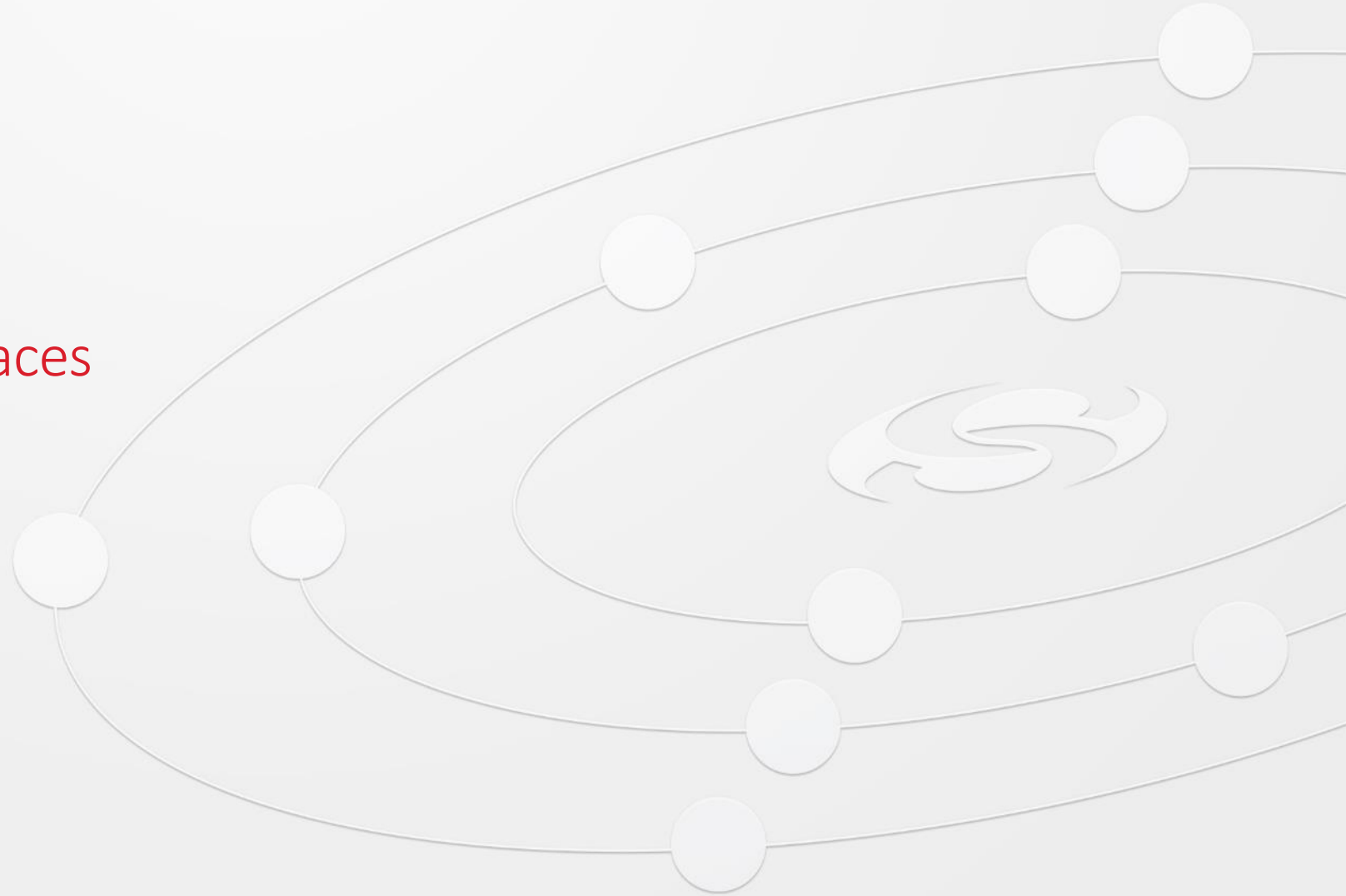




EFM32 Series 0: Serial interfaces

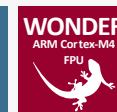
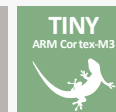
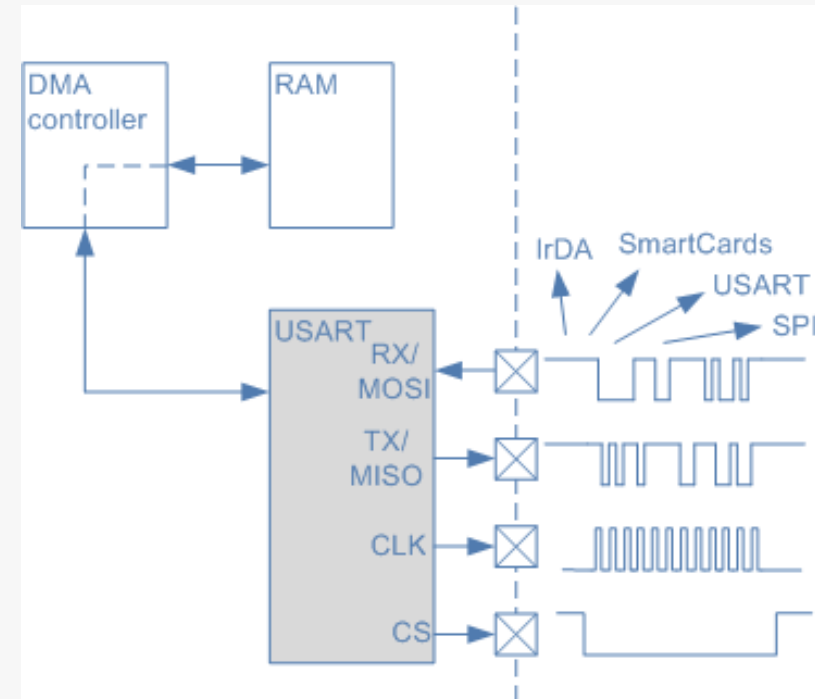


Agenda

- SPI/UART
- I2C
- LEUART
- USB
 - Hardware considerations
 - Device configuration (descriptors)
 - Stack API
 - States and callbacks
- LEUART Hands-On

SPI and UART Highlights

- Up to 3 USARTs
 - UART/SPI (master/slave)
 - IrDA
 - SmartCards (ISO7816)
 - 8 Mbit/s UART, 16 Mbit/s SPI master
 - I²S support (ZG, TG, LG, GG and WG)
- Up to 2 UARTs
 - Subset of USART with support for asynchronous communication



Baud Rate Calculation

USART Baud Rate

$$br = f_{\text{HFPERCLK}} / (\text{oversample} \times (1 + \text{USARTn_CLKDIV}/256))$$

USART Desired Baud Rate

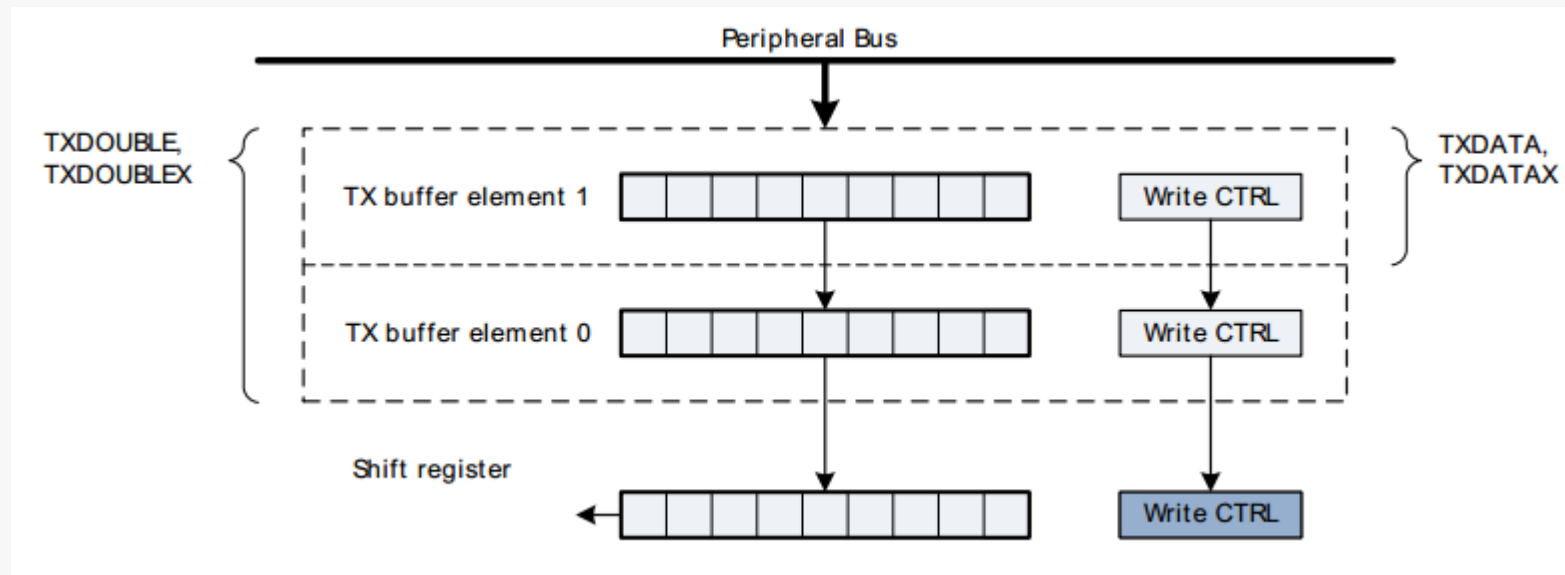
$$\text{USARTn_CLKDIV} = 256 \times (f_{\text{HFPERCLK}} / (\text{oversample} \times br_{\text{desired}}) - 1)$$

```
/* Prepare struct for initializing UART in asynchronous mode*/
uartInit.enable      = usartDisable; /* Don't enable UART upon initialization */
uartInit.refFreq     = 0;             /* Provide information on reference frequency. When set to 0, the reference frequency is */
uartInit.baudrate    = 115200;       /* Baud rate */
uartInit.oversampling = usartOVS16;  /* Oversampling. Range is 4x, 6x, 8x or 16x */
uartInit.databits    = usartDatabits8; /* Number of data bits. Range is 4 to 10 */
uartInit.parity      = usartNoParity; /* Parity mode */
uartInit.stopbits    = usartStopbits1; /* Number of stop bits. Range is 0 to 2 */
uartInit.mvdis       = false;         /* Disable majority voting */
uartInit.prsRxEnable = false;         /* Enable USART Rx via Peripheral Reflex System */
uartInit.prsRxCh     = usartPrsRxCh0; /* Select PRS channel if enabled */

/* Initialize USART with uartInit struct */
USART_InitAsync(uart, &uartInit);
```

