



# MSH-101: Which Mesh is the Right Mesh?

Cristian Cotiga

Manager, Wireless Technologies



## Why Standards-Based Wireless Mesh Networks?



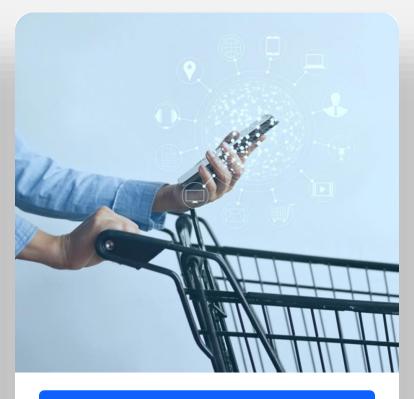
#### **CONSUMERS**

Better connectivity through multi-hop Instant responses to actions Advanced controls and functionality



#### **DEVELOPERS**

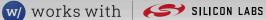
Focus on application implementation Certification and interoperability Advanced management tools



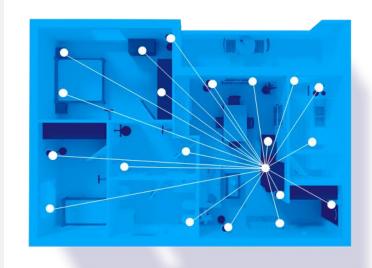
#### **BUSINESS**

Scale system deployment size Flexibility compared to wired networks Enhance with location services





## **Types of Wireless Networks**





Simpler networks and installation Limited to RF range & TX power Connection through a central node



#### **MESH NETWORKS**

Extend range through multi-hop Reduce energy consumption Improve responsiveness & reliability

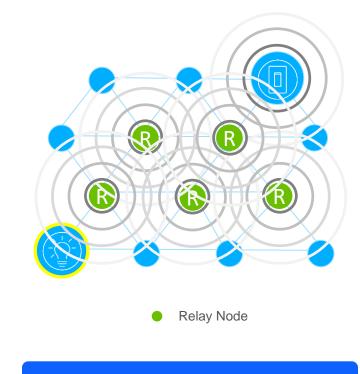


#### HYBRID NETWORKS

Combine mesh and star topologies Point-to-Point Long Range Extension Maintain network scalability



## **Types Message Relaying in Mesh Networks**



#### MANAGED FLOOD FORWARDING

All relays repeat all messages

Loops avoided through counters, timers and

messages cache

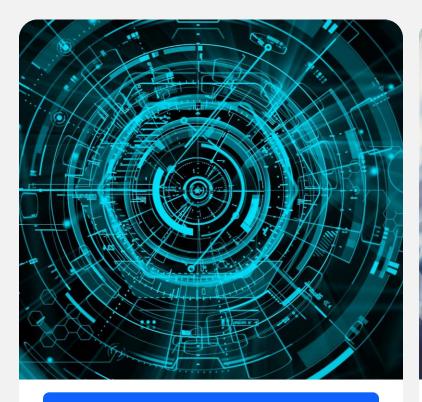


Forwarding only through selected relays
Routing algorithm builds routing tables and

computes path to destination



## **Types of Protocol Connectivity**



#### **NON-IP NETWORKS**

Optimized packet size to physical layer Less complexity and less overhead Lower latency and lower power



