AN991: BLUETOOTH PBAP PROFILE

WRAP APPLICATION NOTE

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Version 2.0



VERSION HISTORY

Version	Comment	
1.0	First version	
1.5	Revision	
1.8	Further Revision	
1.9	More Addition and Revision	
2.0	Made changes to formatting, modified UCD	

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iWRAP firmware overview

iWRAP is an embedded firmware running entirely on the RISC processor of WT12, WT12 and WT32 modules. It implements the full *Bluetooth* protocol stack and many *Bluetooth* profiles as well. All software layers, including application software, run on the internal RISC processor in a protected user software execution environment known as a Virtual Machine (VM).

The host system can interface to iWRAP firmware through one or more physical interfaces, which are also shown in the figure below. The most common interfacing is done through the UART interface by using the ASCII commands that iWRAP firmware supports. With these ASCII commands, the host can access *Bluetooth* functionality without paying any attention to the complexity, which lies in the *Bluetooth* protocol stack. GPIO interface can be used for event monitoring and command execution. PCM, SPDIF, I2S or analog interfaces are available for audio. The available interfaces depend on the used hardware.

The user can write application code to the host processor to control iWRAP firmware using ASCII commands or GPIO events. In this way, it is easy to develop *Bluetooth* enabled applications.





Figure 1: iWRAP Bluetooth stack In the figure above, a Bluegiga *Bluetooth* module with iWRAP firmware could be connected to a host system for example through the UART interface. The options are:

- If the host system has a processor, software can be used to control iWRAP by using ASCII based commands or GPIO events.
- If there is no need to control iWRAP, or the host system does not need a processor, iWRAP can be configured to be totally transparent and autonomous, in which case it only accepts connections or automatically opens them.
- GPIO lines that WRAP THOR modules offer can also be used together with iWRAP to achieve additional functionality, such as Carrier Detect or DTR signaling.

1 Introduction

This application note discusses Phone Book Access Profile (PBAP), its advantages and how this profile can be utilized. Also practical examples are given how the PBAP is used with the iWRAP firmware.

1.1 Phone Book Access Profile

The Phone Book Access Profile (PBAP) specification defines the procedures and protocols to exchange Phone Book objects between devices. It is especially tailored for the automotive Hands-Free use case where an onboard terminal device (typically a Car-Kit installed in the car) retrieves Phone Book objects from a mobile device (typically a mobile phone or an embedded phone). This profile may also be used by any client device that requires access to Phone Book object is stored in a server device.





The PBAP is based on a Client-Server interaction model where the Client device pulls phone book objects from the Server device. In Figure 1 for example, the client is the Handsfree Unit in the car and the server is the mobile phone. In many of today's automobiles, this PBAP functionality is enabled and intergrated within the factory car audio system.

Please note however that this profile only allows for the consultation of phone book objects (read-only). It is not possible to alter the content of the original phone book object (read/write). Phone Book Access Profile is dependent upon the Generic Object Exchange Profile, the Serial Port Profile and the Generic Access Profile



Figure 3: PBAP Profile Stack

2 Using PBAP with iWRAP

This chapter instructs the PBAP usage and configuration with the iWRAP firmware.

2.1 Profile configuration

The PBAP profile must be turned on along with the HFP profile. In iWRAP the HFP profile is needed as it works hand in hand with the PBAP profile to retrieve phone book objects from the Phone Server Equipment (PSE). For more info on the HFP profile, please refer to the HFP/HSP Application note. The PBAP is turned on by issuing "SET PROFILE PBAP ON"

SET PROFILE PBAP ON	
SET PROFILE HFP ON	
SET BT CLASS 200408	
SET BT NAME {Module Friendly Name}	
SET BT AUTH * {0-16 DIGIT PIN}	
RESET	

As can be seen in the box above, a reset command is issued to make the profile(s) and configurations active.

N.B.The PIN code can be set from 0-16 characters. Also, with iWRAP 5 Secure Simple Pairing (SSP) is enabled by default to fulfil Bluetooth 2.1 specification requirements. It is not possible to disable SSP in iWRAP 5 and if the remote device does not support SSP, iWRAP will automatically fall back to legacy pairing through PIN code. For more info on SSP, please refer to the extensive documentation in iWRAP5 User Guide.

2.2 Service discovery

Bluetooth technology enables wireless service discovery, so you can find out the capabilities the remote device supports. Wireless service discovery uses the Bluetooth Service Discovery Profile (SDP).

With iWRAP the service discovery is performed with command: "SDP {bd_addr} {uuid}".

bd_addr	Bluetooth device address of the remote device.		
uuid	Universally unique identifier. Refers to the Bluetooth profile to be discovered. For PBAP the <i>uuid</i> is 1130. Please refer to the iWRAP user quide for <i>uuid</i> of PBAP PCE and PSE		

Below is an example how to perform a service discovery for PBAP device.

SDP 00:07:80:aa:bb:cc 112F

```
SDP 00:07:80:aa:bb:cc < I SERVICENAME S "OBEX Phonebook Access Server" > < I
PROTOCOLDESCRIPTORLIST < U L2CAP > < U RFCOMM I 13 > < U OBEX > > >
SDP
```

OBEX Phonebook Access Server

= Service name

13

= L2CAP PSM for PBAP profile

2.3 Connection establishment

Usually the PBAP connection is opened by the PCE right after pairing. This can be seen by an incoming <u>CALL</u> event generated by iWRAP.

"CALL {*bd_addr*} 112F PBAP"

bd_addr Bluetooth device address of the remote device.

Below is an example how to set up a PBAP from iWRAP to a PSE device.

