful next command will go as 'at+rsi_ipconf=1', This command configures the IP address of the module



SCOM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	_	×
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> etup C <u>o</u> ntrol <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		
ок		^
at+rsi_band=0		
ок		
at+rsi_init		
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC 0D 0A at+rsi_scan=0,Silicon_labs		
OK &Silicon_labsP⊨≈Y∓[I X		
at+rsi_PSK=4,8,12345678		
OK Ipconfig Successful		
at+rsi_join=Silicon_labs,0,2,6 OK		
окс		
at+rsi_ipconf=1		
4F 4B 88 DA 1A 8E 70 DC C0 A8 00 70 FF FF FF 00 C0 A8 00 01 0D 0A		\sim

9. It will open a TCP Server socket on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side using the following AT command 'at+rsi_ltcp=5001', The module's response will look as follows:

OK<ip_version><socket_type><socket_handle><Lport><module_ipaddr>\r\n, pop up window will display "Device is now listening for TCP connections on address x.x.x.x and port y" here x.x.x.x Ip address of the Module and 'y' is the port number of the Module Socket.

COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT —		×
File Edit Setup Control Window Help		
Q Update KEY		^
Z JTAG Selection		
11		
Loading		
Loading Done		
at+rsi_opermode=6,1,18,0		
ок		
at 🔳 SUCCESS	\times	
OK Device is now listening for TCP Connections on address 192.168.0.30 port 5001 4P 0	192	2.168
0 _Γ		~

- 10. Open a TCP client socket on a remote peer and connect to the Server socket by giving the server IP and port number.
- 11. Observe that the Teraterm on the Wi-Fi Client-side (EVB) prints the following message, once the TCP connection is set up with the remote peer.

AT+RSI_LTCP_CONNECT=<ip_version><socket_descriptor><dest_port_no><dest_ipaddr><mss><window_size ><src_port_no>\r\n The data received might have some unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion

12. When the data is received on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side, you will see a response (asynchronous) from the module as follows:





Note : In order to measure **low power** in STA or Client mode, use "Low Power StandBy_Associated WiFi Station" script present in folder Release packageRS9116.NB0.WC.GENR.OSI.x.x.xx\utils\scripts\TeraTerm_TTL_Scripts. For executing this ttl script please refer to document AN1280: RS9116W Power Save Application Notes from https://docs.silabs.com/rs9116

8.9 Wi-Fi Client in Enterprise Security Mode

- 1. For running this script user need to use WLAN_EAP_PEAP_station.ttl from the list.
- 2. The first command it will go as "at+rsi_opermode=2,0,4,0" after running the TTL script, This command configures the module as a Wi-Fi client. The module responds with "OK"

3. Tera term will pop up for input (band) from the user, the user needs to enter the band and hit 'OK', (at+rsi_band=0)This command configures the operating band of the Wi-Fi client to 2.4GHz. The module responds

with "OK"

🜉 COM4:115200baud - Tera Term VT	– 🗆 X
File Edit Setup Control Window Help	
5 Select Default Wireless Firmware (Image	e No : Ø-£>
K Check Wireless Firmware Integrity (Imag	ye No ∶ 0-f)
7 Enable GPIO Based Bypass Mode	
8 Disable GPIO Based Bypass Mode	
Q Update KEY	
Z JTAG Selection	BAND
11	
Loading	Enter the band 0. 2.4GHz 1. 5GHz
Loading Done	0
at+rsi_opermode=2,0,4,0	
ок	ОК

- 4. The next command will go as 'at+rsi_init', This command initializes the Wi-Fi module in the EVB. The module responds with OK<MAC_Address>.
- 5. Tera term will pop up for input (eap method) from the user, the user needs to enter the EAP method and hit 'OK'.



EAP_type	
Enter eapMethod(co	nfigure only PEAP and TTLS,must be case sensitive):
PEAP	
	ΟΚ

6. Tera term will pop up for input (EAP inner method) from the user, the user needs to enter the eap inner method and hit 'OK'.