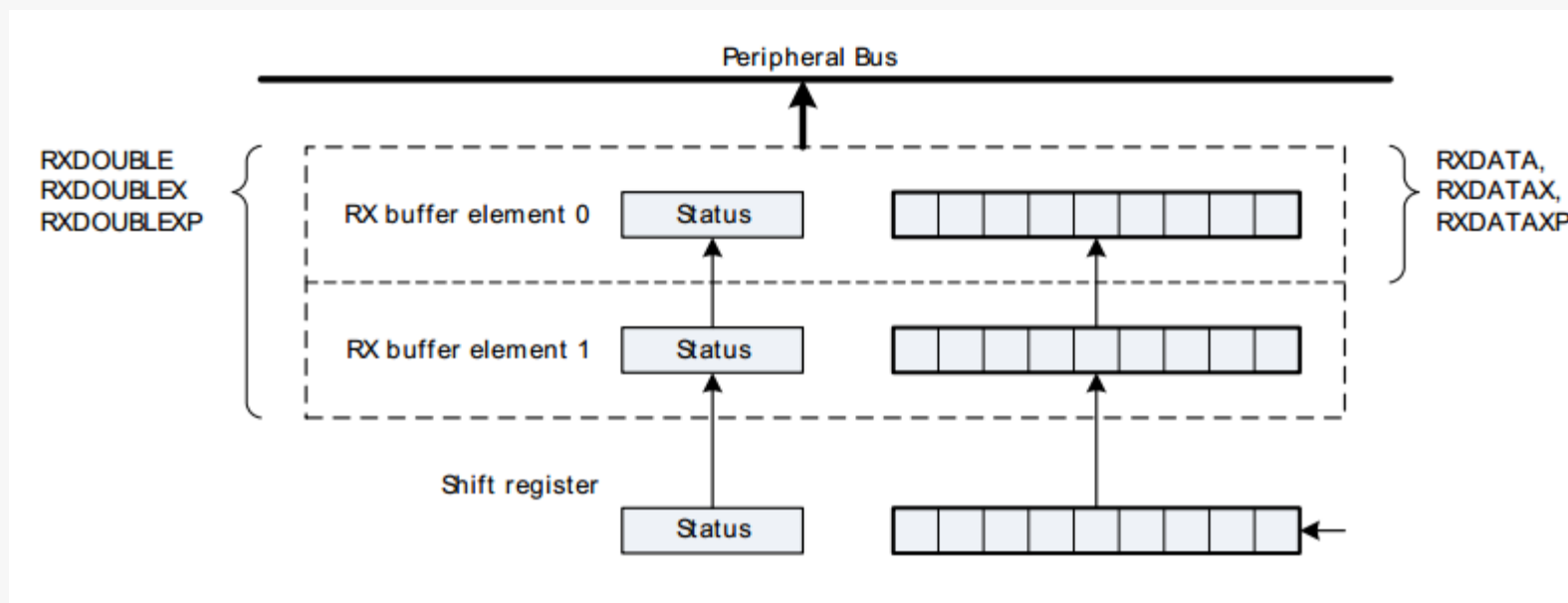
Transmit Buffer

- 2 level FIFO + shift register
- TXDOUBLE writes to both elements
- TXBIL controls TXBL IRQ
 - 0 => IRQ goes high when buffer is empty
 - 1 => IRQ goes high when buffer is half-empty
- IRQs: TXBL, TXOF, TXC



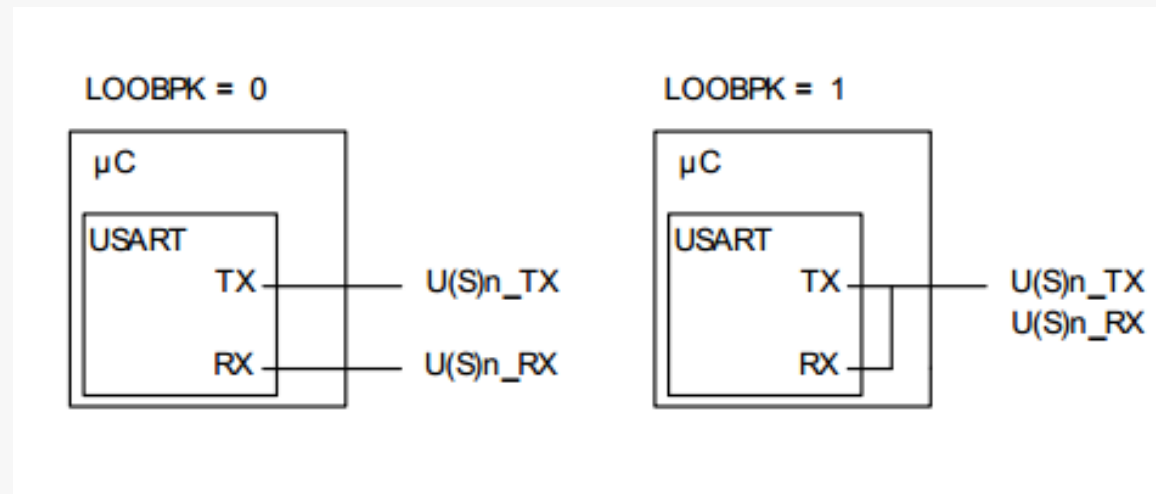
Receive Buffer

- 2 level FIFO + shift register
- RXDOUBLE reads both elements
- RXDATAV IRQ cleared by reading RXDATA/RXDOUBLE
- 'Peak' registers leaves contents unchanged

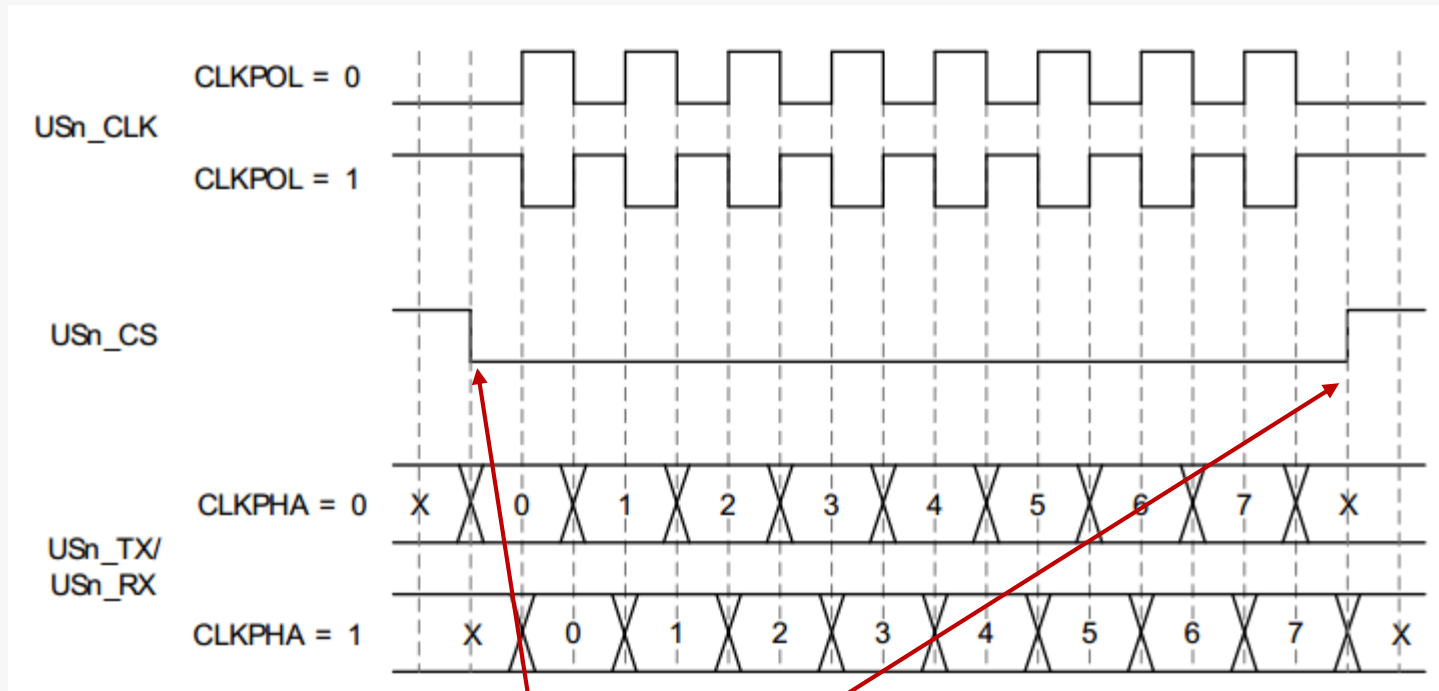


Half-Duplex

- Allows communication using only one line
- LOOPBCK connects RX to TX pin
- TXTRIEN tristates transmitter when idle