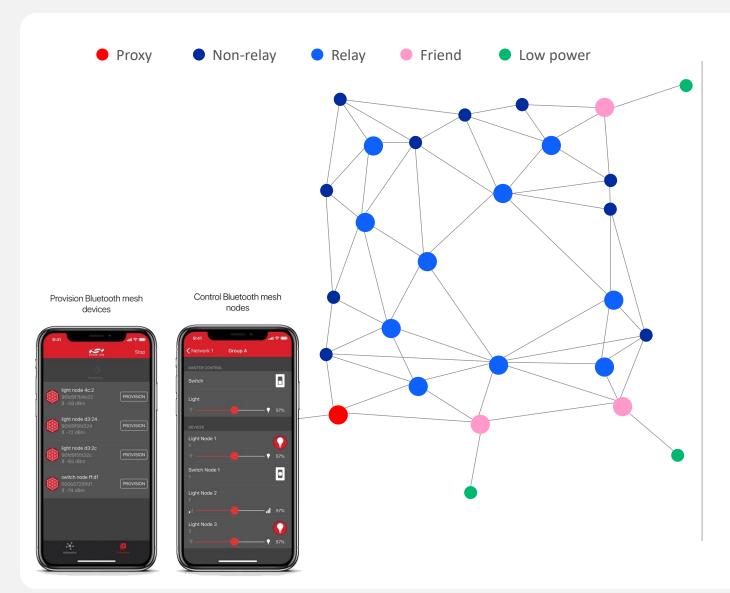
#### NATIVE IPV6 NETWORKS

Native built-in internet compatibility Existing app layers, tools and knowledge Reuse of deployed infrastructure



### **Bluetooth Mesh**





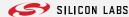
#### **Consumers**

- Smart phone connectivity to control devices
- Simplified provisioning through Bluetooth
- Easy reconfiguration based on user needs

#### **Developers**

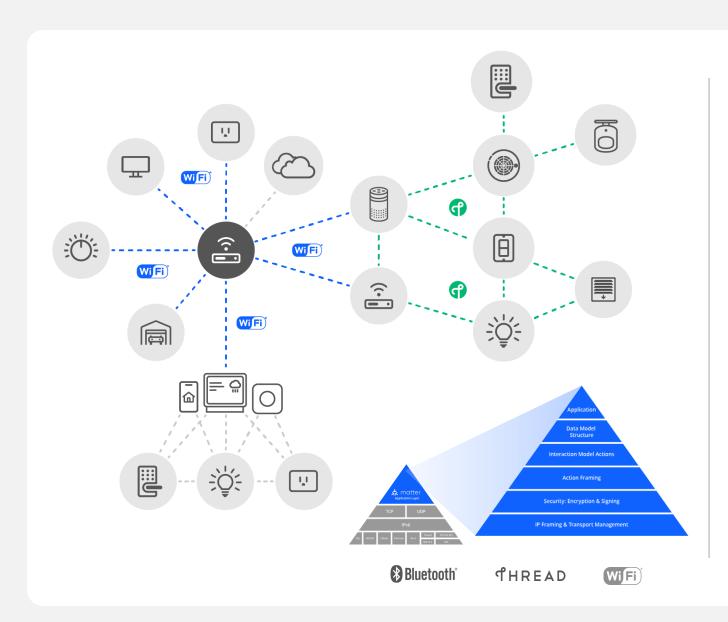
- Optional gateway, reduced development
- Simplified testing, no single point of failure
- State of art security w/ different keys per layer

- Scalable from a few to thousands of nodes
- Value added services through beacons
- Enhanced w/ location services & asset tracking



## **Matter w/ Thread**





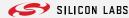
#### **Consumers**

- Solves the interoperability between ecosystems
- Simplifies user experience for setup & control
- Allows bridging to legacy networks & protocols

#### **Developers**

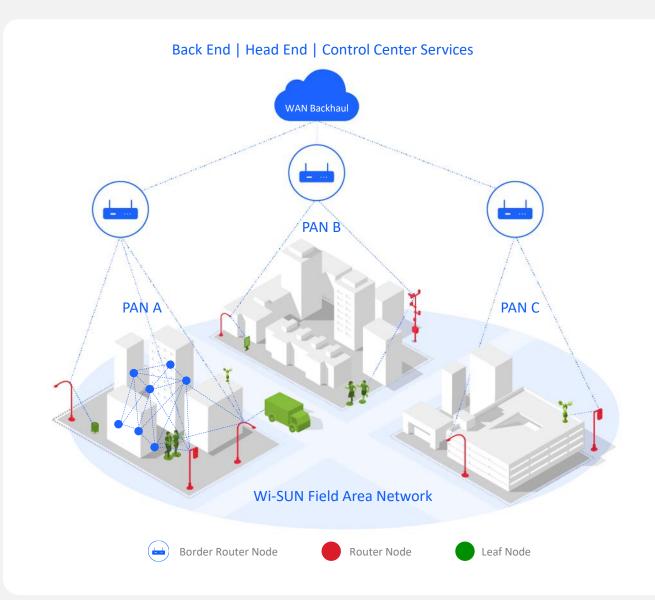
- Reduces IoT complexity for product developers
- Application layer using market-tested IPv6 tech
- Self-healing, no single point of failure