E	nter EAP innerMethod	:
MSCHAP	vv2	

7. Tera term will pop up for input (User identity) from the user, the user needs to enter the User identity and hit 'OK'.

usrid		
	Enter User Identity:	
user1		
	ок	

8. Tera term will pop up for input (password) from the user, the user needs to enter the password and hit 'OK'.



Enter Password:	
ОК	
	Enter Password:

- 9. The command will go as "at+rsi_eap=PEAP,MSCHAPV2,user1,test123", This command set the EAP mode for the module and set the authentication credentials (username and password).
- 10. Tera term will pop up for scan SSID input from the user, the user needs to enter the SSID to scan and hit 'OK', (at+rsi_scan=0,linksys) This command scans for particular Access Point operating in the 2.4 GHz band.

The module responds with information of the Access Points scanned. The data received might have some unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion.

SSID		
	Enter SSID to scan:	
linksys		
	ок	

11. The next command will go as 'at+rsi_join=linksys,0,2,6' This command connects the Wi-Fi client to the Access Point with SSID "linksys". On successful association, the module responds with OK.

	×
Join Successful	
ОК	

12. After join successful next command will go as 'at+rsi_ipconf=1', This command configures the IP address of the module



13. It will open a TCP Server socket on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side using the following AT command 'at+rsi_ltcp=5001', The module's response will look as follows:

OK<ip_version><socket_type><socket_handle><Lport><module_ipaddr>\r\n, pop up window will display "Device is now listening for TCP connections on address x.x.x.x and port y" here x.x.x.x Ip address of the Module and 'y' is the port number of the Module Socket.

SUCCESS		×
Device is now listening for T	CP Connections on address 192.168	.1.103 port 5001
	ОК	

- 14. Open a TCP client socket on a remote peer and connect to the Server socket by giving the server IP and port number.
- 15. Observe that the Teraterm on the Wi-Fi Client-side (EVB) prints the following message, once the TCP connection is set up with the remote peer.

AT+RSI_LTCP_CONNECT=<ip_version><socket_descriptor><dest_port_no><dest_ipaddr><mss><window_size ><src_port_no>\r\n The data received might have some unreadable characters because of ASCII conversion

16. When the data is received on the Wi-Fi Client (EVB) side, you will see a response (asynchronous) from the module as follows:





9 Appendix D_ WiSeConnect[™] Firmware Upgrade

The WiSeConnect® firmware of the module can be upgraded either from the Host or over the Wi-Fi connection. This section describes both these options, with UART being the Host interface. For details on upgrading over other interfaces (SPI, USB and USB-CDC), refer to the Software PRM.

NOTE:

- 1. The EVK is shipped with the WiSeConnect® firmware pre-loaded. So, a firmware upgrade is not necessary unless there is a newer version available or the EVB has been used in n-Link® mode and the user wants to evaluate the EVB in WiSeConnect® mode after that.
- 2. The process explained below is for upgrading the WiSeConnect® firmware over UART from a Windows PC using Teraterm. The Software PRM gives details related to the process and commands to be used to upgrade over other interfaces and MCU platforms.
- 9.1 Firmware Upgrade over UART
- 1. Download and install Teraterm from http://en.sourceforge.jp/projects/ttssh2/releases/
- 2. Open Teraterm. You will be asked to set up a "New connection". Click Cancel.
- 3. In the Teraterm window, click on Setup -> Terminal...In the dialog box that opens, change the following settings:
 - a. Under "New-line", select "CR+LF" for Receive and Transmit
 - b. Enable "Local echo".
 - c. Click OK

Tera Term: Terminal setup			
<u>T</u> erminal size 58 × 40 ✓ Term <u>s</u> ize = win size	New-line <u>R</u> eceive: CR+LF ✓ Trans <u>m</u> it: CR+LF ✓	0K Cancel	
Terminal ID: VT100 v	☑ <u>L</u> ocal echo □ A <u>u</u> to switch (VT<->TE	Help EK)	
Coding (r <u>e</u> ceive) UTF-8 v	Coding (tra <u>n</u> smit) UTF-8 ✓		
lo <u>c</u> ale: american	Code <u>P</u> age: 6500	1	

Figure 28: Terminal Settings for Teraterm

4. Next, click on Setup -> Serial port... In the dialog box that opens, select the Baud Rate as 115200 and Click OK.



Te	ra Term: Serial p	ort setup)
Port:		V OK	
<u>B</u> aud rate:	115200	v	
<u>D</u> ata:	8 bit	✓ Canc	el
P <u>a</u> rity:	none	~	
<u>S</u> top:	1 bit	∽ <u>H</u> elp	o
Elow control:	none	~	
Transmit delay 0 msec/ <u>c</u> har 0 msec/ <u>l</u> ine			
Figure 29: Serial Port Settings for Teraterm			

5. Connect the EVB to the PC using the Micro A/B-type USB cable. Plugin the cable into the micro-USB port labeled "UART" on the EVB.