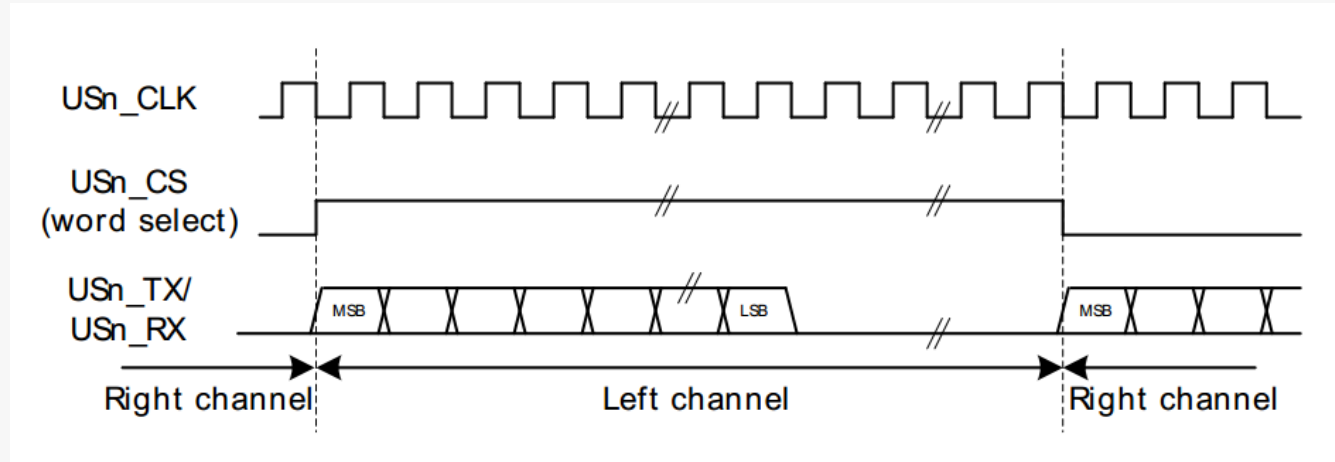
SPI Timing



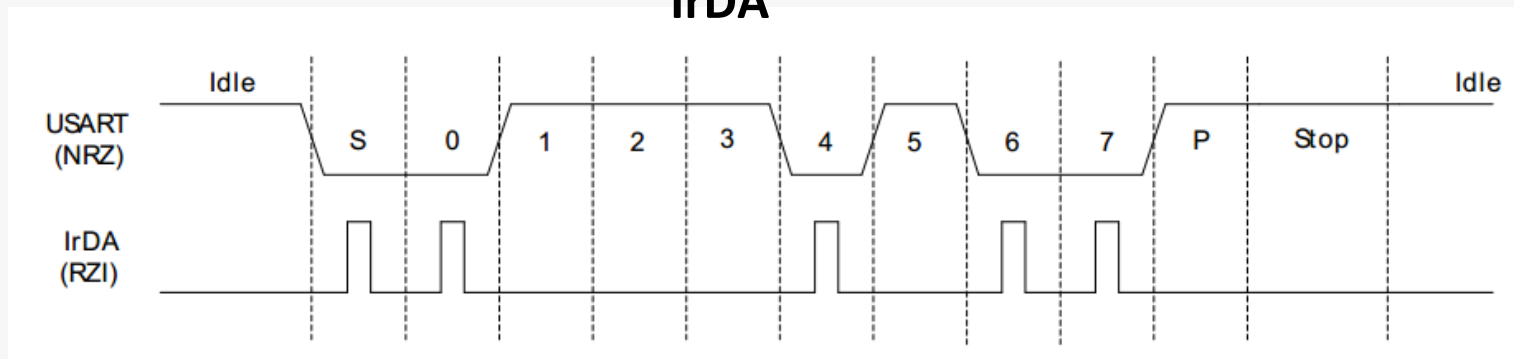
CS hold time cannot be configured with AUTOCS.
Use GPIO if precise control is required.

USART Special Modes

I2S



IrDA

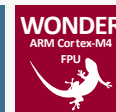
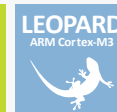
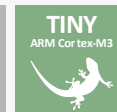
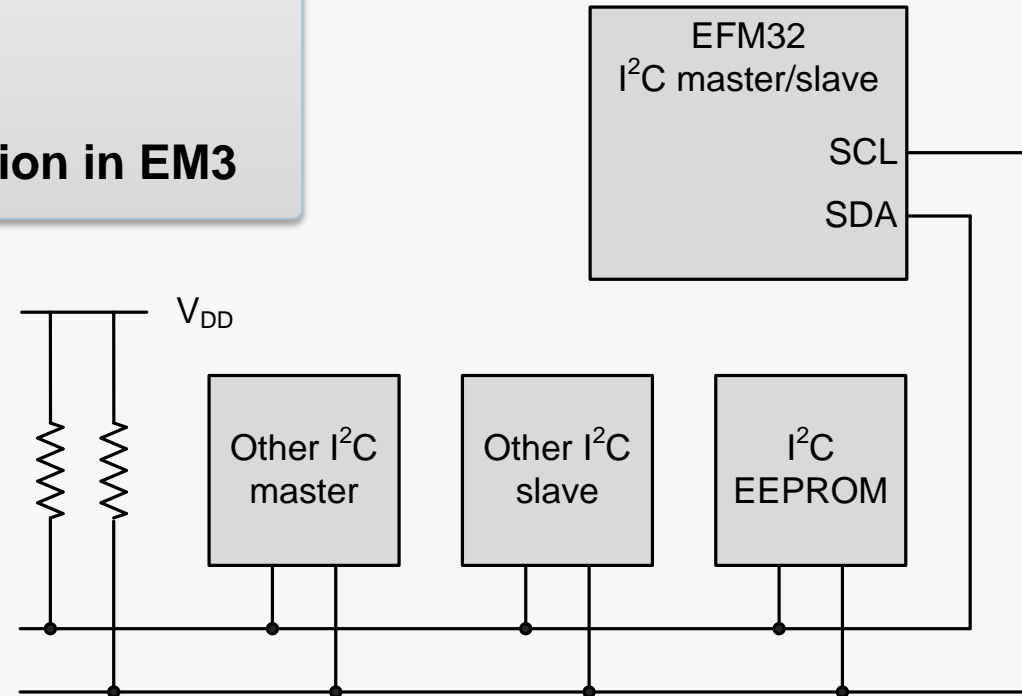