CALL 00:07:80:aa:bb:cc 112F PBAP CALL 0 CONNECT 0 PBAP 5 OBEX 0 READY

2.4 PBAP Command

PBAP command is used to retrieve phone book entries or call history from a PBAP PSE device.

2.4.1 Syntax

Synopsis

PBAP {path} {count} [offset] [filter] [format]

Description			
path	Left HEX	Right HEX	
path	Store to retrieve data from.	Phone book or call history to read.	
	0	0	
	Phone	Phonebook	
	1	1	
	SIM card	Incoming call history	
		2	
		Outgoing call history	
		3	
		Missed call history	
		4	
		Combined call history	
count	Number of entries to be retrieved.		
	0		
	Returns phone book size		
	FFFF		

	Retrieves all entries		
offset	Offsets from which to start the retrieve from.		
filter	This is a bit mask to filter the response. If this is left to 0 all fields will be returned. Mandatory attributes for vCard 2.1 are VERSION ,N and TEL and they are returned always.		
	Mandatory attributes for vCard 3.0 are VERSION, N, FN and TEL and they are also returned always.		
	bit 0		
		VERSION vCard Version	
	Bit 1	EN Formatted phap Name	
	bit 2		
		N Structured Presentation of Name	
	bit 3		
		PHOTO Associated Image or Photo	
	bit 4	BDAY Birthday	
	bit 5	DUAT DILINUAY	
		ADR Delivery Address	
	bit 6		
		LABEL Delivery	
	bit 7		
	bit 8	TEL Telephone Number	
	bit 0	EMAIL Electronic Mail Address	
	bit 9		
		MAILER Electronic Mail	
	bit 10		
	hit 11	IZ IIme Zone	
		GEO Geographic Position	
	bit 12		

	TITLE Job
bit 13	
	ROLE Role within the Organization
bit 14	
	LOGO Organization Logo
bit 15	
	AGENT vCard of Person Representing
bit 16	
	ORG Name of Organization
bit 17	
	NOTE Commonto
	NOTE Comments
bit 18	
	REV Revision
bit 19	
	SOUND Pronunciation of Name
bit 20	
	LIPI Uniform Pagouros Logotor
	ORE ONIONI Resource Locator
bit 21	
	UID Unique ID
bit 22	
	KEY Public Encryption Key
bit 23	
	NICKNAME Nickname
bit 24	
	CATEGORIES Categories
DIT 25	
	PROID Product ID
bit 26	
	CLASS Class information
bit 27	
	SORT-STRING String used for sorting operations
L:4 00	
Dit 28	

		X-IRMC-CALL-DATETIME Time stamp
format	1	
		Return vcard 3.0
	0	
		Return vcard 2.1

2.4.2 Examples

PBAP 00 1
BEGIN:VCARD
VERSION:2.1
FN:My name
N:My name
TEL;CELL:1234567890
END:VCARD

Following the syntax structure, the above command returns the "first" entry in the "Phone's PhoneBook". The example below is another example which shows the Phone's incoming call history of the last two calls

PBAP 01 2
BEGIN:VCARD
VERSION:2.1
FN:701-921-5750
N:701-921-5750
TEL;X-0: 701-921-5750
X-IRMC-CALL-DATETIME;RECEIVED:20120529T123716
END:VCARD
BEGIN:VCARD
VERSION:2.1
FN:678-318-3100
N:678-318-3100
TEL;X-0:678-318-3100
X-IRMC-CALL-DATETIME;RECEIVED:20120524T085933
END:VCARD

The responses from iWRAP are basically OBEX Frames. This is because the PBAP profile is based on top of OPBEX OPP profile to transfer phone book content. The OBEX frame header format is shown in the table in the following page.

Response		
{OBEX header} {vCARD}		
OBEX header	OBEX header. See the header descriptions below.	
vCARD	vCARD data	

Length	Name	Description	Value
8 bits	Begin	Start of OBEX frame.	0xFC (last frame) or 0xFB (more frames to follow)
8 bits	Length	Length of full frame	0x00 – 0xFF
8 bits	Length	Length of full frame	0x00 – 0xFF
8 bits	Body	Body or end-of-body.	0x49 (last frame) 0x48 (more frames to follow)
8 bits	Length of data	Length of data field	0x00 – 0xFF
8 bits	Length of data	Length of data field	0x00 – 0xFF

Table 1: OBEX header

Events	
OBEX AUTH	This event occurs if the server requires authentication

2.5 Connection termination

The PBAP connection should be terminated on iWRAP using the "DISCONNECT" or "CLOSE {link_id}" command.

If the Virtual Cable Unplug procedure needs to be done, the command "**UNPLUG**" can be issued. It instructs the Host to delete all pairing information of the Device. iWRAP will delete its corresponding pairing information automatically.

PABP connection termination:

CLOSE 0

NO CARRIER 0 ERROR 0

Example connection diagram

An example of PBAP configuration and a simple PBAP connection setup is illustrated below.



Figure 4: PBAP connection example

In the above example the <u>AUTH</u> event is only seen if a legacy pairing with pin code and interactive paring is made. If the legacy pairing does not take place and SSP pairing is used instead then <u>AUTH</u> event is not seen and there is no need to reply to it with the **AUTH** command. With SSP pairing, depending on the SSP mode, however SPP events may be displayed and then need to be responded with correct SSP pairing commands.

Please refer to iWRAP user guide for more information about the iWRAP command and events.

3 References

[1]The Bluetooth SIG, Human Interface Device Profile overview, URL: http://www.bluetooth.com/Bluetooth/Technology/Works/PBAP.htm

[2]VCARD File Format, URL: <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/VCard</u>



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