6. Click on File -> New connection... In the dialog box that opens, select the Serial option and select the COM Port from the drop-down menu. It is COM8 in the figure below. Click OK.

7. After the Automatic Baud Rate Detection timeout, you will see the Welcome message and available options on the Teraterm screen.



Figure 30: Module Startup Messages

8. Hit 'B' to select Firmware Upgradation mode. You will be requested to send the Firmware file. For the EVK, the firmware file in the RS9116.NB0.WC.GENR.OSI.x.x.x\Firmware folder. Here, x.x.x is the release version.





Figure 31: Request for Firmware File

9. Click on File -> Transfer -> Kermit -> Send...

10. In the dialog box that opens, navigate to the RS9116.NBZ.WC.GEN.OSI.x.x.x\Firmware folder and select the RS9116.NBZ.WC.GEN.OSI.x.x.x.rps file.

11. A dialog box will open, showing the transfer of the firmware file.

Tera Term: Kermit Ke	rmit Send	×
Filename: Protocol:	RS9116.NB0.V	VC.GEN Kermit
Packet#: 3149		
Bytes transfered: 192546		
Elapsed time:	0:11 (16.	.61KB/s)
		11.4%
	Cancel	

Figure 32: Firmware Transfer Progress

12. Once the firmware is transmitted to the module successfully, the module boots up with the updated firmware and requests the user to select the option.

13. You may continue to use the EVB without disconnecting it. If you wish to switch to Docklight from Teraterm, you can click on File -> Disconnect in Teraterm, open Docklight and hit 'F5' to start the communication from Docklight.

9.2 Firmware Upgrade via Module's Internal Webserver

- 1. Module configured as an Access Point: Connect a Laptop that has the new firmware file (.rps extension) to the module.
- 2. Module configured as a Client and connected to an Access Point: Connect a Laptop which has the new firmware file (.rps extension) to the Access Point.
- 3. Ensure that the Laptop has an IP assigned.



- Open the URL http://<Module's IP address>in the Laptop. For example, if the module was configured to have an IP of 192.168.0.30, then the URL is <u>http://192.168.0.30</u>. Make sure the browser in the laptop does not have any proxies enabled.
- 5. On the webpage that opens, click on the "ADMINISTRATION" tab.

REDPINE® SIGNALS	WiSeConnect®	
	CONFIGURATION ADMINISTRATION	
FIRMWARE VERSION 1.2.23 FIRMWARE UPGRADE Choose File No file chosen Upgrade		
Copyright $\hat{A} @$ 2015 Redpine Signals, Inc. All rights reserved.		

Figure 33: ADMINISTRATION Tab

6. Click on "Browse" to navigate to the location of the firmware file (.rps extension), select the file and click "Open".

7. Next, click on "Upgrade".

8. The module sends a response (AT+RSI_FWUPREQ) to the Host PC to confirm the Firmware Upgrade, as shown in the figure below. The Host has to send the confirmation command (AT+RSI_FWUPOK) to start upgrading the firmware.