SPI DMA RX

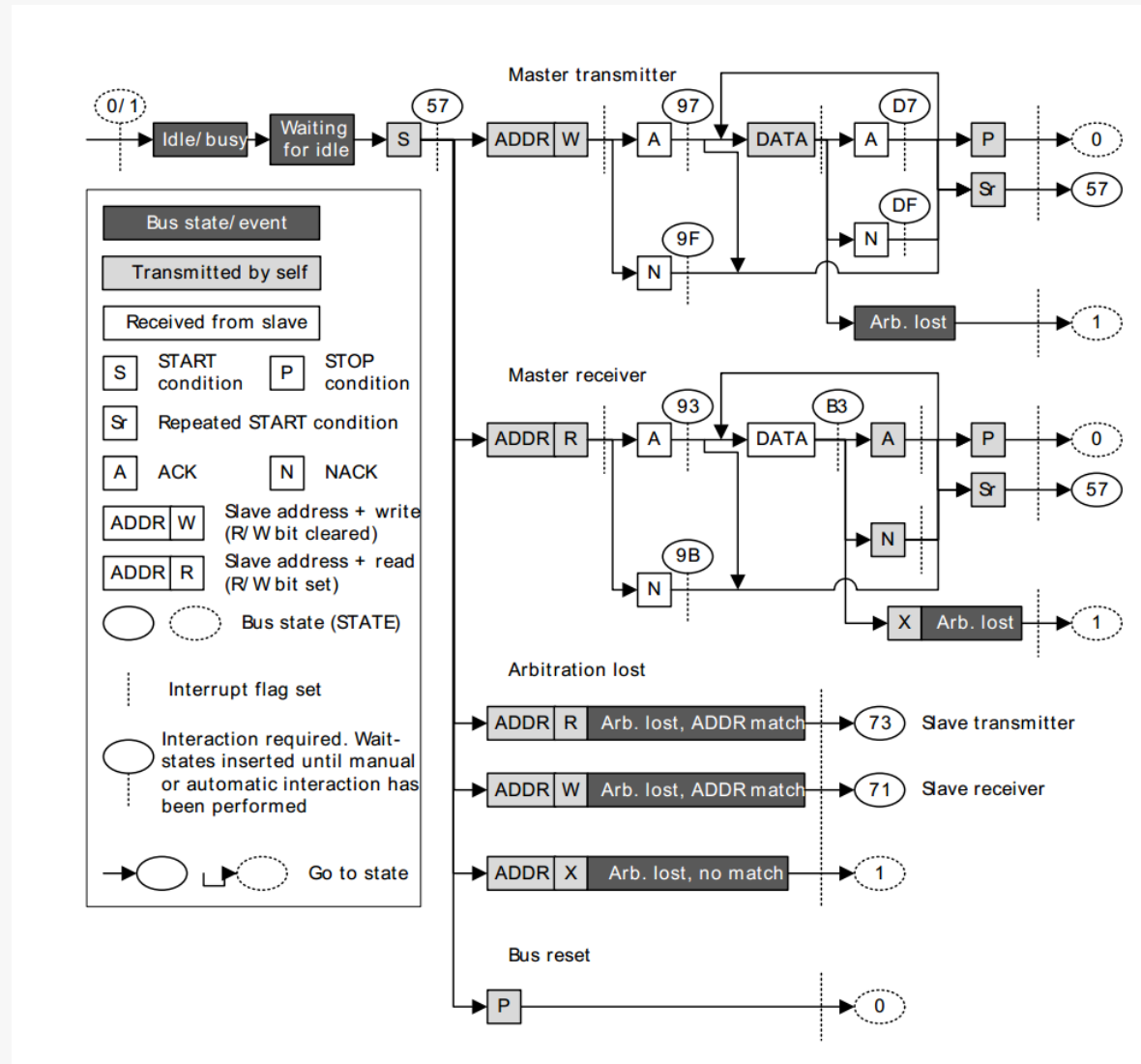
- Problem: SPI Master must transmit in order to receive
- Solution 1: Dummy TX DMA
 - Needs two DMA channels
 - Can cause problem if RX DMA is unable to keep up (TX DMA channel has no knowledge of RXDATAV/RXFULL)
- Solution 2: AUTOTX
 - SPI transmits automatically while space in RX buffer
 - Currently only works on WG (errata LG,GG,TG)
 - Last bytes must be fetched with interrupts. Example in AN0013

I²C Highlights

- Up to 2 I²C peripherals included
- I²C and SMBus support
- Data rates up to 1 MBit/s
- Hardware address recognition in EM3



I2C State Machine



I2C

- emlib handles I2C protocol state machine
- Polled transfer:

```
while (I2C_Transfer(I2C0) == i2cTransferInProgress);
```

- Interrupt driven transfer:

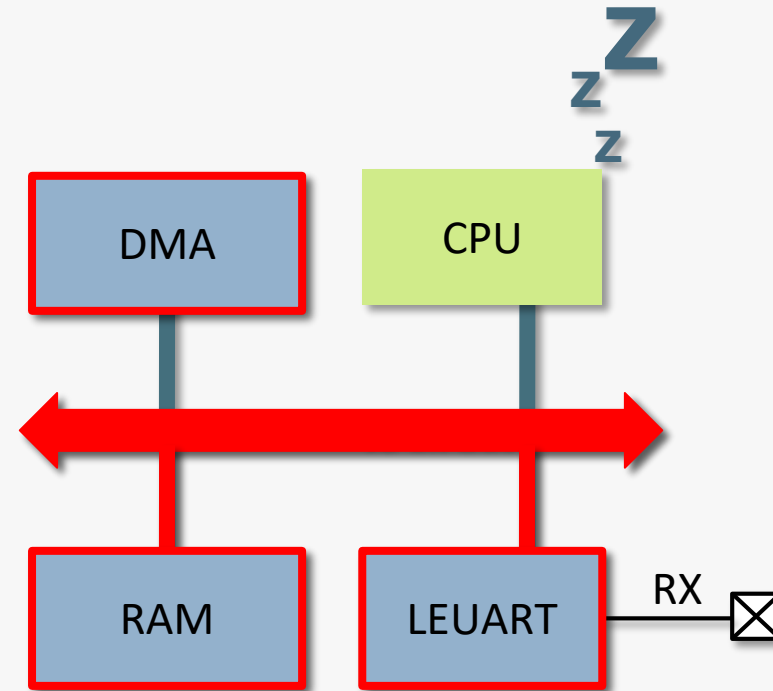
```
volatile I2C_TransferReturn_TypeDef i2cStatus;  
  
void I2C0_IRQHandler(void)  
{  
    i2cStatus = I2C_Transfer(I2C0);  
}  
  
bool i2cActive = true;  
i2cStatus = I2C_TransferInit(i2c, &seq);  
  
while ( i2cActive )  
{  
    INT_Disable();  
    if ( i2cStatus == i2cTransferInProgress ) {  
        EMU_EnterEM1();  
    } else {  
        i2cActive = false;  
    }  
    INT_Enable();  
}
```

DMA example in AN0013

Low Energy UART

LEUART Highlights

- Up to 2 LEUARTs
- Full UART with 32 kHz clock
- Available even in Deep Sleep
- 150 nA at 9600 baud/s
- DMA support
- Valid wake-up packet



Baud rate

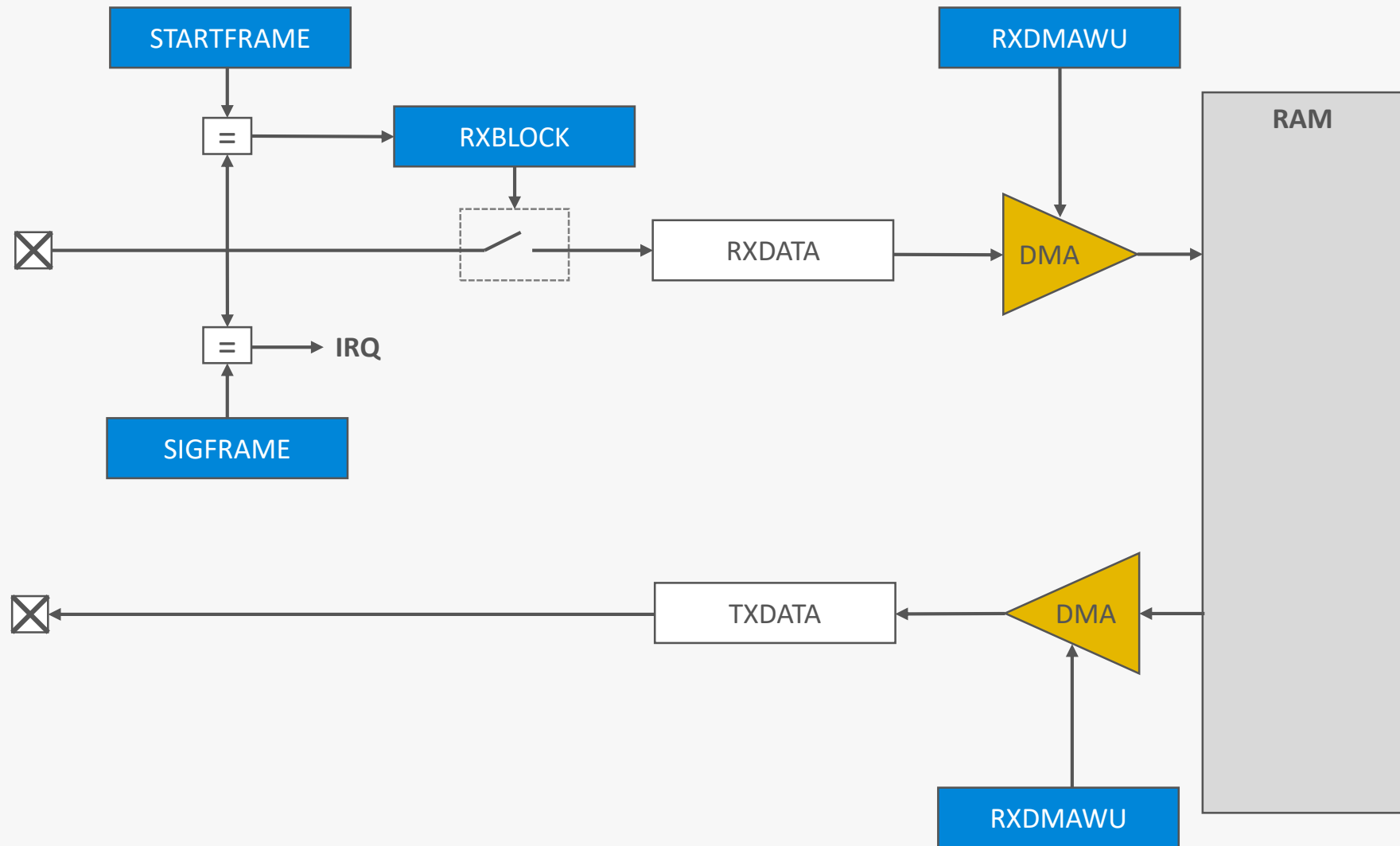
LEUART CLKDIV Equation

$$\text{LEUART}_n\text{_CLKDIV} = 256 \times (\text{fLEUART}_n / \text{br}_{\text{DESIRED}} - 1)$$