- Cross-ecosystem single SKU compatibility
- Scales network through multiple border routers
- Robust and streamlined state of art security



## **Wi-SUN**





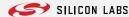
#### **Consumers**

- Real-time remote management and control
- Ability to select different energy usage plans
- Automatically generate maintenance orders

#### **Developers**

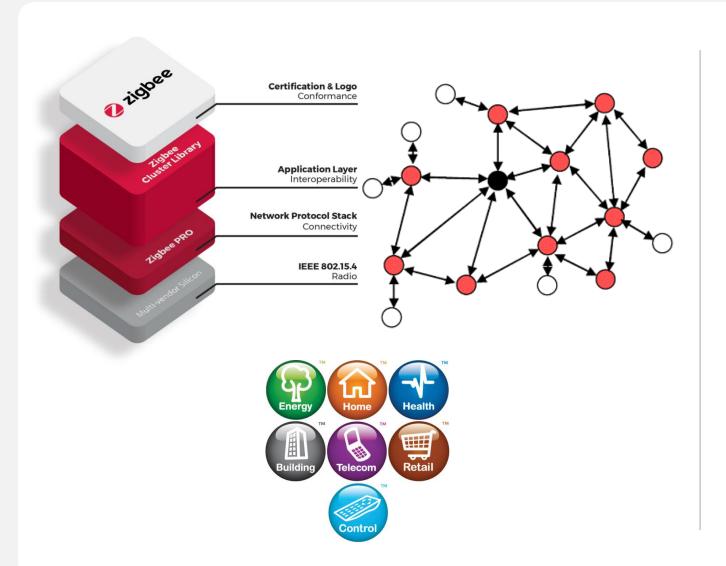
- 2.4GHz & Sub-GHz long range IPv6 network
- Native public-key infrastructure(PKI) integration
- Multi-vendor interoperability and certification

- Ubiquitous & scalable to thousands of nodes
- Multiple paths from end device to backhaul net
- Energy management & smart cities services



## **Zigbee**





#### **Consumers**

- 4000+ certified products and large ecosystems
- Efficient use of spectrum on 2.4GHz band
- Low power / battery-less Zigbee Green Power

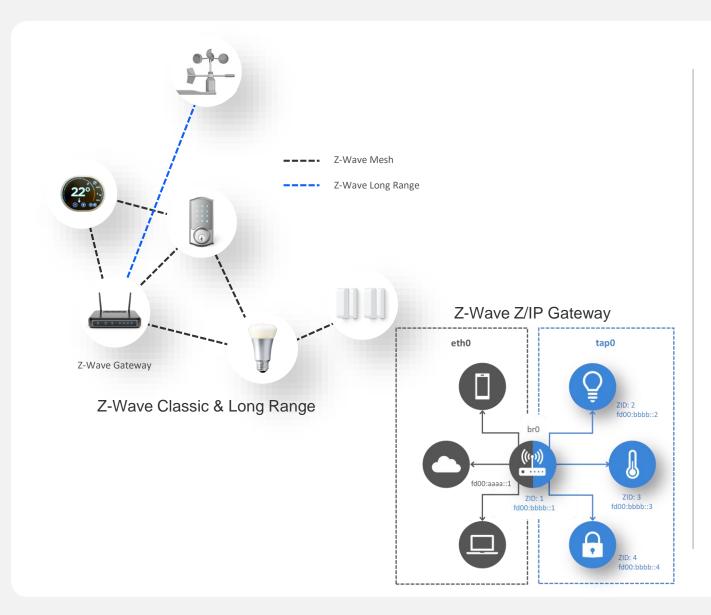
#### **Developers**

- Reliable and robust intelligent mesh network
- Unified application profiles through Zigbee 3.0
- Enhanced networking and security

- Proven scalability to large networks
- Standardized interaction between SE and Z3.0
- 20 years of development and learning

## **Z-Wave**





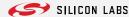
#### **Consumers**

- 3500+ certified products & 100% interoperable
- Low power: 10 years on a coin cell battery
- 100% backwards compatibility

#### **Developers**

- Global Sub-GHz standard (ITU-T G.9959)
- Better walls penetration & less interferences
- Long range (1mile+) extension in N.A.