🗢 Dockl	ight V1.9 (Ev	al) - Project: clientwiseconnect-openmode			- F 🛛
<u>Eile Edit</u>	<u>R</u> un <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u>	ep Stop Communication (F6)			
D 📽 🖬		🖆 🖉 🖄 🔀 💥 👜 🚋			
جسنيا	Communication	n port open	Colorst/Fonts Mode	COM13	115200, None, 8, 2
Send Sequ	ences		Communication		
Send	Name	Sequence	ASCII HEX Decimal Binary		
•>	scan	at+rsi_scan=0,KU <cr><lf></lf></cr>			1
->	join	at+rsi_join=KU,0,2 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	3/29/2015 19:26:19.980 [RX] - AT+RSI_FWUPREQ <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
>	PSK	at+rsi_psk=1234567890 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	3/29/2015 19:26:20.792 [TX] - at+rsi_fwupok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
>	stats?	at+rsi_stats? <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
>	webpage by	at+rsi_Itcp=80 <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
>	init.	at+rsi_init(UB) (UF)			
->	disaccociate 100atarri in	atersi_disassoc=u(UH)(UF)			
>	ludo	at+rsi luda=5008(CB)(LF)			
>	goparams?	at+rsi_goparams? <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
>	nwparams?	at+rsi_nwparams? <cr> <lf></lf></cr>			
>	cfgdisable	at+rsi_cfgenable=0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
->	static ip	at+rsi_ipconf=0,192.168.100.80,2			
->	ltop	at+rsi_ltcp=4001 <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
->		at+rsi_disassoc=0 <cr> <lf></lf></cr>			
>	multicast	at+rsi_multicast=239.255.255.250			
>		at+rsi_nttpput=14,0,31,45,152.16			
>					
>	U	U			
->	1	1			
, →	at+rsi_fwupok	at+rsi_fwupok <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
Receive Se	-				
Active	Mama	Comunera Annuar			
Active	Fireman Mer	0000 2Emura			
	Fillinivale vet	2) million aprillionale version			

Figure 34: Firmware Upgrade Confirmation

9. Once the up-gradation is done, a "Firmware Upgraded Successfully" message is displayed, as shown in the figure below.

REDPINE® SIGNALS	192.168.50.1 says Firmware Upgraded Successfully OK		
	CONFIGURATION ADMINISTRATION		
FIRMWARE VERSION 1.2.23 FIRMWARE UPGRADE Choose File RS9116.NB0014.rps Upgra			
Copyright Å© 2015 Redpine Signals, Inc. All rights reserved.			

Figure 35: Firmware Upgraded Successfully



9.3 Firmware Upgrade via remote TCP Server (OTAF)

Another method is to upgrade using the OTAF feature. In this method, users need to run a TCP server.

Details are provided in the "AN1282: RS9116W_Guide_for_SAPI_Application_Examples_vx.x.pdf " from <u>https://docs.silabs.com/rs9116</u>

Please refer to the section "Over The Air Firmware Upgradation From Server example". Reference TCP server application for Linux is also provided in the example folder (Path: RS9116.NB0.WC.GENR.OSI.x.x.x\host\sapis\examples\wlan\otaf).



10 Appendix E_EVB Assembly Drawings

10.1 Base Board Assembly Drawings:



Figure 36: Base Board Assembly Drawings



10.2 QMS Daughter Board Assembly Drawings:













10.3 CC1 Daughter Board Assembly Drawings:



Figure 39: Daughter Board Assembly Drawing









10.4 B00 Daughter Board Assembly Drawings:



Figure 41: Daughter Board Assembly Drawing









11 Revision Report

Revision Number	Version Number	Date	Changes
1	1.0	May 2018	Include changes
2	1.1	Jun 2018	Include changes
3	1.2	Oct 2018	 Corrected OpenKM path Corrected Radius server path DevCPP example update Added details to run UART examples with TeraTerm Script
4	1.3	Jan 2019	 Corrected figure 21. Added the ABRD requirement for UART.
5	1.4	Mar 2019	 Deleted the Zigbee section SDIO related updates.
6	1.5	Jun 2019	Corrected wifiuser.pem path
7	1.6	May 2020	 Folder paths updated as per new release package Updated spell mistakes
8	1.7	Oct 2020	 Added Note in the Hardware details section for Assembly drawings info for EVB Added Appendix E_EVB Assembly Drawings page for the same. Corrected some block diagrams. Dev C++ related information removed. Added FW TTL Scripts steps for execution. Default ABRD is provided in the ttl scripts as default. Updated the Website URL's with latest .
9	1.8	Jan 2021	 Updated "ext_custom_feature_bit_map" in at+rsi_opermode command to 384k Memory configuration in Section 4.5, 4.6, and 4.7. Updated "Config_bit_map" in at+rsibt_addattribute command to Zero(0) in Section 4.5.1.1.1 and 4.5.1.2.1. Added a note and a link to Getting Started documents for quick evaluation. Note: This document should be used with WiSeConnect version 2.3.0.



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