Desired baud rate [baud/s]	LEUART _n _CLKDIV	LEUART _n _CLKDIV/256	Actual baud rate [baud/s]	Error [%]
300	27704	108,21875	300,0217	0,01
600	13728	53,625	599,8719	-0,02
1200	6736	26,3125	1199,744	-0,02
2400	3240	12,65625	2399,487	-0,02
4800	1488	5,8125	4809,982	0,21
9600	616	2,40625	9619,963	0,21

$$256 \times (32768 / 9600 - 1) = \underline{617.813333}$$

LEUART + DMA in EM2





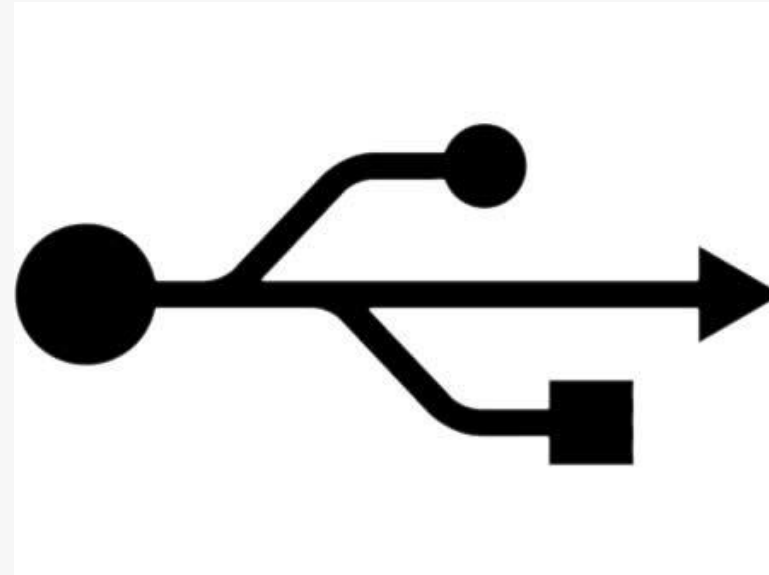
USB



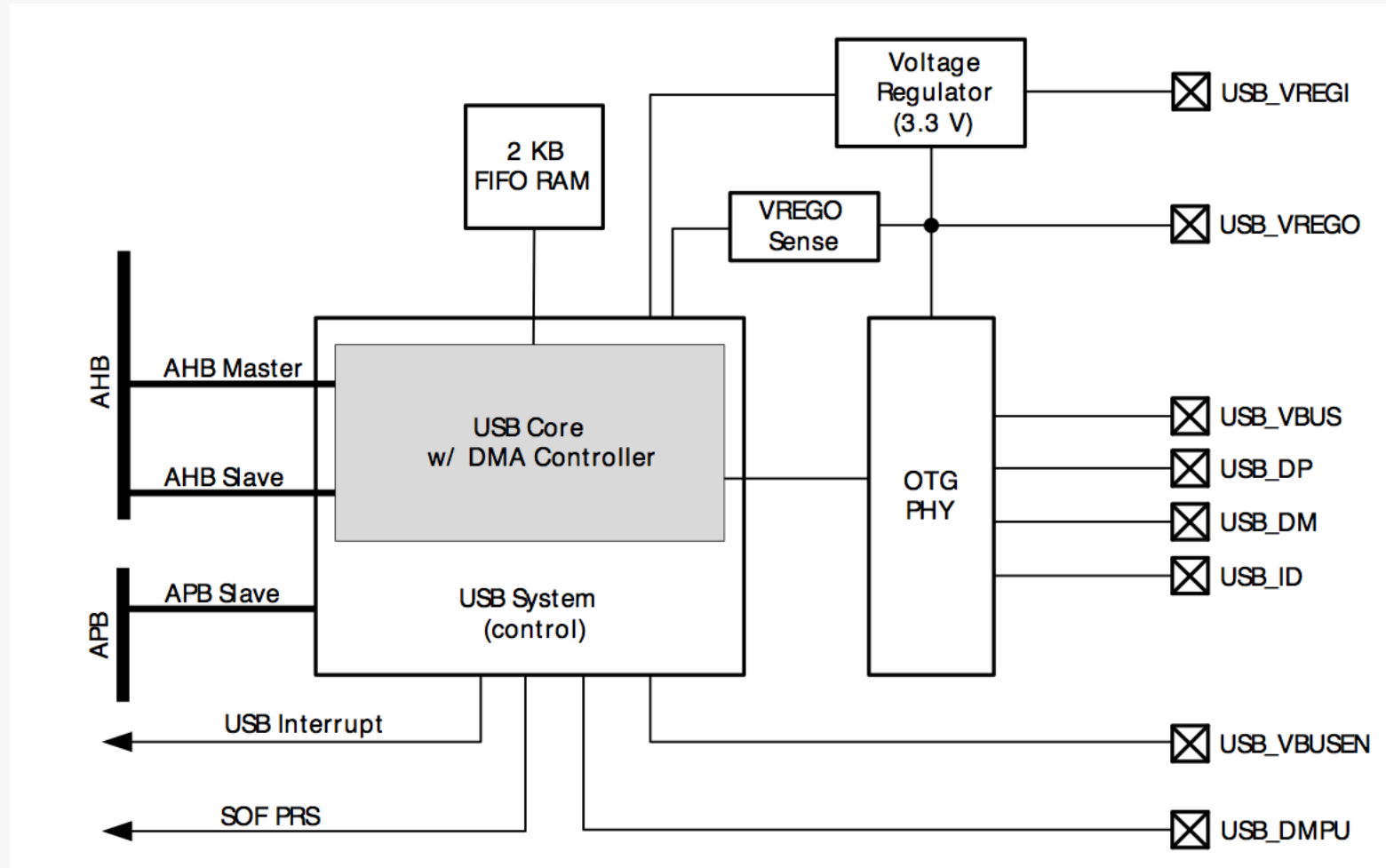
Universal Serial Bus Controller

USB Highlights

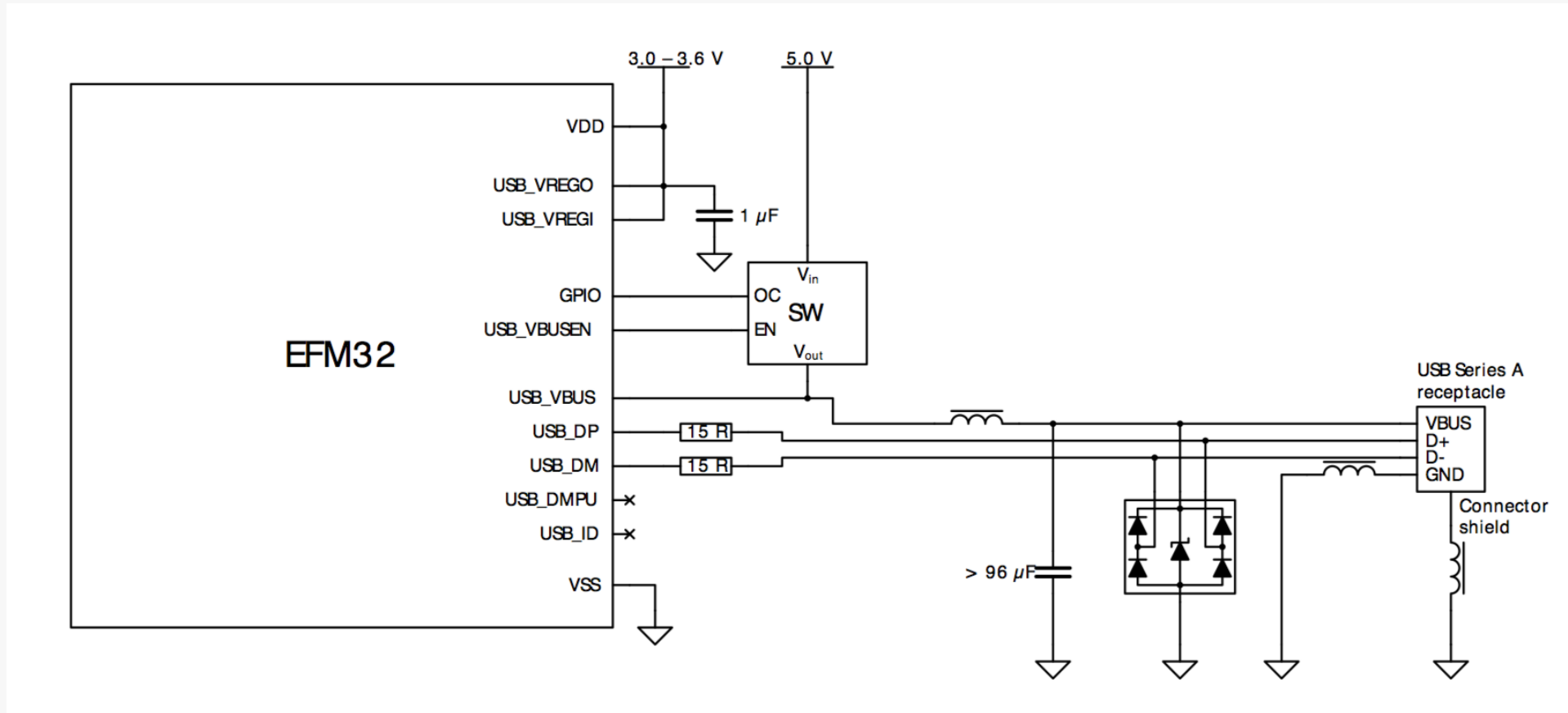
- **USB 2.0 compliant**
- **Support for USB Device and Host**
- **Full speed (12 Mbit/s)**
- **14 endpoints (2 KB buffers)**
- **Integrated 3.3V regulator (up to 100 mA)**
- **Dedicated DMA for USB**
- **Pre-programmed USB device bootloader**
- **Free stack in Simplicity Studio**
 - **Mass Storage Host/Device**
 - **Human Interface Host/Device**
 - **Vendor Unique Device**
 - **Communication Class Device (USB-to-RS232)**