- Easy SmartStart installation and provisioning
- Enables large Hotels and MDUs ecosystems
- Virtual IP addresses through Z/IP gateway

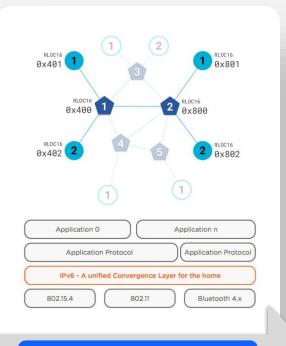


## So, How Do I Chose My Mesh Network?









1 SELECT TARGET ECOSYSTEM

Ecosystems dictate protocols and application layer selection based on:

- Deployed infrastructure
- Targeted customer experience
  - Future ecosystem plans

2 SELECT MARKET APPLICATION

Each market applications may have specific needs and tradeoffs:

- Battery vs mains powered
  - Throughput vs range
- Gateways vs mobile connectivity

3 SELECT REGIONS & FREQUENCY BAND



4 SELECT IP/NON-IP CONNECTIVITY

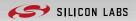
Market application and target region dictate frequency bands choice:

- Range, penetration and regulations
- 2.4GHz ISM worldwide but busy
- Sub-GHz ISM region specific

IP vs Non-IP selection driven by:

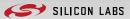
- Energy consumption requirements
  - Infrastructure management, scalability and tools needs
- Device to cloud security constrains

w works with



## **High Level Mesh Networks Comparison**

	ℜ Bluetooth Mesh	Z Zigbee	Matter w/ Thread	Wi-SUN	<b>€</b> Z-Wave
Market Focus	Lighting, Building Automation	Home Automation, Lighting, Building Automation, Metering	Lighting, Home Security, Home & Building Automation, Appliances	Metering, Street Lighting, Smart Cities	Home Security & Automation, Building Automation
Frequency Bands	2.4GHz	2.4GHz	2.4GHz	2.4GHz & Sub-GHz	Sub-GHz
IPv6 Connectivity	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
Cloud Connectivity	n/a, Gateway, Phones	Gateway	Border Router	Border Router	Gateway
Application Layer	Native Mesh Model	Zigbee Cluster Library	Matter (ZCL/ZAP)	n/a (DLSM, DALI, BacNet,)	Device Command Class
Promoter Ecosystems	Amazon, Leedarson, Alibaba, Xiaomi,	Amazon, IKEA, Signify, Somfy, Legrand, Tuya, Landis+Gyr	Amazon, Apple, Google, Comcast, SmartThings, IKEA,	Itron, Landis+Gyr, Cisco, Omron, Trilliant,	Alarm.com, Ring, ADT, Leedarson, Assa Abloy,
Mesh Forwarding	Managed Flooding	Directed Forwarding	Directed Forwarding	Directed Forwarding	Directed Forwarding
Routing Algorithm	n/a	Source Routing & AoDV (Ad-hoc On-demand Distance Vector)	Optimized RIPng (Routing IP Next Gen)	RPL (Routing for Low Power and Lossy Networks)	DSR (Dynamic Source Routing)
Additional Notes	Location services, Direct phone connectivity	Mature technology, 4000+ certified devices, Battery-less ZGP	Self-healing (Thread), State of art security, Large ecosystems interest	Large Networks, Long Range w/ OFDM	Mature technology, 3500+ certified devices, new Long Range in NA





## works with

BY SILICON LABS

VIRTUAL CONFERENCE