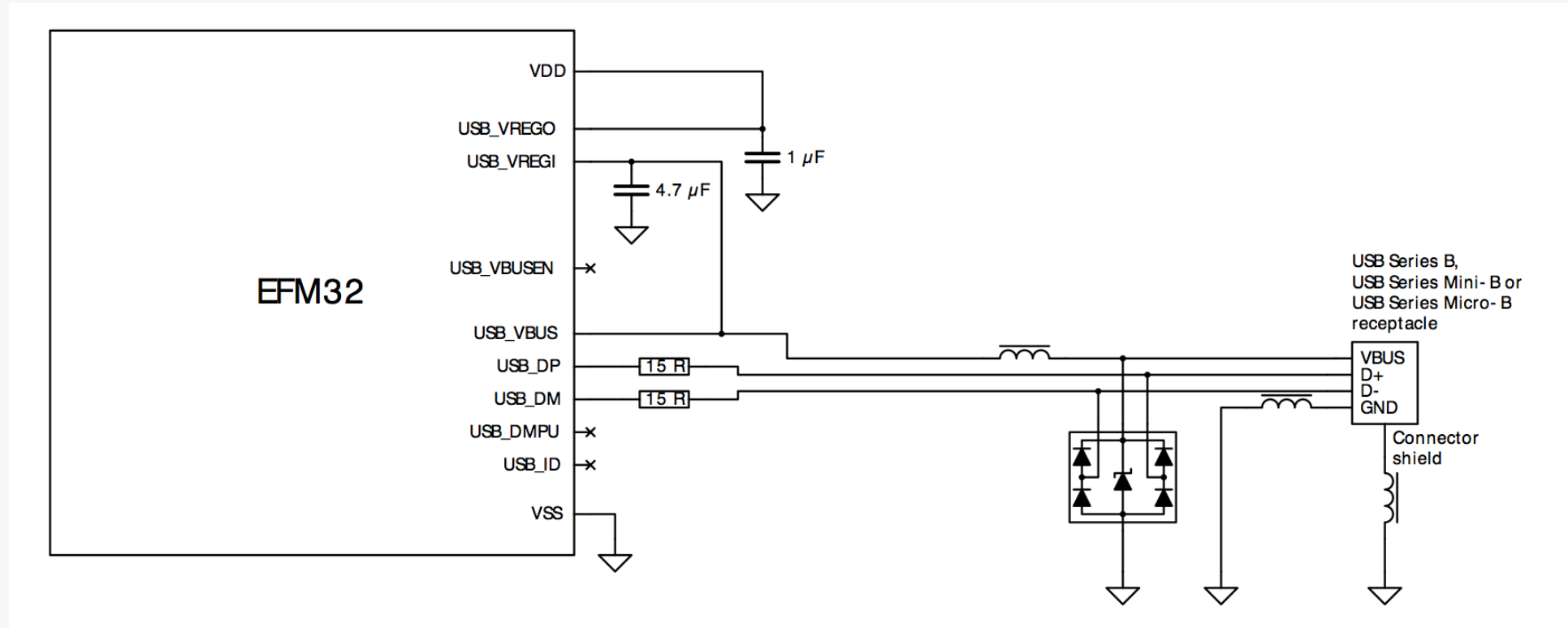
USB Overview



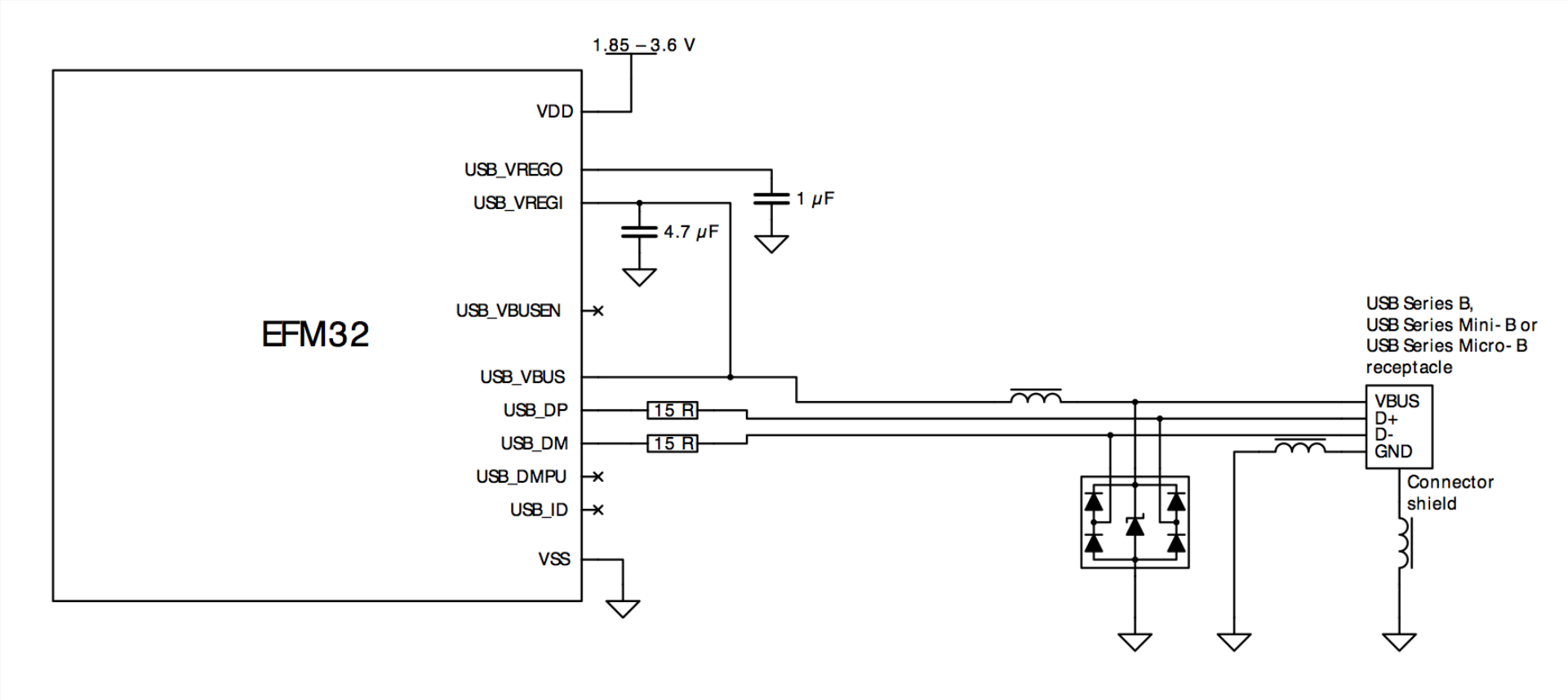
USB Host



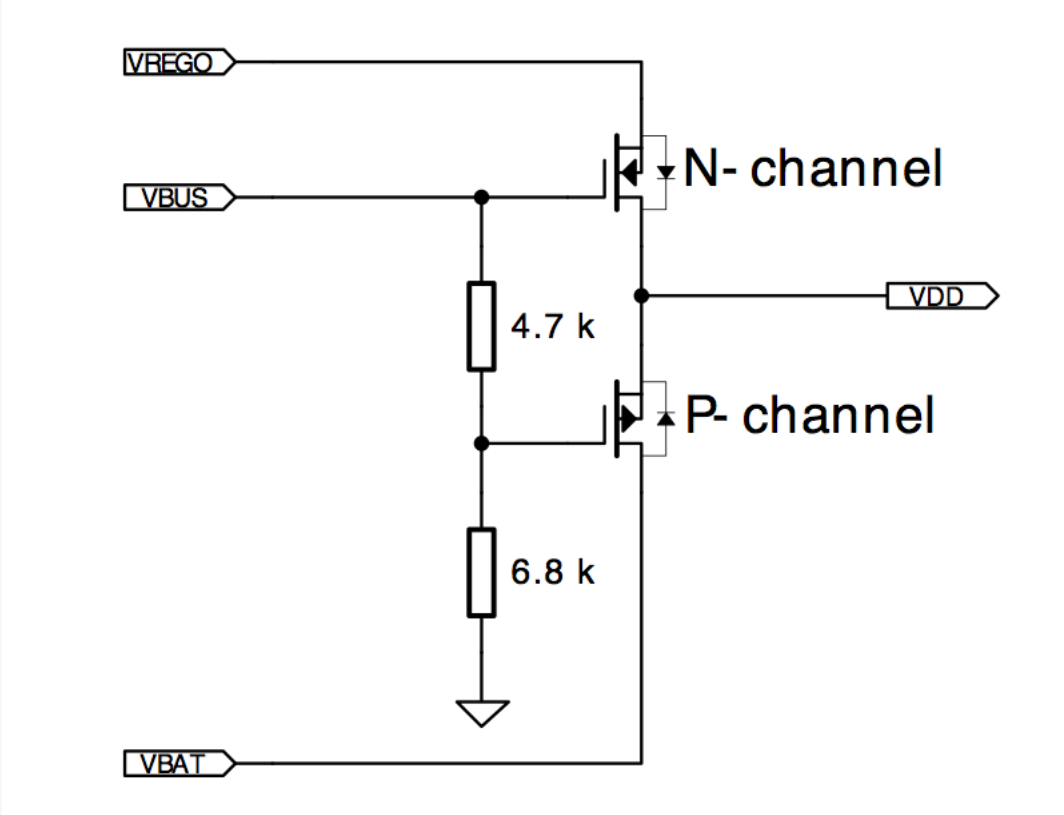
Bus Powered Device



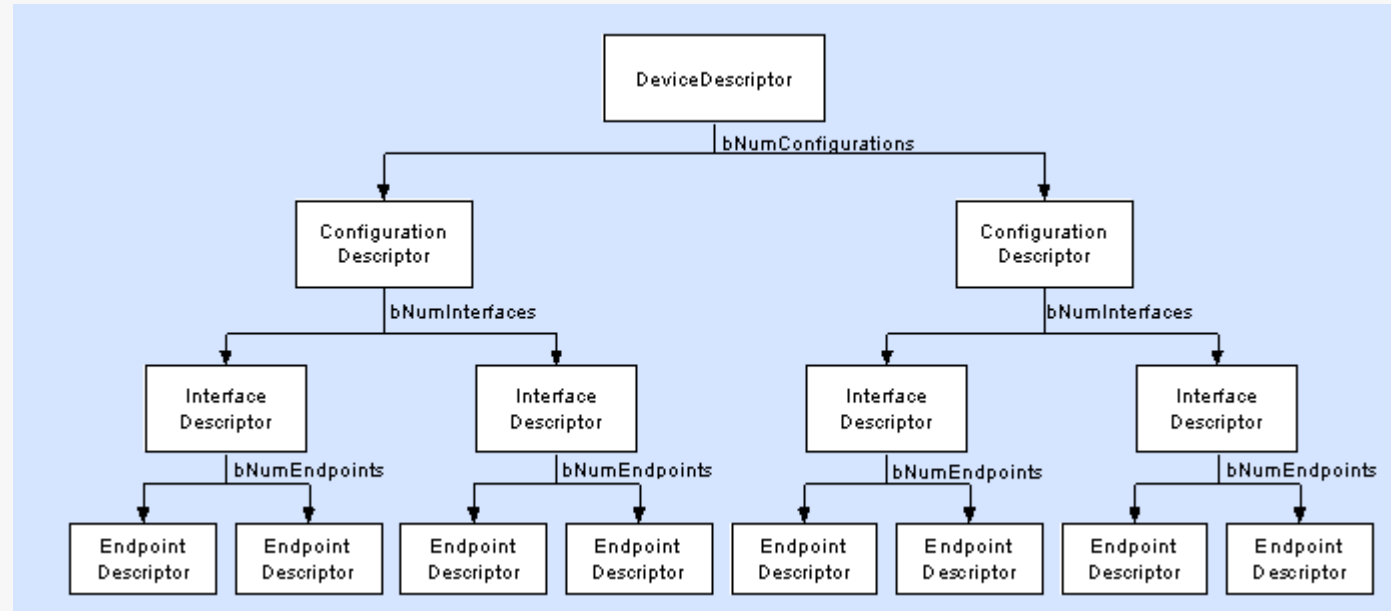
Self Powered Device



Power Switch



USB Descriptors



<http://www.beyondlogic.org/usbnutshell/usb5.shtml>

Device Descriptor

```
EFM32_ALIGN(4)
static const USB_DeviceDescriptor_TypeDef deviceDesc
{
    .bLength           = USB_DEVICE_DESCSIZE,
    .bDescriptorType   = USB_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR,
    .bcdUSB             = 0x0200,
    .bDeviceClass      = 0,
    .bDeviceSubClass   = 0,
    .bDeviceProtocol   = 0,
    .bMaxPacketSize0   = USB_EPO_SIZE,
    .idVendor           = 0x2544,
    .idProduct          = 0x0002,
    .bcdDevice          = 0x0000,
    .iManufacturer     = 1,
    .iProduct           = 2,
    .iSerialNumber     = 3,
    .bNumConfigurations = 1
};
```

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	Number	Size of the Descriptor in Bytes (18 bytes)
1	bDescriptorType	1	Constant	Device Descriptor (0x01)
2	bcdUSB	2	BCD	USB Specification Number which device complies too.
4	bDeviceClass	1	Class	Class Code (Assigned by USB Org) If equal to Zero, each interface specifies it's own class code If equal to 0xFF, the class code is vendor specified. Otherwise field is valid Class Code.
5	bDeviceSubClass	1	SubClass	Subclass Code (Assigned by USB Org)
6	bDeviceProtocol	1	Protocol	Protocol Code (Assigned by USB Org)
7	bMaxPacketSize	1	Number	Maximum Packet Size for Zero Endpoint. Valid Sizes are 8, 16, 32, 64
8	idVendor	2	ID	Vendor ID (Assigned by USB Org)
10	idProduct	2	ID	Product ID (Assigned by Manufacturer)
12	bcdDevice	2	BCD	Device Release Number
14	iManufacturer	1	Index	Index of Manufacturer String Descriptor
15	iProduct	1	Index	Index of Product String Descriptor
16	iSerialNumber	1	Index	Index of Serial Number String Descriptor
17	bNumConfigurations	1	Integer	Number of Possible Configurations

Configuration Descriptor

```
EFM32_ALIGN(4)
static const uint8_t configDesc[] __attribute__((aligned(4)))=
{
    /*** Configuration descriptor ***/
    USB_CONFIG_DESCSIZE, /* bLength */
    USB_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR, /* bDescriptorType */

    USB_CONFIG_DESCSIZE + /* wTotalLength (LSB) */
    USB_INTERFACE_DESCSIZE +
    USB_HID_DESCSIZE +
    (USB_ENDPOINT_DESCSIZE * NUM_EP_USED),

    (USB_CONFIG_DESCSIZE + /* wTotalLength (MSB) */
    USB_INTERFACE_DESCSIZE +
    USB_HID_DESCSIZE +
    (USB_ENDPOINT_DESCSIZE * NUM_EP_USED))>>8,

    1, /* bNumInterfaces */
    1, /* bConfigurationValue */
    0, /* iConfiguration */

#ifdef BUSPOWERED
    CONFIG_DESC_BM_RESERVED_D7, /* bmAttrib: Bus powered */
#else
    CONFIG_DESC_BM_RESERVED_D7 | /* bmAttrib: Self powered */
    CONFIG_DESC_BM_SELFPOWERED,
#endif

    CONFIG_DESC_MAXPOWER_mA( 100 ), /* bMaxPower: 100 mA */
}
```

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	Number	Size of Descriptor in Bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	Constant	Configuration Descriptor (0x02)
2	wTotalLength	2	Number	Total length in bytes of data returned
4	bNumInterfaces	1	Number	Number of Interfaces
5	bConfigurationValue	1	Number	Value to use as an argument to select this configuration
6	iConfiguration	1	Index	Index of String Descriptor describing this configuration
7	bmAttributes	1	Bitmap	D7 Reserved, set to 1. (USB 1.0 Bus Powered) D6 Self Powered D5 Remote Wakeup D4..0 Reserved, set to 0.
8	bMaxPower	1	mA	Maximum Power Consumption in 2mA units

HID Descriptors

The screenshot shows the HID Descriptor Tool (DT) window titled "Desc1.hid". The interface is divided into two main sections: "HID Items" on the left and "Report Descriptor" on the right. The "HID Items" list includes various HID-related terms, with "USAGE" currently selected. The "Report Descriptor" section displays a list of items with their corresponding hexadecimal values, such as "USAGE_PAGE (Generic Desktop) 05 01" and "USAGE (Game Pad) 09 05". At the bottom of the window, there are two buttons: "Manual Entry" and "Clear Descriptor".

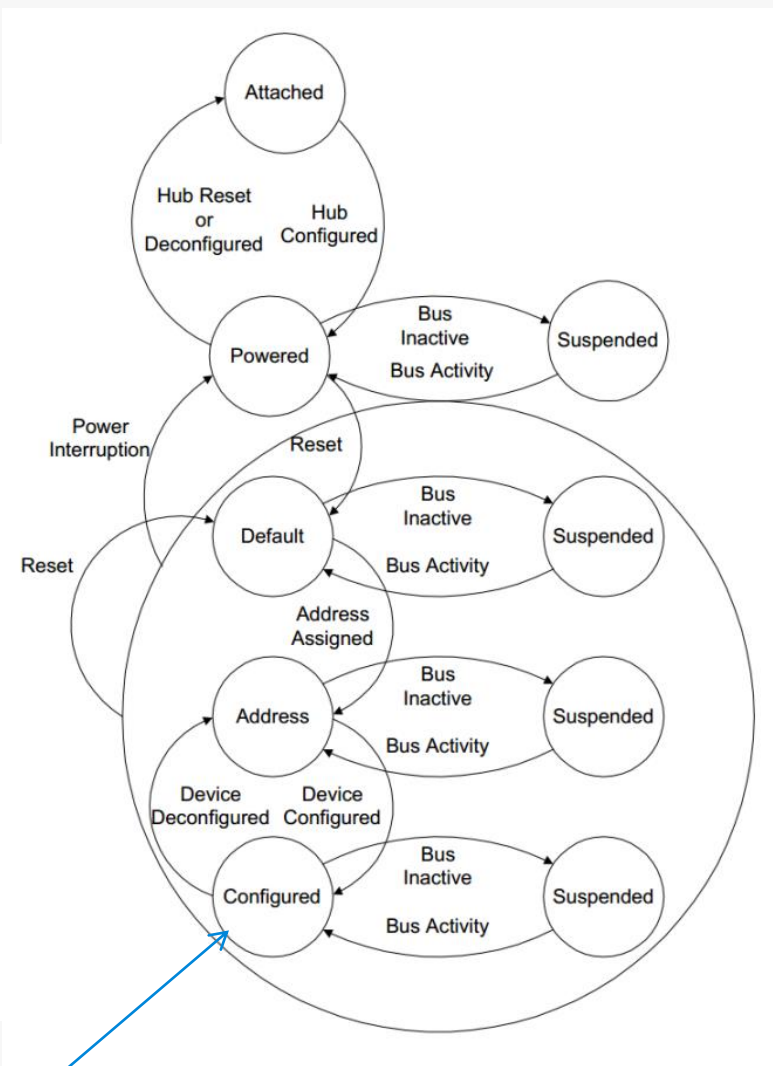
HID Items	Report Descriptor
USAGE	USAGE_PAGE (Generic Desktop) 05 01
USAGE_PAGE	USAGE (Game Pad) 09 05
USAGE_MINIMUM	COLLECTION (Application) A1 01
USAGE_MAXIMUM	COLLECTION (Physical) A1 00
DESIGNATOR_INDEX	USAGE_PAGE (Button) 05 09
DESIGNATOR_MINIMUM	USAGE_MINIMUM (Button 1) 19 01
DESIGNATOR_MAXIMUM	USAGE_MAXIMUM (Button 16) 29 10
STRING_INDEX	LOGICAL_MINIMUM (0) 15 00
STRING_MINIMUM	LOGICAL_MAXIMUM (1) 25 01
STRING_MAXIMUM	REPORT_COUNT (16) 95 10
COLLECTION	REPORT_SIZE (1) 75 01
END_COLLECTION	INPUT (Data,Var,Abs) 81 02
INPUT	USAGE_PAGE (Generic Desktop) 05 01
OUTPUT	USAGE (X) 09 30
FEATURE	USAGE (Y) 09 31
LOGICAL_MINIMUM	USAGE (Z) 09 32
LOGICAL_MAXIMUM	USAGE (Rx) 09 33
PHYSICAL_MINIMUM	LOGICAL_MINIMUM (-127) 15 81
PHYSICAL_MAXIMUM	LOGICAL_MAXIMUM (127) 25 7F
UNIT_EXPONENT	REPORT_SIZE (8) 75 08
UNIT	REPORT_COUNT (4) 95 04
REPORT_SIZE	INPUT (Data,Var,Abs) 81 02
REPORT_ID	END_COLLECTION C0
REPORT_COUNT	END_COLLECTION C0

USB State Machine

Called for every state change

```
static void StateChange(USB_D_State_TypeDef oldState,
                       USB_D_State_TypeDef newState)
{
    if (newState == USB_D_STATE_CONFIGURED)
    {
        /* We have been configured, start HID functionality ! */
        if (oldState != USB_D_STATE_SUSPENDED) /* Resume ? */
        {
            keySeqNo      = 0;
            keyPushed     = false;
            lastReportIndex = -1;
            idleRate      = DEFAULT_IDLE_RATE / 4; /* Unit is 4 millisecond. */
            GPIO_PinOutSet(ACTIVITY_LED);
            QueueInit();
        }
        USBTIMER_Start( SCAN_TIMER, SCAN_RATE, ScanTimeout);
        if ( idleRate )
        {
            USBTIMER_Start( IDLE_TIMER, idleRate * 4, IdleTimeout);
        }
    }

    else if ((oldState == USB_D_STATE_CONFIGURED) &&
            (newState != USB_D_STATE_SUSPENDED))
    {
        /* We have been de-configured, stop HID functionality */
        USBTIMER_Stop(SCAN_TIMER);
        USBTIMER_Stop(IDLE_TIMER);
        GPIO_PinOutClear(ACTIVITY_LED);
    }
}
```



Communication only possible in this state

Transmit Functions and Buffers

- API functions only initiate transfer
 - `USBD_Read()`
 - `USBD_Write()`
- Application receives callback when transfer is complete (or fails)

- All read/write buffers must be WORD (32-bit) aligned
- Buffer sizes should be rounded up to the next WORD boundary
- Buffers must be statically allocated, NOT on the stack
- Macros exist
 - `STATIC_UBUF()`
 - `UBUF()`
- Receive buffers should be rounded up to nearest maxpacket size IF host will send more data than device expects

Callbacks

- Application receives callbacks when
 - Transfers complete or fail
 - State changes
 - Connection established or lost
 - Control message received
 - Start-of-Frame received
 - Line reset received
- Only callbacks that are used needs to be implemented

Using EM2

- USB can run off LF clock when suspended or disconnected
- Application can use `USBD_SafeToEnterEM2()` to determine when it is safe to enter EM2
- Optionally the stack can enter EM2 automatically (SLEEPONEXIT)

```
/******  
 * Power saving configuration. Select low frequency  
 * clock and power saving mode.  
*****/  
  
/* Select the clock used when USB is in low power mode */  
#define USB_USBC_32kHz_CLK    USB_USBC_32kHz_CLK_LFXO  
  
/* Select the power saving mode. Enter power save on Suspend and  
 * when losing power on VBUS. Let the application handle when to  
 * enter EM2 */  
#define USB_PWRSERVE_MODE (USB_PWRSERVE_MODE_ONSUSPEND | USB_PWRSERVE_MODE_ONVBUSOFF)
```

Configuration

- USB stack is configured in
 - usbconfig.h
 - descriptors.h
- USB Stack can output debug information over UART
 - Uses retargetio.c and retargetserial.c

```
/* Enable debug output from the stack */
#define DEBUG_USB_API

/* Enable printf calls in stack */
#define USB_USE_PRINTF

/* Function declaration for the low-level printing of a
 * character. This function must be implemented by the
 * application. */
int RETARGET_WriteChar(char c);
#define USER_PUTCHAR RETARGET_WriteChar
```


Documentation

- Doxygen usb documentation
- AN0065 EFM32 as USB Device
- AN801 EFM32 as USB Host
- AN0046 USB Hardware Guidelines
- AN0042 USB-UART Bootloader
- Device and Host examples in SS
 - usbdcdc, usbhidkbd, usbdmsd ...

```
struct USB_Setup_TypeDef  
    USB Setup request package. More...  
struct USB_DeviceDescriptor_TypeDef  
    USB Device Descriptor. More...  
struct USB_ConfigurationDescriptor_TypeDef  
    USB Configuration Descriptor. More...  
struct USB_InterfaceDescriptor_TypeDef  
    USB Interface Descriptor. More...  
struct USB_EndpointDescriptor_TypeDef  
    USB Endpoint Descriptor. More...  
struct USB_StringDescriptor_TypeDef  
    USB String Descriptor. More...
```

Demo

Demo USB HID Keyboard

Hands-on LEUART

- Open training_leuart
- Set TFT in 'EFM' mode
- Fill in the missing code
 - Missing code is marked with «TODO»
- Connect USB-UART adapter
 - TX (Orange) to PC7
 - GND (Black) to GND (pin zero on any port header)
- Verify that code works
 - Only bytes from start frame to CR (enter) is printed to TFT
- Missing code
 1. Enable DMA wakeup by LEUART on RX data
 2. Define a start frame (byte)
 3. Enable RX unblock on start frame
 4. Enable RX block (two places)